HERE do England go from here, Phil Larder had experienced the deep disappointment of losing 16-8 to Australia in the 11th World Cup final at Wentbley on Saturday.

The question was wrongly pitched. The concern is where the game is going. Saturday brought to an cikl a World Cup more successful than even the most optimistic critic had predicted. But, because of the internecine strife in Australia. the sport is not necessarily in a po-sition to exploit the gains to the full. Bobby Fulton, Australia's coach,

has not attempted to score political points during the past three weeks. On Saturday night he was in a position to do so. His side had been labelied second-class because of the omission of players signed up with Rupert Murdoch's breakaway Super League. The only effective way to answer that was to win the cup.

They did so deservedly, not without moments of good fortune but in keeping with the standards of quality with which they have become synonymous since 1978. Fulton could afford to be bullish. "The ARL will not lose the court case and there will be no Super League next year," he said defiantly.

It was possibly the first time during the tournament that he had al-luded to the battle for control of the sport in Australia currently being fought in court, between the Kerry Packer backed ARL and Murdoch's



Flat out for glory . . . Tim Brasher scores the decisive try at Wembley

dangerous run of the tournament

appeared to have brought a try for

lewlove. But the winger was ad-

iudged, possibly wrongly, to have

In the second half Tony Smith

instance would have put England

put a foot in touch before releasing

Fulton's reference to the Super League dispute was a reminder that, until the issue is settled, the future of football between England and Australia is shrouded in doubt and expansion and development can be

What this World Cup has demon strated is that international football is the way forward for rugby league. If this tournament has not removed the scales from parochial eyes then

The battle on the pitch did no end as England had, with justification, hoped. The World Cup has

row does (4,3,3,2)

25 H (8)

23 Banger unfortunately goes the

24 Hint for suffering ennul - nod

26 Pointless oriental (estival (6)

2 Descriptive of a sharp drop in

4 Untidy arrangement that would

sweet production (4)

3 He shouldn't lack polish (9)

horrify Mrs Grundy (6)

1975 and they are determined to keep it, like the Ashes, in perpetuity. Its destination looked clear from the sixth minute when a blunder that may haunt Phil Clarke for the rest of his days led to the first of Australia's two tries, scored by

England never seemed to get that error out of their system even though a forceful touchdown from the dangerous Paul Newlove four minutes after half-time improved their prospects at 8-10.

Two of the game's controversial incidents went in Australia's favour, first when Martin Offiah's most

6 Meet primate about to postulate

England captain, Betts, later at nitted that his side must overcome mental hurdle if they are to co quer the world champions. "I wall ike to play Australia again becase here isn't that much between # Maybe there is a psychologically rier about winning two games in

 New Zealand's Rugby Union G liath, Jonah Loniu, celebrated & European debut with two species ular tries as his team did a N demolition job on Italy in Bologui: a one-off Test.

Lornu, the outstanding players might have been the victim of a trip, a sending-off offence, by Brad Fittler when the Castleford stand-off looked in the clear. A score in either Larder, though, put things in perspective. "A team that makes as

a World Cup final is committing eide," said the England coach, It was not only the mistakerad

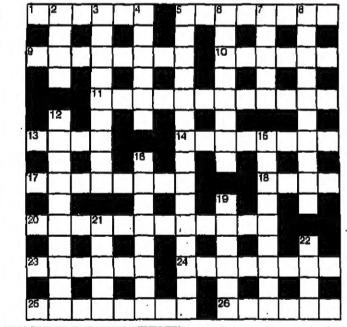
the penalties. England showed in ited imagination in trying to be lown a superb Australian defeto The route to victory could be through the pack, Larder had gedicted, but the pack were disp pointing, Betts, Clarke and Fanc hose a bad day to have their leseffective games of the tournment and little creativity stemmed from Bobby Goulding. It was all a lik-

too tight and unadventurous. Tim Brasher got the decision olms kunded his fourth goal Tie gifted Newcastle Knights some half, who has proved a Go makeshift hooker, took the Magthe Match award and deserved There was nothing secondda about him or any of his colleague.

row over them."

last summer's World Cup in Soc Africa, was spoken to briefly by it Canadian referee, George 6st jovich, after tempers ran high into first half. But he made amends als the interval with two outstance solo runs, scoring his first fromb halfway line by brushing off the many mistakes as ours and gives tackles and running the full lagt away as many penalties as we did in of the field for his second.

Cryptic crossword by Rufus



- 1 A clergyman has little right to 5 Custom legislation included in
- the cost of goods (8) 9 Complaint of untidiness (8)
- 10 Am having a nap returning to the country (6)
- 11 Fat wedge of toffee (12)
- 13 Hoax article used as a tail-piece 14 Last of the multi-tea blenders (8)

17 Two things aviators may do for a

wad of cash (8) 18 Place where cubs may be left warm and dry (4)

- Colour and leave the dance (5) 3 A comedians' outing is usually good for a laugh (5,5)
- An important part of selfexpression (10) 5 Mother dewdles and wastes th
- doctor's time (9) 6 Giving attention to gin and tonic that's drunk (8)
- 19 Pincer movement might succeed (6) 21 Fita's out of step (5)

22 A boundary gives us the lead (4

Last week's solution

Motor Racing Japanese Grand Prix

Williams spin to new fiasco

Alan Henry at Suzuka

DAMON HILL's hopes of a late-season renaissance once again collapsed in chaos when he and his Williams-Renault team-mate David Coulthard both spun out of the Japanese Grand Prix here on Sunday as Michael Schumncher equalled Nigel Mansell's record of nine wins in

Hill's nightmare began when he slid off the track in a light rain-shower while second behind Schumacher on lap 37 of the 53lap race and came into the pits for a replacement nose section to be fitted. While doing so he exceeded the pit-lane speed limit and immediately had a 10sec

stop-go penalty imposed.

He was heading back to the pits when he spun into a gravel trap and was out of the ruce.

A lap earlier, Coulthard had sand trap only to spin off for good two corners later.

To add insult to injury the stewards fined Hill \$10,000 (£6,400) for the speeding in-

With Johnny Herbert backing up Schumacher by coming home third, the Benetton team clinched the prestigious constructors' championship for the first time, ending Williams's domination of

serious challenge to Schu-macher with a terrific perfor mance in his Ferruri. Both the effervescent Frenchman and Mi team-nute Gerhard Bergerin curred 10sec stop-go penaliza for jumping the start. Yet a indically brilliant switch to slicks the wet track began to dry out saw Alesi storming back on to Schumacher's tail only 12 kps into the race, despite being pitched into a 360-degree spa when Pedro Lamy edged him to the grass as the Minard was being lapped by the Ferrark

Jean Alesi mounted the out

Alesi stayed within a couple seconds of the leading Benetic until he retired after 24 japs no a failed driveshaft joint. That pr moted Hill into second place of the Williams driver briefly well into the lead when Schumsd made his second scheduled fuelling stop on lap 31.

after making his own second stop on lap 36, Mika Hakkinen cama hom?

atrong second to produce the McLaren-Mercedes teams and convincing result of the seam Behind Herbert, Eddle Irvine Jordan-Pengeot survived 180 collisions to take fourth place

Schumacher is now aiming beat Mansell's record with 10th victory at the final race Adelaide on November 12

5 It goes on all the time (9,6) this contest since 1992. © Guardian Publications Ltd., 1995. Published by Guardian Publications Ltd., 164 Deanagate, Manchester, M60 2RR, and printed by WCP Commercial Printing, Leek.

Second class postage paid at New York, N.Y., and mailing offices. Registered as a newspaper at the Post Office.

TheGuardian

Vol 153, No 20 Week ending November 12, 1995



Israel stops in silent tribute as a throng of world leaders join family to bury assassinated leader

Agonising farewell to dead hero

Derek Brown in Jerusalem

THEY came from across the world and from the other side of war. Some were friends, others used to be foes. They came from every part of Israel and some, at the core of Israel's grief, came from a murdered man's home.

Monday's burial of Yitzhak Rabin. Israel's assassinated prime minister, was both awesome and agonising. The vast throng of sovereigns and subjects, power-brokers and presi-dents, was a stupendous backdrop. But, at the heart of it, a family was

For 24 hours, the coffin had lain in state on the forecourt of the Knesset. By midday, police estimated that a million mourners more than a fifth of Israel's population — had paid their respects.

By then Yigal Amir, the 25-year-

old Jewish student who confessed to the assassination in the wake of a peace rally in Tel Aviv last Saturday, had appeared before a magistrate in Tel Aviv to be remanded for questioning. He showed no remorse.

Meanwhile the VIPs were flowing into Jerusalem. King Hussein flew in from Jordan, to the city he lost in 1967. The prime minister of Morocco came, and President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt, and ministers from Oman, Qatar and Mauritania.

Yasser Arafat did not want to provoke controversy, so he watched the burial on television in Gaza. Yet what was happening would have been unthinkable months earlier. Arabs were coming to Jerusalem to nourn an Israeli general and leader. Officials reckoned that more than

60 countries were represented, in nearly 50 cases by their head of state or government. Israel's own tribute was even greater. On the stroke of 2pm, sirens sounded throughout the land and Israelis stopped to stand in silent tribute for

At Mount Herzl cemetery the 5,000 mourners stood beneath the pines and cypresses as the eulogies

Israel's president, Ezer Weizman, spoke, and President Mubarak, Felipe González of Spain for the Europeans, and the Russian prime he said. minister, Viktor Chernomyrdin.

The acting prime minister, Shimon Peres, was warm and generous | daughter, Noa Ben-Artzi. They to the man who was his rival for so long: "Goodbye older brother, crowd to tears. "Grandfather, you"

Malia 45c Netherlands G 4.75

DK16 Norway NK 16 FM 10 Portugal E300 FF 13 Saudi Arabia SR 6.60 DM 3.60 Spain P 300 DR 400 Sweden SK 18 L 3.000 Switzerland SF 3.30

Austria AS30
Belgium BF75
Denmark DK16
Finland FM 10
Finland FF 13
Germany DM 3.60
Greece DR 400
Itely L 3.000



iar," he pledged.

King Hussein gave a moving address in which he linked Rabin's egacy with that of his own grandfather, King Abdullah, assa in Jerusalem in 1951. "As long as I live, I will be proud to have known nim and worked with him, as a brother and a friend," he said.

Eitan Haber, who for half Mr Rabin's lifetime was his adviser. speechwriter and trusted aide, came to the lectern last, with words vrenched from his heart.

Sobbing, he reached into ocket and produced the sheet carrying lyrics to the Song of Peace which was retrieved from Rabin's lood-soaked jacket. "I want to read some words from

his page but it is hard. Your blood. Yitzhak, your blood is covering the words of the Song of Peace. The blood that ran out of your body in the last moments of your life, is between the lines, between the words,"

But the most poignant words ut-tered came from Rabin's grandreduced her and many in the huge farewell. We will continue to carry | were the pillar of fire before the | Hate breeds killer, page 15

ANC triumphs

In local elections

Russia lifts ban

on liberals

the camp, alone in the dark, and it is so cold and sad for us," she said.

"I know we are talking in terms of national tragedy, but how can you try to comfort an entire people or include it in your personal pain, when grandmother does not stop crying, and we are mute? "People greater than I have al-

ready eulogised you, but none of them was fortunate like myself to feel the caress of your warm, soft hands and the warm embrace that was just for us, or your half-smiles which will always say so much; the same smile that is no more, and froze with you. I have no feelings of are so big, too big . . .

It was unbearable, yet it had to be borne, Mrs Leah Rabin, who so stoically had received the tributes of the famous, broke down.

Swathed in a traditional shroud the coffin was lowered with mercihis voice for the last time, and it was

Oblivary, page 7

3 | America waits for the general

MPs snub Major

in sleaze vote

Israel must cleave to Rabin's legacy

COMMENT Martin Woollacott

pushes us back toward the magical. Is this the sacrifice that will bring the blessing of true peace, the blood that will seal the covenant? All that is absolutely certain is that a man has died. Other sacrifices — a Luther King, a Kennedy, a Mahatma Gandhi have not, in spite of the rhetoric of the appalled moment, advanced the causes for which those leaders had

The life of Yitzhak Rabin traced in the fullest nossible way Israel's long learning process in the Middle East. As a young soldier mustering scarce resources against formidable enemies, as a senior commander deploying Israel's military forces gainst now weak and incompetent oes, as one of those responsible for the triumphs of 1967 and 1973, Rabin's career described the same arc as that of the state of Israel. That arc went from small beginnings to an apogee of power that some thought promised permanent and untrampelled dominance in the region, and down from there in the long retreat toward an accommo dation with the Arab states and settlement with the Palestinians.

Peace is best made by those who irst made war. Only they understand the whole costs of the conflict over the years, only they, as their ives move on, can grasp the urgency of settling while more dangerous veapons are still a few years away.

Rabin's battered countenance the slow voice roughened by cigarettes and alcohol, seemed to sympolise an Israeli strength that was still great but had been croded by time and amended by a weary wisdom. Caught between the reality of terrorist action, with its endless succession of bloody surprises, and the possibility of nuclear missiles becoming part of the Syrian equation, Rabin went down the road of peace not out of any late flowering idealism but because it was a better option than the alternatives.

Rabin was no abjurer of force and no sentimentalist. His object throughout his life was to ensure the security of Israel. He was ready to the end to use lethal means, as he aresumably did when he approved the assassination of Fathi Shoani, the leader of Islamic Jihad, last month. However, he faced two realities, the first being that Israel could not indefinitely bear the costs, in particular of terrorist action, of continued full occupation of the territories. Nor ought it to risk the transition to nuclear confrontation with Syria if there was no peace deal with Damascus and if Iran and Syria Joined forces in pursuit of nuclear weapons.

For these soldierly objectives, land had to be traded. What a worn out expression the "peace process" is, an equivocation implying movement without necessary end, or a product workings of diplomacy. It might better be termed a "reality process" be cause what it involves on both sides is not a conversion to perfect peace continued on page 3

Speculation can seriously damage your private economy

But if you want to take a measured and calculated risk, Jyske Bank has an investment scheme avail-

Free Phone 0 800 378 415 or mail the coupon.

• Reduce risk by spreading the invest-

ment over several high

.Invest-Loan and

yielding currencies.

The value of investments can go down as well as up and an investor may not get back the original amount invested. Depending on the investor's currency of reference, currency fluctuations may adversely effect the value of investments.

\$ IYSKE BANK

ı	Please send me information on the	2
	Please send me information on the investment investment in Please send me information on the	1
	Please send me information on the	

No. 1	Accou	int wit	ha	ISA ca	
711-903					

Postal Code: City Talephone

'White list' betrays the victims of persecution

THE LIST of supposedly "safe" Lanka. Quite apart from our objections to any breach of the principle refugees". November 5), coupled with measures to cut benefits to most asylum-seekers, will see the complete demolition of a system put in place to protect those fleeing

Amnesty International has welldocumented accounts of the humanrights violations committed in all three countries you list. Nigeria is going through its most serious human-rights crisis in more than 30 years. More then 40,000 Algerians nave been killed since the cancelled elections in 1992 and there is a spiral of political violence. In Sri Lanka, there are continuing reports of arrest and "disappearance". It is patently ridiculous to suggest that asylum-seekers from such countries cannot have genuine claims.

The Government proclaims its commitment to the 1951 UN Convention on Refugees, but what we are seeing is a complete abdication of its responsibilities under interna-

The Government is scapegoating refugees in order to hide the failings and inefficiencies of its own department. Despite huge increases in personnel, the number of cases dealt with by the Home Office asylum division has fallen in each of the last two years. It is these inefficiencies that ministers should be addressing.

Anmesty International, London

WE ARE alarmed at the Gov-ernment's reported intention to announce a "white list" of countries, aimed at barring asylum-seekers from Nigeria, Algeria and Sri

that asylum applications should be judged on their individual merits, we would strongly oppose the inclusion of these countries in the list. The present regime in Nigeria is

among the most repressive the country has endured in the 25 years of military rule since independence. To presume that there is no general persecution in a country where political dissidents have been murdered, where detainees are tortured and four journalists have just been given 15-year prison sentences is peyond belief.

It will dismay all those inside Nigeria who were hoping for support or their demands that the sentences passed by the secret military tribunal pe quashed, and a realistic programme for the restoration of emocracy be adopted. We hope that, if the Government persists with this unfortunate proposal, it will be rejected by Parliament

Lord Avebury, Chairman, Parliamentary Human Rights Group, Rt Hon Lord Merlyn-Rees, Former Home Secretary, Tony Lloyd MP,

Labour Foreign Affairs Spokesman, Menzies Campbell MP, Lib Dem Foreign Affairs Spokesman, Jeremy Corbyn MP, Parl. Human Rights Group et al

THE Government's obligations under the UN Convention on the Status of Refugees are clear and nclude the duty to assess each asyium application on its merits. To have a presumption of safety for certain countries ousts this obligation.

People in fear of persecution will *The* Guardian

Subscribe to a more interesting point of view

The Quardian Weekly United Kingdom... Europe (Inc. Eire)..... €26.50

To: The Guardian Weekly, 164 Deansgate, Manchester M60 2RR, England Please mail The Guardian Weekly for 🔲 6 months 🔲 1 year to:-

Subscription ordered by:

Please tick if this is a renewal order 🔲 I enclose payment of £

Rest of the World......

Sterling cheque drawn on U.K. bank/Sterling Eurocheque payable to 'The Guardian Weekly' Please debit my Visa/MasterCard/American Express a/c

Cardnolder's

.... Card explry date. Credit card subscription orders, change of address advices may be sent to fax no: 0161 876 5362 (from outside Great Britain: 44 161 876 5362) I prefer not to receive promotional offers from selected companies

/EN SARO-WIWA and his col- go areas. leagues from Mosop have been | Gary Elmes, involved in a peaceful protest against | Auckland, New Zealand

for Ken and all political prisoners.

Gordon and Anita Roddick, Rt Hon

Coombes MP, Glenys Kinnock MEP,

Bill Morris, Gen Sec, TGWU, Charles

Secret, Director, Friends of the Earth

UK, Sara Parkin and four others,

Littlehampton, West Sussex

Paddy Ashdown MP, Anthony

1996 Nobel Peace Prize.

always flee. Michael Howard's pro- | the destructive way in which oil is posals will only serve to send a mesbeing extracted from the Rivers State sage to those fleeing that their claims will not be fairly considered Province of Nigeria. Given the worsening situation in by the UK government. This is likely to be a recipe for what the

Government says it is committed to

A S THE wife of an Algerian na-tional, I would like to know why,

f there is only sporadic trouble in

Algeria, as the Home Office and the

mmigration Service would have the

British public believe, the Foreign

Office has issued written instruc-

tions for British people to stay away.

Why has the embassy all but closer

down and why do the inhabitants of

Algeria have to travel to Tunisia to

AY GRANDPARENTS came to

this country as refugees from

Eastern Europe at the turn of the

century as, I guess, did Michael Howard's. Would our grandparents

have been allowed to stay under

these proposed regulations?

Ray Sylvester, Ilkeston, Derbyshire

stopping — illegal immigration.

Sarah Cooke,

apply for a visa? Aliyah Riat,

Address supplied

Nigeria I have written to the Commissioner responsible, Mr Piuhiero, asking for an urgen meeting. The overwhelming feeling within the European Parlia ment is that Nigeria should be suspended from the Lomé Convention and the second financial protocol should not apply. This would hit the Nigerian government ex-tremely hard. On top of this we

should find some way of providing financial support for communitybased development through nongovernmental organisations, so y-passing the military dictatorship. We should also support prodemocratic groups within Nigeria. Tony Cunningham MEP, Cockermouth, Cumbria

IT WOULD be a disservice to the people of Nigeria if the Commonwealth leaders meeting in New Zealand fail to suspend Nigeria. The Nigerian armed forces must be told o plain language that they can no onger have the support of the democratic world. moro Abdulai Alhassan,

Maoris and a Sending a clear culture clash signal to Lagos

A S A previous (pakeha) resident of south Auckland I am sur THE controversial trial of Ken Saro-Wiwa has been conprised at Andrew Higgins's descripdemned by human-rights organisaion of these suburbs as a ghetto tions and independent legal "Once more are warriors", Octoobservers. It is a clear breach not per 29). I have not the experience to compare the living conditions only of international law but also of Nigeria's own constitution. Amnesty with an American Indian reserva-International, Human Rights Watch tion but have had the opportunity and the Commonwealth Human to compare south Auckland with Rights Initiative have also docuareas of London or, closer to home mented the systematic abuse and western Sydney. I wonder whether laughter of the Ogoni people at the any inhabitants of these cities hands of the military, using British would consider themselves ghetto

weapons no doubt. Nor are the hands of other British While there are social problems n south Auckland I have always ousinesses clean. The trial results from the Ogonis' peaceful and effecfound the Maori and Pacific I lander residents generous and help-ful. Many of the problems I suspect tive campaign of protest against the environmental destruction and economic deprivation of the last 40 are a result of attempts to adapt the years perpetrated on them by the ingenerous, extended-family-based social culture of these people to the ternational oil companies and. particular, Royal Dutch Shell. adividualistic, materialistic culture Then came the charismatic leadof western society. ership of Ken Saro-Wiwa. He gave (Dr) Jamie Day

the Ogoni a voice. Through him Dunedin. New Zealand hundreds of groups of indigenous people have found hope in their own battles against repressive govern-ments and huge economic interests. A NDREW HIGGINS'S article His non-violent leadership has been

I paints a vivid picture of "the crime-cursec ghetto of south Auckland, as fetid a acclaimed by his nomination for the lumping ground as any India Now Ken sits on death row. His reservation. fate is in the hands of a ruthless and So, from this we now understand vicious regime. But it is a regime

that Mr Higgins has seen the film. which sits within the Common-When, I wonder, is he actually wealth. There is no place in the going to visit the place? Commonwealth for such a govern-While south Auckland undoubtment. The Commonwealth Heads of edly suffers from many of the prob-Government meeting in Auckland must make Nigeria's continued lems shared by most low-income,

embership conditional on freedom are a number of things that it lacks before it can fairly compare with the popular image of the US urban

You will not find crack cocaine available in its schools; you will not be at risk from drive-by shootings; you do not risk finding yourself in a war-zone or a police no-go area if you take a wrong turning; there are no war zones; and there are no no-

Briefly

A CCORDING to a report on Finnish radio news this moming. France has found an ally in Britain over nuclear testing in the Pacific. As we are assured that it is all very necessary, is there any possibility that we may be told who the political aggressors are? As far as I am aware, the only country frightening us with nuclear weapons is France. ably supported by Mr Major. aymond Hopkins. Cruunupyy, Finland

SHALL miss the writings of Ralph Whitlock and I am thankful to have known him through your newspaper. We are made poorer by his passing. James Linköping.

A SA ship's captain on long international voyages, I was amused to come home to the present debate on metrification

On arrival at Liverpool pilot station the third officer, a German, asked the pilots what height above the water he would like the ladder "three feet" was the immediate reply. Similarly at Le Havre (the birth place of the metric system), the Filipino second mate was told "four feet" and at Rotterdam "one to two feet". And our bureaucrats think that they can kill the imperial system. (Captain) E J Fitch. Lewes, Sussex

CURTHER to Peter Braun berger's letter (October 29) on the need for graphs of serious in juries and deaths in sports, I would point out that by far and away the most dangerous sport in the world on this basis is lawn bowls. The percentage of players who expire while participating is nothing short of staggering. It is high time all governments acted to curb this activity, and impose heavy fines on those he its adrenalin-filled delights. (Prof) Robert Willis,

donash University, Victoria, Australi

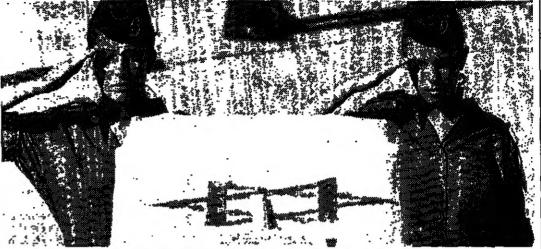
ISLINDA GRANT ("Its pay-back time," September 17) speaking in Frendian (slip of the) tongue when she postulates: "The history of cir erna is propelled forward by this we ting of the male crotic imagination is the person of chic murderesses ..." Joseph F Quinn.

GAUNT, grim and sinister This was my immediate reaction to the illustration of the new British Li brary (October 29). Is it a modern version of Dracula's castle? Did the architect deliberately design the building to repel potential readers? It has certainly succeeded with me. Phil Barton, Wellington, New Zealand

1 /x Guardian

November 12, 1995 Vol 153 No 20 Copyright © 1995 by Guerdian Publication Ltd., 119 Farringdon Road, London, Annual subscription rates are £47 (United Kingdom); £52 (Europe Inc. Eire); £55 USA Letters to the Editor and other editorial correspondence to: The Guardian Weekly 75 Farringdon Road, London EC1M 3HO. Fax: 44-171-242-0985 (UK: 0171-242 0985); e-mail: weekly@guardian.co.uk.

GUARDIAN WEEKLY



Rabin legacy must live on

Continued from page 1 but a recognition of the limits of the

Israel's large lead in conventions military power cannot protect her from terrorism, nor can her nuclear lead indefinitely postpone a mass destruction arms race. Palestinian capacity to inflict constant damage on Israel, meanwhile, could never bring any substantive "victory". These hard facts do not change be cause one leader has died.

The investment of others in peace is also large. The current Palestinian leadership would, literally, be lost without it. However imperfect the recent agreement on the second stage of the Oslo plan, it will give Yasser Arafat a tract of territory in the West Bank and an authority that can plausibly be represented as an embryo state. It ought to open wider the purses of well-wishers. The prospect has strengthened the PLO to the point where Hamas, although split, is seriously considering taking part in the new politics that will lead to elections, and even therefore neotiating with the Israelis.

The interest of the United States s obvious. To Washington's long term aim of settlement has been added the electoral importance of being able to present a trio of peace "successes", in Bosnia, the Middle

fluence, power, or money to distribute, will urge that Israel continue what Rabin has begun. The most important question is

the same as it was before Rabin's death. It is whether Israeli democracy will undermine the peace. A poll taken two months ago showed Rabin and Benjamin Netanyahu absolutely level when Israelis were asked who they would vote for in the next election, due within a year and the first in which the prime minster is to be directly elected This equal showing for the Likud

popular support for his belief that Israel must retain control over the West Bank, tell the Palestinians to forget about a state", and prepare for a long struggle with Islamist ter-rorists. What it mainly reflects is the disenchantment of Israelis with the fact that what they saw as an exchange of land for security is not delivering security. Every time Hamas or Jihad strikes, support for Likud increases. Such support is a negative reaction to what peace has brought so far rather than a positive endorsement of Greater Israel.

The problem is one of rationality. Could Israelis once again become prisoners of a failed and foolish vision? The strategy of the right in the past, when faced with Jewish violence against Jews, has been to claim that the peace process is not only mistaken but has the additional and terrible consequence of setting

East, and Ireland, Europe, Russia, Israelis against Israelis. But both main parties will use the spectre of Jewish division, even of civil war. In the short term Rabin will be honoured by a continuation of his policy, and by support for Shimon Peres, who is as responsible for the peace policy as Rabin, if not more so.

In the longer term, the mood of laraelis is more difficult to predict. Will it focus on the avoidance of intra-Jewish conflict or could it permit what was not possible before, a real assault on the twin problems of right extremism and the settlements? Will Israelis react to terrorist bombs by voting for a return to a eader does not reflect widespread Greater Israel, or will they see what Rabin saw, that security is the final result of the movement toward peace, not one of its first fruits?

Israell and Palestinian societies constitute what one Israeli scholar has called "intimate enemies". The appeal of the peace process was and is that the enemies would end their angerous intimacy by dividing the and, and could then get on with their separate lives. The conquest of the territories,

Rabin told his soldiers in 1967 "was not handed to us on a silver platter: you have achieved it soaked in blood and sweat". It fell to Rabin to hand some of those territories back, in part because there was no end to that blood and sweat. The best chance for Rabin's legacy is that isaelis will continue to recognise that separating from Palestinians is far less dangerous than continuing to try to rule them.

ANC triumphs in South African poll

Rich Mkhondo in Johannesburg

ELSON MANDELA'S ruling (ANC) won too much power for comfort in South Africa's first democratic local government elections last week, political analysts said on

They said the ANC's overwhelming victory could propel South Africa along the same road as neighbouring Namibia and Zimbabwe where lone parties hold most, if not

"Democracy is a good thing. But oo much power stifles debate, competence, breeds arrogance and could delay development," said Sipho Maseko, a political science

Phil Mtimkulu, a political analyst, aid: "The ANC has no real strong opposition. We are heading toward: a de facto one party state, which inot a good thing for the country." Mr Mtimkulu, a political science

ecturer at the University of South Africa, said the first democratic local polls had broadened the ANC's support base, despite its difficulties in delivering on promises to the people since it took power 18

Election monitors said with less han 10 per cent of the total votes still to be tallied from the municipal elections, the ANC had romped home with more than 71 per cent. The former ruling National Party was second, polling just over 20

The ANC is expecting to increase areas, where it enjoys strong sup-

Analysts say even though propor tional representation was used during the last week's poll, giving small parties a chance, the ANC has

scored a convincing win.
Mr Maseko said the ANC had shrugged off criticism of failing to ieliver on last year's promises to create a better life for the country's black majority by persuading voters

to give it a second chance. "Issues delivery did not feature in the run-up to the election. The campaign was about national is-

The ANC took nearly 63 per cent of the vote in South Africa's first allrace elections in April 1994 which ended white minority rule.

The ANC has wrested control of every major city and town, except central Pretoria where the National Party of former president, now deputy president, FW de Klerk beat the ANC by one seat.

The rightist Freedom Front, which had campaigned for an Afrikaner homeland, made a good showing, taking 5 per cent of the local vote compared with last year's national 2.2 per cent.

The more hardline Conservative Party failed to win any ground. Analysts said the right wing's overall performance proved the lie that there was overwhelming support among whites for a separate Afrikaner homeland.

The ANC's most implacable foe, the Zulu-based Inkatha Freedom Party, won 0.5 per cent, although the result was distorted because elections in the party's heartland province, KwaZulu-Natal, have been postponed until next year because of demarcation disputes.

The analysts said after the KwaZulu-Natal poll, expected in March, the ANC's overall share of the national vote is expected to slip back somewhat. - Reuter

 Mr Mandela is under pressure at home and abroad to take a strong stand against Nigeria's military dic tatorship at the first Commonwealth summit since South Africa was re admitted, writes Chris McGreal is Johannesburg.
Two Nobel laureates, Desmont

Tutu and Wole Soyinka, are among those who have told the South African president he has a moral obligation to lead the Commonwealth against the perpetual military governments in Africa's most

PLO opens talks with Hamas | Ogoni fear mutes protest | Maoris get

Derek Brown in Jerusalem

DELICATE negotiations are under way between the Palestine Liberation Organisation and the main Palestinian Islamist militant movement, Hamas, which could transform the prospects for next year's unprecedented elections in

the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.
As Israel redeploys its occupation forces in the West Bank, the PLO's authority is slowly expanding to cover the main towns. For that to continue, and to consolidate his hold on power, the PLO chairman main rivals.

The self-rule Palestine Authority is seeking to persuade Hamas to call off its military campaign against Is-rael and join the Palestinian mainstream. Already, PLO and Hamas officials have met discreetly to discuss a rapprochement and to boost the contacts, and Mr Arafat has or- | wants peace to consolidate its grip dered the release of several Hamss on the West Bank, Israel has left no

most support, to travel to Khartoum for talks with exiled leaders. Another delegation is expected to go to Sudan later this month to discuss the formation of a party to run in the Palestinian elections.

In another sign of reconciliation, Mr Arafat and Israel allowed Imad Falouji, a leading spokesman for Hamas in Gaza and the editor of the group's weekly paper, al-Watan, to travel to Amman for last week's eco-

Mr Falouji is a relative moderate who represents the Hamas wing eager to play a role in building come to political terms with his | Palestinian political and other insti- | Ogoni People (Mosop) and detutions. But other, much more mili- nies involvement. Eight others tant, Hamas tendencles may not countenance any deal with the PLO, let alone a ceasefire in the war against Israel. A formal split in Hamas could be

ominous for Israel and for the Palestine Authority, which desperately doubt that if Hamas resumes its mil-Israel has quietly helped by allowing a Hamas delegation from the could be slowed or even halted.

and Richard Norton-Taylor

EMBERS of Ken Saro-Wiwa's minority rights group last week reacted to his death sentence only with words, too afraid to demonstrate their anger publicly in the face of security forces on their land and more vrests of their neighbours.

The Nigerian author and rusader was sentenced on uesday last week for complicit in last year's murders of four Ogoni chiefs. He is president of the Movement for Survival of were sentenced to death.

"There is serious fear in the area," said one Mosop member who declined to give his name. "Some people are migrating to other parts of the land."

He said Ogonis were harassed at roadblocks and dozens of them were detained prior to Mr Saro-Wiwa's sentencing. Independent sources did not give a figure but said more

Ogonis had been arrested and

The Civil Liberties Organisation last week called he death sentence "a travesty o ustice" and said the verdict made a mockery of vows by Nigeria's military rulers to respect the rule of law. "The entire trial was riddled with procedura irregularities in a curlous display of force and intimidation which manifested a clear bias against Saro-Wiwa and others.

It demanded a new trial." For the past several years the mpoverished Ogonis have been fighting for rights to petroleum revenues and compensation for environmental damage caused by the Shell oil company.

the group said in a statement.

Shell said it did not foresee a quick return to Ogoniland. "We' vill not go back there until there is mutual trust between us and the local community," said a Shell spokesman, Chris Folarin Williams.

Washington Post, page 15

royal apology

THE QUEEN last week signed legislation giving the Maoris an apology for a "wrongful and unjust" land grab by whites in the 1860s.

The apology, part of a land claim settlement with the Waikato tribe expressed "profound regret" for pasi plunder and promises to "atone for these acknowledged injustices so far as that is now possible". It also admitted that Britain had violated the terms of the Waltangi Treaty of 1840 between Queen Victoria's representative and tribal chiefs.

Some Maoris had demande royal visit to Waikato tribal lands south of Auckland as a sign of penitence, but Buckingham Palace resisted the idea. Some people expect her to come and grovel in person for her ancestors," Bot Mahuta, the Walkato chief negotia-tor, said. "We don't want that. We just want her signature," All New Zealand legislation mus

bear the signature of either the Queen or her representative, the governor general, Dame Catherine Tizard.

GERMANY has become a major weapons exporter, far surpassing France and Britain in most categories and exceeding the US in several, according to a UN arms register.

RENCH police discovered a terrorist bomb-making factory near the northern city of Lille during a pre-dawn raid soon after arresting an Algerian suspected of having organised the bombing wave that has killed seven and injured nearly 200,

BRIAN LENIHAN, who held seven cabinet posts in a variety of Fianna Fail governments in Ireland over nearly 30 years, has died at the age of 64.

TALY and Jewish groups wel-comed the Argentine supreme court's decision to extradite the former Nazi SS captain Erich Priebke to face trial for crimes against humanity.

OROCCO has become the world's leading cannabis exporter and income from an apparently officially sanctioned drugs trade is its main source of foreign exchange, according to a report by the Paris-based Geopolitical Drug Watch.

A ID WORKERS in Burundi said that they had counted 103 fresh graves at a massacre site in the north of the country.

C OLOMBIA'S president, Ernesto Samper, declared a nationwide state of emergency after Alvaro Gomez Hurtado, a veteran political leader and three-time candidate for the presidency, was assassinated in the capital, Bogota.

NE US serviceman pleaded guilty to raping a 12-yearold girl on Okinawa and two others admitted lesser charges in a case that has raised questions about the future of US military bases in Japan.

B URMA'S military government is using forced labour to clean up the country to prepare for next year's campaign to encourage international tourism, according to a UN report.

ODERN Italy's most emi-nent statesman, Giulio Andreotti, already on trial for shielding the Sicilian Mafia, learned that he had been indicted for the murder of a journalist 16 years ago.

HE US is refusing to support the candidate for Nato secretary-general favoured by most of its European allies - the former Dutch prime minster, Ruud Lubbers.



Men on parade . . . Soldiers of the Croatian army's 'Tiger' brigade mark their fifth anniversary with a march through the capital, Zagreb

War crimes jeopardise Bosnia peace talks

Ed Vulliamy in Washington

THE Bosnian peace talks are in danger of collapsing over the fate of two Serb leaders already indicted on war crime charges, an official close to the talks said on Monday.

A new draft constitution for Bosnia put before leaders of the warring parties at the summit in Dayton, Ohio, includes a clause which entitles any citizen to seek elective office "except a person was reportedly digging in its heels | Srebrenica.

the International Tribunal for Former Yugoslavia".

This would --- ban - Radovan Karadzic, the Bosnian Serb leader, from holding office. The draft also contains a condition that would lead to Dr Karadzic, Ratko Mladic, the Serbs' military leader, and 41 others being handed over for trial by the

under indictment, or convicted by, over Bosnian and US demands that both Dr Karadzic and General Mladic stand down as part of a peace pact, and was only prepared to oust them if found guilty by the

There are 42 Bosnian Serbs and one Croat thus far indicted for war and in bullock carts towards the There are 42 Bosnian Serbs and crimes in The Hague, but only one east. An acute shortage of medin custody. Twenty more indictments are in the pipeline, with more expected over the fall of

Russia's liberals rejoin poll

James Meek in Moscow

AMPAIGNING began in earnest this week for Russian parliamentary elections, after the supreme court allowed the banned liberal reformist movement, Yabloko, to rejoin the race.

Before the decision at the weekend, political debate had focused on whether the elections would take place at all. Now they are virtually certain to be held on December 17. "There is still hope for democracy

n Russia," sald Yabloko's leader, Grigory Yavlinsky, who had blamed shadowy Kremlin puppet-masters bent on sabotaging the polls for the electoral commission's refusal to register his party.

Gennady Zyuganov, set the tone for a key election rally to denounce the

from a 62 per cent turnout.

quiet," Mr Zyuganov said last week. Opinion polls put the Communis Party well ahead of other leading groups in the run-up to the election. With Boris Yeltsin looking

weaker than ever, and the duma playing the key role in appointing the prime minister who would succeed the president if he became incapacitated or died, the six or seven parties capable of breaking through the 5 per cent barrier to win seats have far more to play for than before Mr Yeltsin's heart

Uncertainty about who was really running the country continued a Mr Yeltsin's staff to play down any handover of power to the prime minister, Viktor Chernomyrdin.

Both the president's chief spokesman, Sergei Medvedev, and Mr Chernomyrdin denied that there

Pavel Grachev, and Mr Yeltsin die not take place as scheduled. Gen Grachev and Mr Cher-

nomyrdin appeared together at an event for war veterans at the Bolshoi theatre. Earlier Gen Grachev had been quoted as saying he expected to discuss with Mr Yeltsin the position Moscow would take in talks with the United States this week about Russian participation in the Bosnian neacekeeping force.

It was previously thought that Mr Yeltsin's close aides, particularly the security chief, Alexander Korzhakov, and senior assistant Victor Hyushin, were taking decisions and issuing orders. It would require more skill and

nfluence than that so far shown by Mr Chernomyrdin to win those Yeltsin loyalists over to his side. particularly when the political party he leads, Our Home Is Russia, is was because the bloodiest fighting

Sri Lanka curbs aid to Tamils

Suzanne Goldenburg in Colombo

SRI LANKA said on Monday it would ban international agencies from independently aiding tens of thousands of Tamil refugees be cause of fears that some were no

"We do not intend to permit an outside agencies, including the United Nations itself, to carry out independent operations," the fa-eign minister, Lakshman Kadiga-

International relief organisations that want to provide food, medicine and roofing materials to refuges who fled the army offensive would have to work through the govern-

ment, he said.
Up to 500,000 Tamils have fel the northern Jaffna peninsula as the army intensifies its attack on Tani Tiger rebels. Officials have said

many face starvation or disease. Officials and aid workers have described scenes of atter mism. with elderly men, women and the cines, coupled with the arrival of the monsoon, means there is a scrips threat of disease in the makeshill and overcrowded camps.

in the two-week assault on the Tamil Tiger mini-state - the most sustained and punishing onslaugh on the rebels in 12 years of war -Jalina is the ultimate prize, not so much for its military importance but as a symbol of Tamil independence.

The military claimed last week that nearly 1,000 Tigers had been killed and 3,000 wounded during the offensive, against its own losses of 220 dead and nearly 540 injured. The figures could not be independently confirmed, though the Tiger estimate of losses is lower. Without Jaffna, Tiger claims is

rule a de facto homeland crumble But while government forces had punched their way to within three miles of the now largely descried town last week, they did not appear to be advancing, Instead, soldier are moving around the perimeters of Jaffna in an effort to secure rosis leading to the town.

Brigadier Sarath Munasinghe, sa the slowing down of the advance government's social and economic policies. "Without social justice our planned meeting in hospital becountry will never know peace and tween the defence minister, General country will never know peace and count

Shevardnadze sweeps back | Walesa tipped to win

THE GEORGIAN leader, Eduard
Shevardnadze, swept back to
power in presidential elections in
his troubled homeland early on
his troubled homeland homeland homeland homeland homeland homeland homeland homeland homeland h Monday after a one-sided but often | major government reahuffle is exvitriolic campaign, writes Andrew pected to follow.

Harding in Tbilisi. Another piece Another piece of unfinished busi-The former Soviet foreign minis-

ness is the fate of the controversial ter's aides declared victory with Georgian warlord, Jaba Iofeliani, who has been linked by the authoriaround three-quarters of the vote ties to a huge car bomb attack last That preliminary result, which August that slightly injured Mr Shevardnadze. Security sources in was confirmed by the central election commission, gives Mr Shevard- Tbilisi said a warrant for Mr Iofenadze another five years in power — liani's arrest had been prepared, this time in the new role of president, and that prosecutors were waiting as opposed to his previous incarna- to see whether he would retain his tion as parliamentary chairman. | parliamentary seat.

eventual winner, writes Matthew Walesa has captured 33.5 per cell Brzezinski in Warsaw.

Mr Walesa, who only a few challenger's 34.8 per cent-months ago had been advised to retire because of his dismal standing, now has considerable momentum behind him as he heads into the forces are expected to boost the runoff round against the reformed president's standing. Three forms communist candidate, Aleksander kwasniewski, leader of the Democratic Left Alliance ratic Left Alliance.

of the vote to the young leftwing

But few were paying attention the shortfall, because during the second round, more anti-communis Already on Monday he had won the support of the biggest opposition of the biggest opposition of the defeated care and the support of the biggest opposition of the defeated care and the support of the biggest opposition of the defeated care and the support of the biggest opposition of the defeated care and the support of the biggest opposition of the defeated care and the support of the biggest opposition opposition of the biggest opposition oppositio the support of the biggest opposi- didates from the centre-right are tion party, the centrist Union for | pected to follow suit.

Killing bodes ill for Algerian elections

David Hirst in Algiere

GUARDIAN WEEKLY November 12 1995

T IS champagne for breakfast aboard Air Algérie's once-weekly flight from Beirut. That might seem a bit unreal for

the national carrier of a country plunged in a graesome civil war, but it is perhaps not surprising. Other Arab countries with an Islamist threat on their hands have banned alcohol on their airliners, at least when they are routed to another Islamic capital. But, it would seem, the embattled Algerian regime has no illusions that such petty, cosmetic hypocrisies would help stem their ferocious, fundamentalist insurrection.

The champagne is in first-class. But even if you have a second-class ticket, it is first class you travel if you happen to be a journalist specially admitted to cover the "presidential election" which the regime is staging on November 16 in an attempt to prove its democratic credentials.

Algiers airport, with not a single foreign airliner on the tarmac, at-

tests to the deepening isolation. The police escort to the Dinash notel showed up three hours late. Colonel Jamal Kadim and his men arrived in ordinary cars without official insignia. They take us at high speed into the city, whizzing through roadblocks. They murmur among themselves about avoiding the "hot" neighbourhoods where Islamists are strong.
Is this not a shade theatrical? So

normal does Algiers appear, with its crowds of shoppers and rush-hour jams. And so out of place does politics, let alone violence, seem in this. one of the world's most splendid port cities.

There is no sign of electoral fer-vour; indeed, little sign of an election at all. The four candidates' posters are less than electrifying. President Lamine Zeroual's says: "Let us build Algeria together." The fiercely anti-Islamist Said Saadi can think of nothing more exciting than his own portrait and "With You" as its slogan. The moderate Islamist, Mah-fouz Nahneh, chooses Arabic, not French, to urge "The solution today, not tomorrow." The fourth candi date seems to have no slogan at all. It is hard to believe that up to

50,000 people have died, often atro ciously, in the less than three years since the Islamist uprising began.
Yet even in the splendid Djazair hotel any sense of tranquillity is an illusion; the round-the-clock guard

on this foreigners' fortress has been much increased in recent months. And my very first, attempted rendezvous furnished tragic proof that

Col Kadim's precautions are not so exaggerated. Near the Djazair is the headquarters of the Front des Forces Socialistes, a party that speaks clearly for reason and moderation in a country in desperate need of them. One of the men I wanted to you know," said an official, "that he was assassinated this morning?" But it was not just another murder-

ous Algerian statistic. It was the first time so high-ranking a member of this middle-of-the-road, consensus minded party has been targeted. And in the newspapers it loomed far larger and ominously than that other one, in Israel, which has so dismayed the rest of the world.

islamists held, page 11

Egypt shuts out Brotherhood | brutal secret police -- the Brotherhood |

ian Black in Cairo

its exclusion have been on display at a desert military court where 80 al-HOUGH the fundamentalists who once murdered tourists and policemen in the capital leged Brothers face charges of incitement and of belonging to an illegal organisation. Prosecutors have raised gales of laughter with are holed up in remote villages, armed guards are still normal fixtures outside Cairo's grimy govern-ment buildings as President Hosni Mubarak tackles the moderate Issurveillance films that show only the backs of defendants, and tapes that reveal nothing more subversive than talk about the coming polls. lamists some say he fears even more. In the ruling National Democratic But this is serious business: Judge Party (NDP) offices, preparations are under way for what Mr Mubarak Ahmed Gaballah has already sent 20 militants of the al-Gama'a al-

promises will be Egypt's freest and fairest election: on November 29 the Islamiya to the gallows. The Brothers are part of Egyptian national assembly's 444 seats will be history; disciplined and secretive, they were crushed under Nasser, up for grabs - by any party except while Sadat played them off against the Muslim Brotherhood.

Since September, the reasons for | the left. In recent years they have openly and to contest elections under the "cover" of other parties. But after the attempt on his life in Ethiopia in June, Mr Mubarak has cracked down hard. "Mubarak is more afraid of the moderates than the extremists," argues one leftwing writer, Muhammad Sid Ahmed. "He

> The president's supporters reject the suggestion that the smart thing would be to co-opt the Islamists, as has been done successfully in Jordan. Turkey and Kuwait. Egyptian circumstances, they argue, are different.

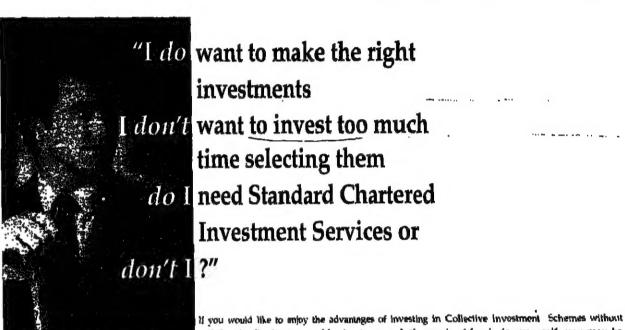
sees them as the Trojan horse."

Yet unlike the terrorist groups beaten by good intelligence and a

lies in the urban lower middle classes and the professional syndi-cates, and it has a reputation for being honest, with a strong if simple message: "Islam is the solution,"

Contempt for the government is common. And Egypt has enormous economic problems, compounded by staggering population growth of 1 million children every 10 months. Unemployment is 20 per cent. In such conditions, the fear of political radicalism is obvious.

Yet even as the election banners go up. Egyptians seem spathetic and say the outcome is a foregone con-clusion. No one imagines the NDP's vote can fall much below 70 per cent. "Otherwise," says a Cairo journalist, "there will be a perception that its power is slipping."



suffering the disadvantages of having to research thousands of funds for yourself, you may be interested in a brand new service from Standard Chartered Bank.

INTRODUCING STANDARD CHARTERED INVESTMENT SERVICES

Standard Chartered Investment Services will relieve you of nearly all the time and effort involved in researching and selecting the right

First, we have analysed more than 7,000 Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds from around the world, to identify the funds that are over US\$10 million in size, with a past performance record of at least three years, and a high level of liquidity.

Next, we've reviewed these qualifying funds very carefully and only the funds that have provided the best returns relative to their levels of risk make it to the final short list.

The ultimate choice of which funds to invest in, of course, is up to you.

And we've even made that easier, by creating a unique Risk-Profile questionnaire. This allows you to calculate your own personal risk level, match it against the funds on the short list, and select the funds that are exactly right for you.

Once you've made your choice, we'll help you buy and sell, and will even hold your investments in safe custody on your behalf. Like all aspects of our Investment Services, these benefits are provided absolutely free of charge. So we hope that, having considered

the question we've posed above, you'll want to say 'I do'. For more information about our investment Services - or about our other accounts and services - please return the coupon below to:

Standard Chartered Bank (Cl) Ltd, PO Box 830, St Heller, Jersey JE4 OUF. Or, call Mrs Beverley Le Cuirot on Jersey +44 (0)1534 507001. The principal place of business of Standard Chartered Bank (CI) Limited is Jersey, and its paid-up capital and reserves exceed £30 million. Copies of the latest audited accounts are available on request.

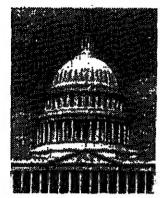
Deposits made with the office of Standard Chartered Bank (CI) Limited in Jersey are not covered by the Deposit Protection Scheme under the UK Banking Act 1987. Jersey is not part of the UK.

The issue of this advertisement in the UK has been approved by Standard Chartered Bank, London, a member of IMRO and SFA Please note however that business with Standard Chartered Bank (Cl) Limited and with other Standard Chartered Group offices outside the UK is not eligible for (a) all or most of the protections provided under the UK's Financial Services Act or (b) compensation under the UK's Investors' Compensation Scheme. Minimum investment C1,000 for currency equivalent).

Jersey +44 (0)1534 507001. Pax: +44 (0)1534 507112. I Do [] I Don't [] Do you require more information about Standard Chartered Investment Services? Do you require more information about our other offshore accounts and services? I Do D | Don't D How much capital are you considering investing?

To Mrs Beyerley Le Cuirot, Standard Chartered Bank (CI) Ltd, PO Box 830, Conway Street, St Heller, Jersey JB4 OUF, Channel Islands. Telephone:

Standard & Chartered Communication of the state of the st



The US this week

Martin Walker

OLIN POWELL has a lot to answer for. This should have been a vintage week for American politics. Ross Perot's new third party succeeded-in get-ting on to the ballot in California, and will thus be a force to be reck-Oned with in next year's elections. The Ayatollaha of the Republican revolution in the House have passed their budget. The Imams of the Senate are wrestling with their slightly milder version of the great rollback of what Speaker Newt Gingrich condemns as "the liberal welfare state".

President Clinton found sufficient backbone to tell them both that they would have to await a Republican White House to get their draconian measures past his veto. He also reverted to type, telephoning the author of an interesting new book called Values Matter Most. the neo-conservative scholar Ben Wattenbrug, to think aloud for an

Mr Clinton bemoaned the way that in his first two years he had acted "like a prime minister, not a president", and had "lost the language" of that moderate "new Democrat" ideology on which he had been elected. He had become "so anxious about the economy he had changed philosophically and missed the boat", the president opined, sounding for all the world like a man on a psychiatrist's couch.

At the same time, Ulster Unionists had their first session with Mr Clinton in the White House. The Canadian neighbour to the north appears to be plunged into a separatist anguish for the foreseeable future. and Bosnian peace talks got under way in the sealed environs of the US Air Force's Wright-Patterson Field. Just to put world events into a US perspective, it is worth noting that last year's wage bill at this single airbase, at \$869 million, was rather more than the entire gross domestic

But none of this really gripped America's political classes, who are all waiting for Colin. The Republican candidates are tearing out their collective hair in frustration. The headlines should be theirs. Pat Buchanan finally slipped ahead of the field in all the polls, running a distant but still intriguing second to Bob Dole, and outdid Senator Phil Gramm in fund-raising. Mr Dole boasted that he had been against Medicare in the very beginning, back in 1966, so nobody had better question his conservative credentials. The Christian Coalition showed its muscle by pushing through Congress a new bill that would declare a doctor who performed a late abortion a criminal, the first such legislative change since the Supreme Court first legalised abortion two decades ago.

But the real news is reserved for Powellmania. A coalition of conservative groups held a press conference to warn that they could not support that dangerous liberal, General Powell. Gary Bauer of the Famly Research Council dismissed him with the ultimate insult, as "Bill Clinton with ribbons", Mr Buchanan warned that if Colin Powell were to join the Republicans, then he might bolt the party and could even run an America-First, Stop-Abortion, Protectionist camoaign against him. Even the medical history of Gen

Powell's wife Alma has become significant, another of the runes and entrails to be read by political observers. She has been treated for depression, making her the poten-tial Kitty Dukakis of 1996. So runs the lever. The right-wing gadily P J vatism is about the freedom to speed down the highway in a convertible, smoking a cigar and sipping a highball, while a teenage blonde in the passenger seat starts to slip off her tube top, is now firmly predicting that Powell will run and will win. His evidence appears based on the fact that in every bookstore where Mr O'Rourke has been plugging his latest book, Gen Powell outsold him by 10, or was it 100, books to one.

Waiting for Colin has assumed an uncannily sexual connotation. This is more than foreplay; it is vote-teasing. The general cancelled all his speaking engagements for two weeks, to wrestle with his big decision. His son lets it be known that he is sure daddy will run. His wife tells her friends that she prays he won't. Old military colleagues assure us that Gen Powell will announce on Veterans' Day, November 11. The political cognoscenti ridicule the very idea of announcing

on a Saturday.
William Kristol is the son of the founding couple of neo-conservatisin, father Irving and mother Gertrude Himmelfarb. He became chief of staff to vice-president Dan Quayle and now edits Rupert Murdoch's latest (\$54 million) investment, the new and rather disappointing conservative weekly The Standard, Mr Kristol asserts that Gen Powell will announce on the eve of Thanksgiving, probably on November 19 or 20, as the Republican governors convene in New

All eyes are now turned to the Powellites, the men around the general. His closest white friend is Richard Armitage, former assistant secretary of defence for international security. In his book, Powell calls him his "mentor and confidant. my brother". But Mr Armitage is the object of a particular vendetta by Ross Perot, who blames him personally for scuppering Mr Perot's attempt to wrest some presumed US prisoners of war from Vietnamese clutches. Dark rumours are afoot, of Mr Armitage's role in the Iran-Contra affair. Certainly he was in Iran at ready answered these charges, in a

tary of housing. Devoted to the free

nia who sought to deny education

likely to give Gen Powell some polit-

selves only half-conservatives a

these matters are measured in 1995.

sterner stuff, requiring absolute op

position to abortion, gun control, il

legal immigrants, and almost

absolute antipathy to taxes and the

for a moment," said the conserva

in the Iran-Contra affair that almost

wanted to know for a long time -

federal government.

Powell movement.

Desert Storm,"

among fiscal conservatives.

copies of which are now whirling from Washington fax machines.

Then there is Ken Duberstein, former White House chief of staff to ing to Gen Powell, the man who ran the shop best, at a time when Powell was national security adviser. "He had achieved the smoothest, most congenial operation I had seen during the Reagan years," Gen Powell's book records. But Mr Duberstein is now rather better known in Washington for his heroic efforts on behalf of the controversial black Supreme Court justice, Clarence Thomas, Mr. Duberstein ran the whole operation, coaching Justice Thomas for his Senate confirmation hearings, rallying the Republicans to discredit Dr Anita Hill and her account of Justice

Thomas's sexual harassment. Few liberals will ever forgive Mr Duberstein his Machiavellian ways. But few conservatives will ever for give him for running the same operation on behalf of that other Supreme Court justice, David uter. Appointed as a sound and Puritan conservative from new Hamoshire. Justice Souter has since proved to be a thoughtfully unpre-dictable moderate, and the anti-

Powell's son is sure daddy will run. His wife tells friends that she prays he won't

abortion lobby on the right blames him personally for the continued legality of the practice.

Rather more discreetly in Powell's corner is his old boss, former President George Bush. Along with his vice-president Dan Quayle, Mr Bush has taken the usual oath to endorse no Republican candidate until the nomination is won, but then to support the party's nominee. Nobody has believed this since Mr Bush invited his old Gulf war comrade-in-arms to the family home at Kennebunkport this July, so that Barbara Bush could try to persuade Alma Powell that life in the White

House was not so bad after all. Gen Powell's other little helpers include his old boss at the Pentagon, Caspar Weinberger, knighted an interesting time. But he has al- by the Queen for his services in the Falklands war, and pardoned by Mr four-page pamphlet titled Fiction-alised Accounts Of Richard L Ar-ties he may have committed before mitage In Southeast Asia And Iran, I the Iran-Contra inquiry.

Of rather more political signifilonely White House outpost again cance, because they could become the rampaging congressional major credible vice-presidential candiity of the other party. But despite its majority, that other party was fatally dates, are the former education secretary and drug tsar, William Bennet, now a persenting author of an deliberately old-fashioned and divided. In Eisenhower's day, the De then called the Negro question, with the Southern Democrats against civi improving tome on virtues, and the old darling of the right, Jack Kemp. rights and desegregation of schools legendary football player in his Nixon's day, the Democrats were day, Mr Kemp became a congressdivided by their attitudes to the the man, a failed presidential candidate

BE GENTLE WITHME

NOW, COLIN !!

in 1988, and then Mr Bush's secre-Now we have President Clinton rying to slow the Republican revo market and to the gold standard, Mr ution, but the Republicans are Kemp enjoys a devoted following hemselves divided over how fa they can take their assault on the To their credit, both Mr Kemp old liberal and welfare state, and reand Mr Bennet campaigned against place it with Newt Gingrich's vision the social conservatives in Califorof the conservative opportunity society. If a Bosnian peace agreement and medical services to children of reached, and Mr Clinton sucimmigrants who could not prove ceeds in getting some grudging they were legal residents. And here congressional support to sen s the problem. The two men most 20,000 US troops to join the promised Nato peacekeeping force, ical cover on the right are themthen the echoes of the Nixon era may become even more pronounced, It will not take much snip t is not enough to be a fiscal coning along the heights above Sarajevo, or more than the old skirservative, not even enough to stand up as Mr Bennet does for old-fashmish near Banja Luka, to make the well-intentioned Bosnian expedition oned family values and civic virtues. The new right is made of into a wretched and unpopula quagnire of a war.

But then Mr Clinton is appearing nore and more as the Richard Nixon of his party. There has always been a parallel between Tricky Those conservatives who have Dicky and Slick Willie, and th supported Colin Powell have taken loathing each man inspires in the eave of their senses. If he were a opposition is matched by a strong white general esponsing these degree of discomfort in the loyalties views, they would not support him

Mr Clinton's telephone musing

tive activist Morton Blackwell, to Mr Wattenberg, like his incartious apology to rich Texas fundannouncing the right's new Stopraisers last month that he had "This guy is not a Republican," snapped Oliver North, still a hero "raised taxes too much", dismay the Democrats. Certainly he appears to on the right despite his central role be doing a feebler job of slowing the toppled President Reagan, and dedents Eisenhower and Nixon did spite his defeat in last November's dilute the Democratic reforms of Senate race in Virginia. "I hope their day. Doubtless he will use the Powell lays himself bare so we can veto weapon against the Republica budget: to hearten the Democrats get some of the answers we have to show his steel; because the pop his real role in the Iran-Contra afsay that national opinion is turning fair; his real role in the cover-up of strongly against the breathtaking Republican double of cutting the My Lai massacre in Vietnam; his role in what was done to prevent Medicare to pay for tax cuts; and perhaps even because he believes One way to understand the politihe should. Mr Clinton being M cal complications now at work is to Clinton, all of these will play a part think back to the days of Elsenhower in his calculations, but so will out and Nixon in the 1950s and after more consideration; along with everyone else, the president la wall 1968. Then, too, a president of one weak and dispirited party held the ling for Colin.

Man of war who negotiated peace From 1964-68, Mr Rabin was IDF Chief of Staff. He saw his principal

Yitzhak Rabin

HE assassination of Yitzhak Rabin, Labour Party leader and prime minister of Israel, at the age of 73, robs his country of an outstanding soldier-statesman.

A former chief of staff, hero o the June 1967 war and a nationalist of impeccable credentials, Mr Rabin devoted his second term as prime minister (from July 1992) to bringing about peace between Israel and its Arab opponents. His assassination represents a major blow to his party and country - and also to the process of peacemaking in the Middle East.

Mr Rabin was at the centre of many of Israel's military and politienl events for three decades. Although cold and dour in demeanour, he often heated controersy, not least by recognising the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and accepting the principle of Palestinian self-government in September 1993. He overturned almost three decades of implacable opposition to a movement which Israel regarded as "terrorist", and opened the door to mutual recogni-

tion and lasting pence.

Mr Rabin blended indomitable will and determination with pragmatic flexibility, hallmarks, some would say, of the nation itself. Yet opponents condemned him as a petty and vindictive party politician diverted by personal rivalries, and



considerable statesman and PHOTO: ROBERT GIROUX

many credited his arch-rival, Shimon Peres, with being the true architect of the Israel-PLO deal.

Mr Rabin was the first nativeborn prime minister of Israel. He was born in Jerusalem to an American father and a Russian socialist mother. After agricultural college, Mr Rabin, aged 18, joined Palmach, the Haganah's elite unit. During the 1948 war of independence, he comnanded the Harel brigade in the build Israel's military power against the Egyptians in the Negev

After graduation from the British Staff College in 1953, he was made head of the training corps of the Israel Defence Forces (IDF) and promoted to the rank of major-general. From 1956-58, as the officer in charge of Northern Command, he problems along the border with Syria. He then returned to the General Staff as Chief of Operations and, from 1962, as Deputy Chief of Staff as well.

task as the preparation of IDF for the next full-scale war with Arab states and it was during this period that he emerged as one of the architects of Israeli deterrence.

The real test came in May-June 1967, when President Nasser of Egypt seemed to be goading Israel to war. After a period of hesitation and waiting, the Israeli government launched a pre-emptive attack. In six days, Israel defeated three Arab armies and tripled the territory under its control by capturing the Golan Heights from Syria, the West Bank from Jordan and the Sina peninsula from Egypt.

When Mr Rabin's four-year term as Chief of Staff came to an end in 1968, he asked the prime minister Levi Eshkol, for the post of Israel's ambassador to the United States.

Mr Rabin's greatest achievemen as ambassador was to turn the special relationship between Israel and the US, based on cultural affinity and common values, into an ever closer strategic partnership. Particularly valuable were the links forged by this rough and unpolished diplomat with President Richard Nixon and his national security adviser, Dr Henry Kissinger An argument vigorously pushed by Mr Rabin was that Israel represented a major strategic asset for the US in the Middle East, an asset in checking Soviet advances and in

curbing Arab radicalism. In January 1970, at the height of the Egyptian-I-raeli war of attrition across the Suez Canal, he overplayed his hand by arging the cabinet to pile military pressure on Egypt. The result was only to consolidate Nasser's regime and to deepen Soviet support for it.

ORE productive was Mr Rabin's approach to the September 1970 crisis in Iordan, when Syria intervened on the side of the Palestinians in the military confrontation with King Hussein, Israel mobilised its forces on the Syrian border and Syria hastily retreated from Jordan, the Palestinian guerrillas were crushed and King Hussein survived.

This policy of sitting tight on the 1967 lines and waiting for the Arabs to sue for peace, eventually drew President Anwar Sadat of Egypt and President Hafez Assad of Syria to launch the surprise attack on Israel n October 1973 in order to break the unacceptable status quo.

Recriminations about the war led Golda Melr to resign in May 1974 and Mr Rabin, now 52, became the compromise candidate as prime

He inherited galloping inflation, international unpopularity and wounded national pride. His worthy attempts to tackle social problems battle for Jerusalem and in the war order to negotiate from a position of strength.

The first stage in post-war negotiations, conducted by Dr Kissinger's tireless shuttle diplomacy, produced military disengagement agreements between Israel and Egypt and then between Israel and Syria. The second stage involved even tougher negotiations which resulted in the had to deal with increasingly acute | Sinai II agreement in 1975. Israel undertook to pull out of the Giddi and Mitta passes and relinquish the Sinal oilfields in return for massive American economic and military aid and guarantee of oil supplies.

those dark days was the daring Israeli raid on Entebbe in 1976. Financial scandals at home rulned a string of ministers. Mr Rabin himself fell victim to the discovery of the US bank account he shared with his wife Leah in contravention of Israeli law. He was forced to resign in April 1977, on the eve of a general election. Mr Peres inherited the polsoned chalice of party leadership

The wilderness years were difficult. His 1979 memoirs blamed Mr Peres for the leak which forced his resignation and denounced him as a "relenticss intriguer". Most galling was the fact that the goal of a peace treaty with Egypt, which cluded him, was achieved by his successor. Menachem Begin, of the Likud. Begin exploited Egypt's disen-

and led Labour to its first defeat at

gagement from the conflict to launch he ill-conceived invasion Lebanon. The messy war eroded Likud's popularity and in 1983 Mr Begin resigned, to be replaced by the lacklustre Yitzhak Shamir.

In the 1984 elections, Mr Rabin returned to office as minister of defence in a Likud-Labour coalition government. He took the lead in

The only spectacular success in | organising Israel's withdrawal from most of Lebanon to a self-proclaimed security zone" in the south.

The precarious coalition split in 1990. Mr Rabin was again out of power but now enjoyed strong support from the Israeli public. After the Gulf war in 1991, American pressure forced Israel to negotiate with the Arab states and, for the first time, with a Palestinian delegation.

On June 23, 1992, the Labour Party under the leadership of Mr Rabin won a clear victory, its first since 1977.

His top priority was to reach orcement on Palestinian autonomy. The official ban on talks with the PLO was circumvented by the secret Oslo channel. In September 1993 an agreement was achieved on mutual recognition between Israel and the PLO and interim Palestinian self-rule in Gaza and Jericho.

For all its limitations, the Oslo accord marked a turning point in the century-old conflict between Arabs and Jews in Palestine, based on a historic compromise: acceptance of the principle of the partition of

The slowdown in the negotiations between Israel and the PLO led Mr. | politician, born March 1, 1922;

sein. A dramatic breakthrough occurred on July 25, 1994 when Mr Rabin met King Hussein in the White House and, in the presence of President Clinton, signed the "Washington Declaration" formally ending the 46-year-old state of war

reach an agreement with King Hus

between the two countries. At the time of his death, Mr Rabin was in the middle of consolidating the peace treaty with Jordan and ex-tending Palestinian self-rule to the rest of the West Bank (excluding the area of the Jewish settlements).

Mr Rabin's critics viewed him as an unimaginative soldier who was obsessed with his own country's security and lacking the vision to create a new order in the Middle East. Mr Rabin was certainly cautious and preferred to proceed with one peace at a time. But he also believed that each bilateral agreement would help make the long-term path of the Middle East.

Mr Rabin leaves a task unfin ished. Yet he is likely to go down in Israel's history not only as a great soldier, but also as a considerable datesman and neacemaker.

Avi Shlaim

Yitzhak Rabin, soldier and Rabin to intensify his efforts to I died November 4, 1995

INDIVIDUAL HEALTHCARE COVER FROM UNDER \$10 A WEEK



Source: This information is based on the average costs paid by PPP under the biternational Health Plan between 11/194 and 31/12/94 for particular European countries. The value of the claims have been converted into possids sterling for the purpose of consistency.

YES! I would like to know more about the PPP internati

TITLE: Mr . Mrs . Miss . Ms . Dr . Other

ational Health Plan is specifically designed for expan

Non-expandates may apply subject to my applicable governing laws or

Health Plan. Please send me further details.

SURNAME:

FORENAME:

DATE OF BIRTH:

ilments and then tell us you can't afford PPP medical insurance.

Lake a look at the average medical costs ** for these common

£500,000 ANNUAL COVER FROM UNDER LIO* A WEEK

That's right, from under £10° s week we'll cover you for medical costs up to an annual maximum of £500,000.

And provide the peace of mind that is essential if you are living, working or travelling in a country where medical facilities may be inadequate and private medical treatment prohibitively expensive.

PPP is one of the UK's leading medical insurance companies with over 2 million members

PPP's International Division specialises in quality medical insurance for people working or living oversess. Its International Health Plan offers a wide range of options for different needs and budgets, with annual cover up to £1,000,000.



44 (0) 1892 503311

Send to: PPP International, PPP House, 10 Upperton Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex, BN21 11.H. England. on rates used were those prevailing at the time the claim were raid. Or fax to 44 (0) 1323 432208.

ADDRESS:			:			1		er er	3
	;						•		
7. 7.									
2.46	•	•	CC	UNTRY					
TEL NO:			F	X NO:	11.3	,			100
CURRENT SCHEME					- 1		1.	٠,	
RENEWAL DATE:	i,		j.			5		٠,	

REDERICK WEST, who was

interviews with police, lasting 108

sions said: "I have not told you the

whole truth. From the very first day

of this inquiry my concern has been

found hanging in his prison

Home Secretary falls foul of the judiciary yet again

HE HOME SECRETARY, three men and a woman — dis-Michael Howard, had yet an charged for being gay. other run-in with the judiciary when he was declared to have acted unlawfully in the way he tried to ban the entry to Britain of the Rev Sun Myung Moon, the Korean founder of the Unification Church.

Mr Justice Sedley ruled in the High Court that Mr Howard had the power to exclude Mr Moon, whose "Moonies" sect has been accused of brainwashing young people and breaking up families, but was guilty of "procedural unfairness" by making an exclusion order without giving Mr Moon an opportunity to state his case. The Home Office shrugged off the judgment as "a technicality" and said the exclusion order would stand.

Mr Moon expected no opposition to his visit because he had been allowed admission twice before, in 1991 and 1992. He vowed to continue his battle with Mr Howard but, after threatening to appeal against his exclusion, eventually withdrewhis visa application.

The Moonies sought to present the affair as an attack on religious freedoms, but the greater issue was Mr Howard's cavalier attitude to the law. He has suffered nine setbacks at the hands of judges in less than two years on several occasions being found to have acted unlawfully or unjustly, and exceeding or abusing his prerogative powers.

NDIGNATION was expressed by fertility experts on learning that women were being paid up to £1,000 each to donate eggs for use by a London Harley Street clinic in testtube baby treatments costing up to £4,000. Under the law, licensed clinics are permitted to pay egg donors a maximum of £15, plus reasonable

The "human hens", often single mothers, donated their eggs to a "third party" organisation, the Hope Agency, run from a house in Cornwall, and then used by the licensed Harley Street centre run by Professor Ian Craft. Were he to pay for the eggs himself, he could face a prison sentence, but the law is powerless to prevent payments between pri-

A television reporter, posing as a potential client, claimed she was fold at Professor Craft's clinic that she could wait years for an egg donor, but the clinic nurse said that things could be "speeded up" by contacting the Hope Agency. Katherine Bristow, who runs the agency, said her organisation was non profit-making. We are just helping people who need help. If people think that is ethically wrong. that's up to them."

Baroness Warnock, the architect of Britain's human fertility laws, claimed that the payments were wrong and were putting vulnerable people at risk. She called for new regulations to close the legal loophole exploited by Professor Craft ite probably, other third party" agencies.

THE BAN on homosexuality in the armed forces survived another legal challenge when the Court of Appeal rejected appeals by four former service personnel -

In his judgment, however, the Master of the Rolls, Lord Bingham, implicitly criticised the ban, saying that "to dismiss a person from employment on the grounds of sexual preference . . . would not appear to me to show respect for that person's private and family life."

The appellants may now go to the European Court of Human Rights.

A SLOW DEATH for the high street and village retail trader was forecast by the market analysts, Mintel, in a mighty (£895) report. Survival Of The High Street.

Giant out-of-town hypermarkets have already captured a quarter of all retail sales and are expected to have 30 per cent by the end of the century. They are mostly patronised by the top three socio-economic groups Alt, C1 and C2.

Only the poorest D and E groups, often old or without cars, are forced to use small local shops. But the report suggests that local butchers and fishmongers are already doomed, and offers little hope for bakers or for greengrocers who have no niche markets.

THE ARREST of a TV news-reader and mother of two, Julia Somerville, who was questioned about alleged indecent photographs of a child, raised worrying questions - about the definition of pornography and the behaviour of the police — and provoked angry reactions from her television friends and colleagues.

Ms Somerville and her architect partner, Jeremy Dixon, insisted that the pictures were innocent family shots which had been misconstrued. They were released on bail pending further inquiries. Police were told about the pictures by a laboratory technician at Boots, the chemists who processed the film, though the firm's guidelines to staff do not attempt to define pornography.

How did the press come to be informed that Ms Somerville was being questioned? The publication of her name had the effect of identifyng the child, which is a breach of the Children and Young Persons Act. Scotland Yard denied responsibility, but there have been at least six cases in the past year in which the press has been tipped off about inquiries involving celebrities. The information can only have come from police sources and sold to media contacts.

.. ANYTHING YOU SAY MAY BE PASSED ON TO THE PRESS...





Heir to the fortune . . . Jayaram Khadka with Richard Morley, who is fulfilling a death-bed pledge to look after the young man

Tycoon fights threat from Home Office to deport 'son'

John Mullin

↑ WIDOWED millionaire is A threatening to quit Britain if the Home Office deports a young man aged 19 he regards as his son. He is fulfilling a promise to the Nepalese youth's father in looking after him, and has bequeathed him his fortune.

Richard Morley, aged 41, says Jayaram Khadka, who is privately educated, has not cost British taxpayers a penny. Mr Morley, a survival training expert with the navy. suffered a collapsed lung at 17,000ft while climbing in the Himalayas 10 years ago. He would have died but for the guide with his group, who ran down the Annapurna mountains

for three days and raised the alarm. After convalencing, Mr Morley sought out his saviour. Bast Khadka, who had a serious heart condition, refused any offer of money but asked Mr Morley to take care of his son in the event of his

Mr Morley and Mr Khadka kept touch until 1990, when the correspondence dried up. Mr Morley went to the Himalayas and discovered that Mr Khadka had died of

FTHE letters MW appear on a

a GCSE exam paper last spring.

microwave," came the confident

Name some key figures in the industrial Revolution, another

"Don't play it on top of the

asked, and got the answer

"Harold Wilson and Arthur

radio, what does it mean, asked

John Ezard

Scargill".

a heart attack. He set about finding Jayaram, It took him more than a

Mr Morley, whose wife was to die two years later and who is regarded as a reclusive figure locally, brought Jayaram into Britain on a visitor's visa, declaring he was aged 18. In fact, he was aged 14. "We realised he was much younger than we supposed the first time he had a bath," Mr Morley said.

The Home Office rejected an application in May 1991, five months after the youth's arrival, to change his visa to one of indefinite leave to remain. It was refused in June 1992 and he missed the 14-day appeal period, due to ill-health.

Mr Morkey appealed in December 1992 but the Home Office said it would not be considered. The appeal tribunal is now considering whether to uphold a deportation notice. A decision is expected soon.

"It took Jay a long time to adjust, and now he is doing well. To kick him out of the country is ludicrous and inhumane," Mr Morley said.

The Home Office would only say: "When foreign nationals come over there is a procedure to be followed."

AA driving schools have reported

a string of disappointing answers

Q: What sign would you expect

The bowlers are revealed in a

to see on a country road?

A: Fresh Eggs for Sale.

funds for the charity Comic

Relief. It also reveals recent

errors to which teachers must

new book, published to raise

to oral tests.

But it is not just achoolchild- | plead guilty. One school, adve

ers was applauded by journalist

alist and Liberal Democrat links Student howlers in a class of their own

Major lose Fred West admitted all 10 killings, tapes reveal Fleet Street Fred West admitted all 10 killings, tapes reveal the strangled Charmaine when, the often stood on the spot when Supporter Duncan Campbell

Andrew Culf

OHN MAJOR lost his pleaded his wife's case from beyond questioning Fleet State the grave. The jury in the trial of legitler last work was beard him admit on cell on January 1, last week leader last week as Sr Sil Rosemary West heard him admit on Lloyd quit the editorship de tape to all 10 murders with which ing Daily Express with any she is charged and say his wife is £360,000 pay-off, But he changed his story vastly

His departure, after to se the helm of the paper of labours under the nickey throughout 145 tape-recordings of Daily Getsmuchworse, onthe paper's proprietor det hours, and in one of the final sesjob to two other journalists

Lord Stevens of Lidge e man of Express Newspace Andrew Cameron, manget for, are understood to have a cretly to New York to woon Dunn, editor of the New Yor News, back to London Mr aged 40, formerly editor a and a deputy to Kelvin Ma at the Sun, apparently resiattractions of taking over, which has lost 500,000 sals: Sir Nicholas's femure.

It is believed that Lordy then tried to recruit the name on the shortlist, & Wadley, who quit as depayed the Daily Telegraph a fortugit.

These manoeuvrings are: have led to a row being: Nicholas and Lord Stevens, to ing in the turner's resignation Sir Nicholas, aged 53, km by Margaret Thatcher in 1961 the longest serving of the acnational newspaper editors said to have been angered by sion to increase the cover pac the Express by 3p to 35p list! day without any of the bei being passed on to pressured

torial budgets. Sir Nicholas's Express gave: stinting support to Mrs Thatds government and the unswer loyally continued with Mr Mg even through the bumpy days of summer's leadership election other Fory tabloids supported Redwood. As well as his 1369 pny-off, he was said to be receip 10-year top-up to his pension. Five of Scotland's principal as: papers changed hands in a deb

deal which carned the outel Thomson Corporation £172 mbr News that the Scotsman of sister publications, Scotlandors day and the Edinburgh Engi News, had been bought for 2002 lion by the reclusive Barclay he

In contrast, news that Northda Newspapers, a subsidiary of Asse ated Newspapers, owners of the Daily Mail, had paid £82 million! Aberdeen's Press & Journal E Evening Express was coolly at ceived in an area with strong min

tising for a maths teacher, sper

fied: The applicant should has

And a Norfolk school posted

the notice: Will the individual

who borrowed a ladder from the

caretaker last month kindly re

turn same immediately, other

wise further steps will be taken

Stevenson Publications Ltd, £4.99.

The Funny Side of Teaching,

convicted Christian.

year-old stepdaughter, Charmaine,

Rosemary West dabbed her eyes at Winchester crown court as he

was heard to describe how he had

killed their oldest child, Heather, to

He said he had killed many of the

young women whose bodies were

found last year at the Wests' home

in 25 Cromwell Street, Gloucester,

because they had fallen in love with

him and had threatened to tell his

Speaking in an affable, matter-of-

fact way with a West Country ac-

cent, Mr West told two teams of

detectives how he had strangled,

dismembered and buried the

women and girls. Only his eight-

"wipe the smirk off her face".

COTLAND Yard is conducting Dan urgent inquiry into the hielding by London detectives of a Jamaican "Yardle" gangster who committed a spectacular armed robbery in Nottingham. The man had een acting as an informant for the Metropolitan police.

Senior Yard officers even at-

ard's behaviour. alarmed by the Yard's behaviour.

main in the country, yet within

months of becoming an informer, he had been given permanent leave to stay.

The result of the Yard's failure to disclose the truth about Green was that his first total had to be abandable. doned. He was jailed for six years tencing him, Mr Justice Smedley described Scotland Yard's treatment of their Nottingham colleagues as "obstruction"

The Yard's official position is to deny the allegations. It claimed on Sunday that no one from the Metro politan police had ever tried to abort Green's trial. However, transcripts of a conversation between the trial judge and Crown counsel record counsel saying that two officers from Scotland Yard had been "pleading with me to abort the entire trial and I said I was not going to".

Scotland Yard is also claiming that DC Barker did not realise that Green's arrest was being sought by Nottingham officers. However, the head of Nottingham CID, Detective Chief Superintendent Phillip Davies, confirmed that his officers had travelled to London to make the

The Yard claims to have told Nottingham police about Green's informing when they first met them. but Mr Davies said the truth had not emerged until the trial, 15 months later.

Informants were essential, he said. "However, there are stringent guidelines and procedures which must be observed if the integrity of the system is to be maintained

£20m for shipyard too late

David Hencke

THE Ministry of Defence is poised to pay £20 million in compensation to the receivers of Swan Hunter shipyard, money ruptcy and the loss of 2,200 jobs.

Officials are close to agreeing a deal after privately admitting £5 million liability in 1992 over design failures in the building of Fort George. a £140 million Royal Navy vessel. The decision to pay the money amounts to a U-turn from their pubic position.

Details of the MoD's private position came to light after the leaking to the Newcastle Journal of confidential letters between Roger Vaughan. | Oman patrol boat order.

joint chief executive of Swan Hunter, and Jonathan Aitken, then minister of defence procurement.

In a letter to Mr Aitken on Novemher 10. 1992 - five months before which two years ago would have Mr Vaughan warned that it was by March 1993 on government work. The MoD in its reply refused to

accelerate payments and did not fully accept that the £10 million was owed in respect of the Fort George. Now, however, the MoD is poised to pay nearly £20 million to Price

Waterhouse, the receivers, a year after the yard closed. If the money had been paid in early 1993 the firm could have kept within its £10 million overdraft facility and bid for an because "she was pure".

Indicating to the detectives where they would find the bodies, he talked as if he were a jobbing builder discussing details with an architect. He showed hardly any sign of remorse or grief, justifying many of the killings on the grounds that, he said, the women were prostitutes who had insulted his wife.

Mr West said he could not remember most of their names, although he recalled the make and year of the car in which he killed his On the tapes, he said he killed his

first wife, Rena, because she had come to take away Charmaine. He house in the back garden, He said

after burying her mother, he found her asleep.

Rosemary West gazed at the floor her husband's voice spoke of Heather, aged 16. He said he had killed her because she wanted to leave home and threatened to give the younger children acid and make them jump off the church roof next door if he would not let her go, "She had a sort of smirk on her face . . . grabbed her round the throat.

the next minute she's gone blue." His wife had been out shopping at the time, he said. He had cut off Heather's head and legs with an ice knife and put her behind the Wendy

BALANCE

£500 - £9,999

£250,000+

£10,000 - £39,999

£40,000 - £99,999

£100,000 - £249,999

RATES

5.75%

6.50%

6.75%

6.85%

Heather was buried. "I spent hours wishing to God she'd just come back up to me." But in other interviews he told detectives Heather was still alive and working for a

drugs cartel in Bahrein. Detective-constables Darren Law and Geoffrey Morgan, who carried out the interviews, told the court he had lied consistently. He had claimed many of the deaths had been accidental - "enjoyment turned to disaster".

Mr Justice Mantell told the jury: The end is almost in sight". The jury will hear closing speeches this week and will probably be sent out

Scotland Yard tried to pull the plug on Yardie trial

Nick Davies

empted to abort his trial before the Director of Public Prosecutions and the Attorney General intervened and insisted it should go ahead.

Eston Green, aged 27, was shielded from Nottingham police by ondon detectives who failed to disclose vital intelligence and then fed nisleading information to the Crown Prosecution Service, the trial udge and the Nottingham detecives. The CPS has now lodged a ormal complaint about Scotland

At one point during the Nottingham police inquiry, Green's handler. Detective Constable Steve Barker. illowed him to walk away from a meeting even though Nottingham detectives had asked for him to be arrested. A High Court judge who ook over the case said he was

Inquiries show Green, a professional gunman from Kingston, Jamaica, spent two years in London as a paid informant for the Metropolian police. During that time, he dealt crack cocaine, robbed other dealers, and used a firearm on the street. He had no legal right to re-

Read it and reap. Woolwich Guernsey has consistently offered excellent rates of interest in all these tiers.

Last year, in particular, our £500-£9,999 tier offered 5.75% nterest, the highest rate of any offshore building society subsidiary Which, incidentally, made it the industry best buy for 1994:

And, had you invested £10,000 over the past 3 years in our 110,000-£39,990 ner, you'd now be crying with laughter, because was also rated as industry best buy in '94."

In fact, you can now earn an impressive 6.50% in this bracket. Quite obviously then, you could do yourself a wealth of good by investing with Woolwich Guernsey. And you can rest assured your investment is secure. All deposits are 100% guaranteed by Woolwich Building Society.

Not only that, the beauty of this Woolwich Guernsey account is that it gives you instant access to your money. You're free to withdraw all or part of your investment at any time you like with no penalties at all.

To find out more, call us on 01481 715735 during weekly business hours. Alternatively fax us on 01481 715722 or clip

Woolwich Guernsey. We wipe away the competition's tiers.

leturn to: Woolwich Guernsey Limited, PO Box 341 La Tonnelle House, Les Banques, St Peter Port, Guernsey GY1 3UW.

Please send me details of the Woolwich

Guernsey Sterling International Gross Account.



nal Rattes, Char to Vers. * "Money Facts Offshore Building Society Bost Bays, Investment International. Deposits made with the offices of Woobsich Gue Limited are not covered by the Deporit Protection Scheme under the Banking Act 1987. Howevery under Section 22 of the Building Societies Act 1988, all inhibition of the company are guaranteed by the Wooloich Duilding Society. Westwich Guerney Limited Principal place of business and registered office. La Tonnelle House, Les Burgues Si Peter Port, Guerney. Tel: 01481 715 735. Registere) under the Banking Supervision (Padhish of Guerney) Law 1994. Representative office: Wooloich Building Swiety Corporate Headquarters, Watlung Street, Berleybeath, Kent P.16 TRR. Tel: 0181 208 2000. Paid up Share Capital and reserves exercising 120m. Incorporated in Concerney, registeration to 2008). Copies of the Company's most occurt audited accounts available as regimes. A whally count substitutory of the Wisolovich Bushilly Society. We deposit to with bismost may be made through Weels to Building Seriety Branches. Estim-shown are correct as at 1.4.95 but are cariable. Gross payment of interest is without bediction of income tax.

For decades laundry duties on board Royal Navy warships have been carried out by laundrymen from Hong Kong. Their services were introduced to ships on the China station in 1930s and expanded throughout the fleet in the 1960s.

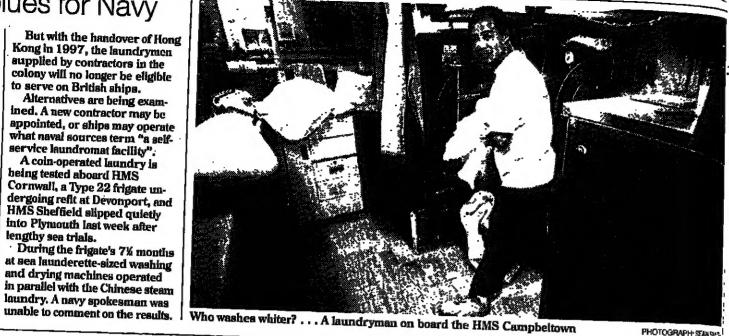
About 100 laundrymen live aboard British warships, eating with the company and running steam laundries that keep officers and ratings spick and span for an average wage of £30 to £40 a month.

But with the handover of Hong Kong in 1997, the laundrymen aupplied by contractors in the colony will no longer be eligible to serve on British ships.

Alternatives are being examined. A new contractor may be appointed, or ships may operate what naval sources term "a selfservice laundromat facility". A coin-operated laundry is

being tested aboard HMS Cornwall, a Type 22 frigate undergoing refit at Devonport, and HMS Sheffield slipped quietly into Plymouth last week after engthy sea trials.

During the frigate's 7½ months at sea launderette-sized washing and drying machines operated in parallel with the Chinese steam laundry. A navy spokesman was



'Moralist' MPs kill family bill Direct control | Anger over

Quardian Reporters

SMALL group of Tory MPs from the moralist right wing of the party last week claimed their first major legislative scalp when they forced the Government to shelve a controversial new bill on domestic violence.

The Family Homes and Domestic Violence Bill, which would have given greater protection to victims of lomestic violence and child abuse, had been on the verge of becoming law with all-party approval. Opposition MPs, women's rights groups and legal groups reacted with fury to the Government's move.

Sandra Horley, director of the charity Refuge, said: "This is political sabotage. These proposals have been around for three years. Women are going to suffer unnecessary violence as a result of this."

Paul Boateng, Labour legal affairs spokesman, said the move exposed the "yellow streak" running through the Government and showed it to be in the grip of "a right-wing fundamentalist rump". He said: "A bill designed to help the Groups which supported the bill

victims of domestic violence has fallen victim to a bloody family feud in the Tory party."

The bill had swept through Par-

liament virtually unnoticed, until it became apparent in the small print that an unmarried person proving mental cruelty would be able t evict his or her partner and claim the contents of a home. Rightwing Tory MPs, including

Ann Winterton, Edward Leigh Roger Gale and Lady Olga Maitland, were worried that girlfriends would be able to take over their partner's house or flat, and that this would act as a disincentive to marriage. Last week, Mr Gale, said he hoped it would be re-introduced next session, with amendments, as "a better bill"

The climbdown is a serious blow to John Major, reinforcing sugges-tions that he has allowed the party's policies to be hijacked by the dissenting rightwingers. It is also a setback for the Lord Chancellor, Lord Mackay. One senior Government source said: "It makes our grip on legislation look decidedly shaky."

were outraged that a measure with such wide backing could be sabo taged at such a late stage by a few MPs who had apparently just woken

up to its existence. Jim Harding, director of the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, said: "If the bill is not passed, we believe that the security of many children and their mothers will be at risk."

The Law Society was "dismayed, shocked and deeply disappointed" the decision, and urged the Government to bring back the bill in the next parliamentary session "as the current law gives inadequate protection to the victims of domestic violence".

In contrast, the future of Lord Mackay's wide-ranging reforms to divorce law seems assured, as Downing Street officials insisted that the Divorce Reform Bill would be included in the Queen's Speech next week. However, many Tory backbenchers are worried that the plans to make it easier to get a nofault divorce, including a year-long pause for mediation, will undermine

the school closes the better it will be

Problems included a poor school environment, uncontrolled behaviour by some boys, weak management and poor teaching.

rave low expectations,"

Mr Painter denied his team was biased. The school was in acute financial difficultles. Spending per tional average. If Hackney Downs | put in the dock came as the remained open there would have to tralian prime minister. Paul Keshit.

Mark Lushington, associate secretary for the National Union of Teachers in Hackney, said it was "criminally negligent to shut a century-old school in December in the

waste dum

by Greenpeace last week.

would be imported and reprocessed

approached Britain at the sametime as condemning the French nuder tests at Moruron and demanding that the British do the same.

which have been in store in Sydno bidding for a bigger contract to re 🐞 process American fuel.

ing this atomic waste here, with their government being so cital rench nuclear bomb tests # Moruroa atoll in the South Pails This is turning Dounresy into world class nuclear waste dump.

but is set to reopen in early 1996 b reprocess 60 rods from Germany. ● A defiant Mr Major made der last week that he would not with draw his controversial support French nuclear tests in the Paris at this week's Commonwealth nat mit in New Zealand, despite sign that Britain's Commonwealth ners, and even the royal family, in tend to put the Government later

WO WOMEN may sue a hos-pital trust following a mix-up resulted in the abortion of a from Down's Syndrome.

> RE water industry spent less on capital investment during record profits, according to a Labour party study.

A PLAN by the Australian gofuel rods containing weapons gas uranium for reprocessing in Sor! land was described as "hypocital"

A MINER has been killed in the third fatal accident in the privatised coal industry since ugust. Serious accidents are up by more than 28 per cent, according to the first official figures by the Mines Inspectorate since privatisation.

A HRIS WOODHEAD, chief inspector of schools, has called for the sacking of 15,000 ncompetent teachers as an essential step towards improving education standards.

A PLAN to sell parts of the radio airwaves used by Britain's military for a new generation of commercial radio stations is being examined by the Treasury. The sale could raise up to £1 billion for tax cuts.

healthy baby after its mother was mistakenly told it was suffering

1994/95 than at any time since, the privatised companies began operating in 1990/91, despite

Tories routed on MPs' rules

burglars, fraudsters, and other common criminals who could and Michael White N A humiliating personal rebuff lose all the property and cash for John Major, Parliament on they accumulate in the six years before they are convicted if they Monday comprehensively rehave been financed by crime. jected his advice and voted by 322 to 271 to make the biggest change to rules governing MPs' conduct since **■ EAN WAKE, aged 38, has** the war, requiring them to disclose

died of what is believed to be earnings from outside consultancies, the human form of mad cow dis-The majority of 51 was far larger esse. Creutzfeld-Jakob Disease. than the Opposition had hoped. Twenty-three Tory MPs voted with Labour for disclosure and another ORD BOTTOMLEY, the for 31 abstained or did not vote, including Mr Major and his Foreign Sec-retary, Malcolm Rifkind, who were the Rhodesia crisis in the 1960s.

has died at the age of 88. AUL EDDINGTON, the actor best known for his portrayal of incompetent politician Jim

GUARDIAN WEEKLY

HE new Proceeds of Crime Act 1995 will hit robbers,

In Brief

Hacker in the TV series Yes Minister, has died following a lengthy fight against cancer. IZ DAVIES, the leftwinger barred from standing as a

WAYNE PARKER, an 11-year-old victim of bullying

was left hanging by his tie in a

member of staff but suffered

pulled ligaments in his neck.

IRAGO Press, the feminist

by Phillipa Harrison, managing

lirector of Little, Brown.

publisher, has been bought

school gym. He was rescued by a

Labour parliamentary candidate, issued libel writs against three fellow Islington councille who made allegations to the party's national executive committee about her conduct.

in Israel for the funeral of Yitzhak

Rabin. The rest of the Tory front

bench voted en masse for continued

MPs must now divulge earnings

by the end of March and observe a

MPs this week voted to:

 Require MPs.to disclose samings in dentile troth all o Ban paid advocacy by all MPs; including tabling quaetto and antendments to legislation

Restrict MPe' right to speak in debates on behalf of out

commissioner by March 31 next year

missioner for standards . Approve in principle a code of conduct

Tappoint a new powerful parliamentary

throughout the day, occurred largely due to jitters among Tory gation on behalf of that interest. MPs, especially in marginal seats.

ban on acting as paid advocates on behalf of outside interests. They pulled back from support-ing Mr Major, on what was techni-Demoralised Tory MPs, hounded by accusations of sleaze for the past cally a free vote, in the face of a huge weekend Labour propaganda two years, claimed the changes amounted to a cultural revolution at campaign and fresh evidence of Westminster and predicted the era Tory sleaze, including allegations that Barry Porter, the Tory MP for of the professional full-time MP Wirral South, had been willing to would arrive within a decade. But Tony Newton, Leader of the take £1,500 to arrange ministerial

Commons and chairman of the se-By 587 to 2, MPs also voted, tlelect committee whose recommendations were before the House, denied spite the qualms of some Tory backthe result was a blow to Mr Major's benchers, to ban paid advocacy authority. "I don't think [he] will see which will stop MPs tabling amendthis as some kind of defeat. He acments, motions or written questions cepted the broad thrust of the Nolan on behalf of outside interests.

Nessan Quiniivan leaves court in police custody after being remanded

Freed IRA pair in court

Guardian Reporters

tradition warrants.

WO IRA men who escaped

from Brixton prison were freed

in the Irish Republic on Monday

and immediately re-arrested on ex-

Nessan Quinlivan and Pearse Mc-

Cauley were released from Port-

heavy security to Dublin, to face

warrants issued by Scotland Yard that they be extradited to England.

The pair, both aged 30, were re-leased with two other IRA men,

Mark Farrell and Gerry Kearns, as

part of the Dublin government's

continuing response to the North-era Ireland peace process. Quinlivan and McCauley later ap-

peared at the Irish district court, in

the top security headquarters of have the right to appeal.

In addition, MPs voted 289 to 264 to ban MPs with paid outside inter-

Dublin's anti-terrorist court. They

each faced four warrants for their

extradition in connection with their

escape from Brixton prison in 1991.

they made it clear to the Irish au-

thorities that they would be very

two governments stand in terms of

Republicans said the serving of

the warrants was a negative develop-ment. The Sinn Fein vice-president,

Pat Doherty, said it again high-lighted the "begrudging" attitude of

the British government to the whole issue of "political" prisoners.

co-operation on the peace process.

upset if the men were released with-

out being submitted to extradition

Security sources in Britain say

Tory whips largely restrained

tain privacy, despite Mr Major's political exposure, leaving much of the arm-twisting to such senior Tories as Sir Archie Hamilton and Sir Terence Higgins. The reshaped Labour whips' of

fice, under Donald Dewar, ran frantic whipping operation and had loway and Tony Worthington, stranded by an industrial dispute in Facing a technical government

majority of six, if all non-Conservative MPs voted against the Government, Labour's chances looked slim when only two of the nine Ulster

Unionist Party MPs turned up. Their leader, David Trimble, ab-

The shadow leader of the house. Ann Taylor, called the vote "a very good night for the reputation of Par-

liament and a terrible night for the reputation of John Major". But she added a majority of Tory MPs had still refused to accept Lord

Nolan's advice. The Liberal Democrats claimed the result showed Mr Major was out of touch with the country and out of

control of his party.

Tory MP Emma Nicholson said she had backed the Labour amendment because "we have been let down by some people. I say publish and be damned'.'

Ex-cabinet minister John Biffen said: "It's no longer just a question of a club looking at the suggestions box and seeing if things can be done rather better. There is an outside powerful mood of anxiety about how we perform."

Another of the rebels, David Martin, said: "[We] rescued the party from itself as well as the position of the Government from itself."

David Wilshire, an advocate of disclosure after the election, insisted he was not voting against his friends or his government. "I am voting against sleaze," he said.

But an opponent of disclosure threatened to ignore the new rules. Sir Michael Neubert, Tory MP for Reinford, said: "I do have to think very carefully about whether I observe this new rule of the House. It's not the law of the land."

Before the vote some Tories had indicated that they may stand down at the next election rather than face

🔪 🖈 Algerian terror | Nurses hit suspects held by racism Richard Norton-Taylor David Brindle

OLICE on Monday were holding five Algerians in ondon, four of them in connection with recent terrorist attacks in France. They include Abdelkadir Benouif, alias Abou Fares, alleged to have discussed the at-

Boualem Bensaid, arrested in Paris last week.

Police have applied to the Home Secretary to allow them to continue to hold Benoulf upder the Prevention of Terrorism Act. He was arrested after the French newspaper Le Monde alleged he was a key figure behind the three-month bombing campaign which has killed seven in France.

1992 which killed nine people. One Algerian arrested last immigration rules.

The extradition battle could last. one has been released. The more than a year because the men three others are being held at a police station in central London.

RACIAL ABUSE of black and Asian nurses by patients is widespread, a study for the Department of Health has found.

week by the independent Policy Studies Institute.

"In every case study area looked at, and in nearly every speciality within these areas, ethnic minority nurses reported having been racially harassed by patients. Despite this, they were expected not to 'make a fuss' and to get on with their jobs. They did not have the right to refuse treating the racist patients who were making their work-

Black and Asian staff reported verbal abuse and a minority re-

One ethnic minority nurse said a white patient had told her: "Don't touch me, you black cow." Another reported a white patient saying: Take your dirty hands off me.".

Agreement reached on public spending cuts

OWNING STREET unexpectedly announced that a settlement had been reached on next year's public spending plans, after meetings on Sunday between the Treasury and the re-maining Whitehall departments resisting budget cuts.
The cuts will take £3 billion

from the planned spending total. with the main losers likely to be the roads programme, single parents, national heritage and defence. The cuts will leave room for the Chancellor, Kenneth Clarke, to cut income taxes in the Budget on November 28 — but Tory leftwingers launched a fierce fightback, effectively confirming Labour's claim of a Cabinet lurch to the right. Sir Edward Heath urged

fellow "one-nation" Tories to speak up and bring home to the Prime Minister and Cabinet exactly what it is that we want — to have one nation. The public sees that one group - a minority group in the party - is

in fact running the show." He claimed the right wing had abandoned hope of winning the next election and were preparing

He was joined by the former Chancellor, Lord Howe, who said: "We've only just been through two or three years of putting taxes up to reduce the deficit, so any room for tax cuts would be very small and the

room exists when it doesn't." reshuffle, also warned that listening to the "siren voices" of peal to the extremes of left or right. The real battle is on the centre ground," he told BBC

TV's On The Record programm Suggestions that the right is which showed that of the 36

to grab power after defeat.

emptation is to believe such David Hunt, who was sacked from the Cabinet in the summer the right would harm the party's chances at the next election. "It

survey by the same programme

taking control of the parliamen-tary party were confirmed by a prospective parliamentary can-didates chosen so far, 18 are

clear rightwingers, seven are one-nation Tories and 11 are un- Plans to privatise the port of Dover, which would have netted the Exchequer around £140 million, are to be dropped by the

Sir George Young, the Transport Secretary, has been forced to bow to a vociferous campaign mounted by the port authorities. They played on unfounded fears that the port might fall into the hands of Calais and used the names of the

Queen Mother and the wartime singer, Dame Vera Lynn. But French officials insisted they opposed the sell-off and vere not keep to bid.

As the wartime singer struck up a rendition of the "White Cliffs of Dover" outside the Commons, a spokesman for the Calais chamber of commerce said he was appalled at the "primitive explosion of anti-French feeling" prompted by rumours the French city has designs on Britain's biggest passenger port.

school closes

John Carvel

THE Government's first attempt to take direct control of a problem school ended with an admission of failure last week when a panel of experts recommended the closure of Hackney Downs boys' secondary in east London at the end of this

The 119-year-old school -- which counts Harold Pinter, Steven Berkoff and Michael Caine among its old boys — was deemed "not viable on financial, management, educational or planning grounds" by the education association parachuted in to take over its management two months ago.

At the start of next term the remaining 206 pupils will be encouraged to switch to Homerton House, a local authority comprehensive R mile away which has more than 300 vacancies. There will be extra government funding to get this school up to scratch and special help for GCSE students from Hackney Downs to compensate for disrup-

Richard Painter, the association chairman, said: "The school conains some able and curing teachers of John Major's support for the . . but the overall quality of education is far below what we feel is appropriate when compared with what is achieved in similar schools and what the boys descrve . . . they are being short-changed and the sooner

for them."

"Even more serious is our sense that many teachers and boys at the school have come to accept low standards as the norm and thus

be drastic savings and redundancies, causing instability which "could overwhelm this already frag-

ile school". middle of pupils' exam year."

Paul Brown

Hundreds of spent fuel of

at the Dounreay plant in Caithus to extract the uranium before being shipped back to Australia for reux The Australian government is

The Australians would like to send up to 1,000 fuel rods, somed since the 1960s. Dounreay is also

It has been suggested that we nium exported from Australia France may have been used as foli in the current nuclear tests. Peter Roche of Greenpeace UK said: This ironic that the Australians are seal

The D1204 reprocessing plant one of three at Dounreay - bs

minority of one on the issue. Downing Street's pledge that A iree times the na- | Major would not allow himself tob promised to give Mr Major "s de round the ear" over the issue, the Duke of Edinburgh, in more liptical terms, called for a more rium on the tests pending sinquiry into the environmental in pact of the underground explosion

on Moruroa atoll.

Martin Woollacott, page 12

tacks over the telephone with

But security sources said that the French had still not applied for his extradition. Benouif, who applied for political asylum in Britain, was sentenced to death in absentia for his alleged role in a bombing at Algiers airport in

Saturday is believed to be immediately driven 50 miles under | pair is seen as a test of where the | Abdelkrim Deneche, whom France unsuccessfully tried to have extradited from Sweden last month in connection with the Paris Metro bombing in July. Farouk Deneche is understood to have been released, then rearrested for an alleged breach of

Of the four others arrested.

Some community nurses and midwives from ethnic minority groups have had doors slammed in their faces by white patients, ac-cording to the study published last

ing lives so difficult." The study, the most comprehen-sive of its kind, looked in detail at six health units and involved 114 interviews with nursing staff and 42 interviews with managers.

confirmed by white colleagues.

Ethnic minority staff were often discriminated against by employers.
They were typically older than white colleagues and were concentrated in less glamorous specialties like mental illness, learning disability, and care of the elderly.

Let peace be Rabin's epitaph

THE SONG of peace was the last aspiration that Yitzhak Rabin uttered in his gravelly voice. The Israeli prime minister was no dove, but he had made a historic transition — the simple but difficuit leap from imposing solutions by force to seeking them by negotiation. What happened after last Saturday's peace rally was unpredictable, and yet once it had happened far from unimaginable. If Mr Rabin were to be assassinated, a Jewish bullet was always more likely than an Arab one. Monday was the occasion for national and international grief and a joint recommitment to the peace process. Now Israel will have to think much harder - and take much harder measures — to tackle the ex-

Probably only a soldier turned statesman could, in this society, have won the initial confidence to pursue the peace track of Oslo and Washington. At first Mr Rabin, though convinced that there had been "enough of blood and tears", held aloof from the full implications of accepting Palestinians as Palestinians. He said it was not easy for others: it was hard for him too. As the Israeli press noted, the "stomach ache" when he shook Mr Arafat's hand for the first time had disappeared completely. Over the past two years his doubts about the PLO leader's credibility as a partner evaporated — Mr Arafat was similarly converted to the Israeli prime minister and was visibly shocked at the news of his death. It remains true that the engine which drove the peace process forward was Shimon Peres while Mr Rabin guided from a distance. If the assassin had succeeded — as he apparently intended — in removing both leaders then the future would be even bleaker.

Yigal Amir, the law student who killed Mr Rabin, is said in the familiar phrase to have been "acting on his own" in answer to what he claimed was the dictate of God. That does not absoive those in Israel who have fostered a climate of intolerance and extremism from examining their own con-sciences with great care. Mr Amir has been identified at many ultra-right railies in defence of illegal settlements on the West Bank. He was at home in a climate of hate where placards were held up describing Mr Rabin as a member of the Nazi SS, a murderer and a traitor. The religious chauvinism of these movements is a mortal threat that must be resisted. There can be no rational discourse with those who maintain that the land occupied temporarily by the army in 1967 was bestowed on Israel for all time by a covenant between Abraham and God. Mr Rabin in recent months had the courage to pour scorn on the more outrageous claims of the settlers and to say firmly that some of their locations were untenable. His political adversary, the Likud leader Benjamin Netanyahu, has recently urged the settlers to avoid violent action. But Likud supports their illegal settlements and Likud banners have been festooned at their sites. Politicians of the right cannot deny a measure of responsibility for shifting the spectrum in a direction which profits the ultra-right, especially when they appear to condone some fanatical actions. Likud has also declared it will not necessarily honour all agreements reached with the PLO if it regains power in next year's elections. This violates a basic responsibility of successor governments as well as sustaining the settlers' fantasies. Mr

flank for extremism The question which will be asked insistently now is where the peace process goes from here. Critics on both sides have denounced Mr Rabin and Mr Arafat for compromising to the point of capitulation: both allegations cannot be right. The apparent defects of tardy timing and unresolved loose ends really indicate that this has been a true negotiating process which leads by definition to positions which are bound to be less than maximal aims. There is some sleight of hand on each side: the that concessions now are worthwhile steps towards the ultimate goal of statehood. Mr Rabin still maintain close links with Canada and remain and. Mr Peres have relied even more on creative | as part of Nafta. George Kennan, writing of the end ambiguity, insisting that nothing conceded now of the Soviet Union (in the current New York prejudges the ultimate final settlement. Yet the real Review of Books), deplores the lack of an "interlogic of this process can only lead to a Palestinian entity with full authority over the West Bank,

Netanyahu must move his party firmly into the

middle so that it no longer provides a respectable

Israeli redeployment, is a shoot which must grow or be crushed. The second option can only mean a return to a new and more deadly bout of resistance and repression

Violence and the threat of it has of course been interwoven with this process from the start, immensely complicating the task on both sides. The hostile reaction of militant Arab opinion is not surprising. It is also a matter of hard fact that Mr Rabin accepted assassination as a method of state violence against Israel's enemies — a dubious proposition both in tactical and moral terms. But negotiated peace remains the only way of short-cutting the victous circle of violence. There are hopeful signs too of a dialogue between the Palestinian Authority and Hamas which could establish a modus vivendi in the areas under Palestinian self-rule and possible Hamas participation in the elections next year.

The responsibility now rests on everyone in the negotiations and on the sidelines. Conventional wisdom is already predicting that there will be a period of inaction. It should be argued instead that this tragedy has created an opportunity to push ahead while opposition is muted. Mr Peres and Mr Arafat will now resume negotiations knowing they have only a few months left. It would be doubly ironic if a Jewish fanatic's builet succeeded, where Arab terrorist bombs have failed, in destroying the

Quebec back

Q UEBEC'S narrowly decided "Non" is far from decisive: the relief it brings to Prime Minister Jean Chrétien is only relative to the catastrophic impact it would have had if less than 1 per cent of the electorate had voted the other way. The separatists remain in power with time enough to renew their campaign and the satisfaction of having whittled the gap in public opinion almost to vanishing point. Mr Chrétien now has to reconcile the political need to meet some of their demands with the requirements of fiscal orthodoxy and foreign investors. He must justify his belated pledges to resume a quest for constitutional reform which has been unpalatable to the rest of Canada.

Yet the problems are by no means confined those who seek to maintain a single, federal Canadian nation. There can be no real triumph for either side in a vote which signifies such a deeply divided society. These divisions are not just between those holding opposed views: they reflect the agonising uncertainty of many individuals who were only compelled by the act of ballot to make up

The cultural factor of course remains significant. Here it is rooted in a characteristically passionate sense of francophone identity. The Declaration of Sovereignty, tabled in the Quebec National Assembly by Prime Minister Jacques Parizeau together with the referendum question, at least in some regions, is reaching is a remarkable document. The time has come, it begins, to reap the fields of history, to achieve the promise of those 17th century pioneers who rooted themselves in the soll of Quebec. It hails a land whose heart beats in French and a language which celebrates "our love, our beliefs and our dreams". It declares its intention of bringing to an end the "wintery cold" of federalism. The Québéçois have a case in complaining of the diminution of their special status since the estab-lishment of the fully sovereign constitution in 1982. Twice in this decade the rest of Canada has rejected constitutional arrangements which would have restored to Quebec the status of a "distinct

With the right arrangements, a split can still be avoided. Indeed the near-success of the sepaan negotiators assure their supporters | leader Lucien Bouchard took control of their cammediate status" between unreal independence and Special arrangements over a few settlements might be agreed but the problems in Gaza show that the Swiss cheese approach to map-drawing will never work. No one — least of all the Likud opposition — substituting solution and the country as on Quebec. subordination to a larger and more powerful state.

has suggested any viable alternative to moving ahead on this track. What has already been established on this track. What has already been established on this track. barrel in Auckland

Martin Woollacott

LONG the narrow roads of the Jaffna peninsula, the Sri Lankan army is bloodily pushing forward, killing Tamil Tigers but losing soldiers to landmines and ambushes as it advances.

quaint British style of uniform they had 20 years ago, when the conflict had its small beginnings. Now the troops wear the international Americanised garb of soldiers, and they command tanks, artillery and aircraft, one of which, a few weeks ago, unloaded its bornbs on a Jaffna school yard, killing 34 and wounding 150, according to independent reports. It was an incident as horrific as any in, say, Sarajevo, but it did not get a great deal of coverage outside the island, partly because the Tigers have forfeited any international sympathy by their own ruthlessness in war and intransigence in negotiations.

The Sri Lankan flag will probably go up over a Jaffna largely empty of people — as many as 400,000 may have already fled the town — a few days before the Commonwealth Heads of Government Conference opens in Auckland. There, Sri Lanka's difficulties will receive less attention than those of Nigeria, where another army, in this case also the government, is responsible for ethnic repression in Ogoniland

as well as more generalised misrule. Nigeria is a very ethnically mixed state, while Sri Lanka has only one substantial ethnic minority. Yet they both display the worst defect of many new states and some old ones: the failure to accommodate diversity, the resort to military means to contain it, and the subsequent damage to all social institutions. It would e unfair to equate the Sri Lankan and Nigerian governments. But that the two countries belong together in one sense, we have on no less an authority than that of the British Home Secretary, who has bracketed them with Algeria.

Far from the common thread being that such countries are "safe" for ordinary folk, the common thread the point where mass displacements of population are a serious possibility. People in these circumstances do not flee so much from the immediate threat of death, but from the disappearance of the opportunity to live like human beings. The very word "violation" carries

the implication that "observance" of human rights is what happens most of the time. But in some countries violation becomes the norm to the point where even if the authorities are replaced or the conflict comes to an end, the mechanisms of normal social life are terribly damaged. The eved after the Bloc Québécois have waged tend to be particularly nasty, particularly full of atrocities and particularly lacking in rules of conduct. What the Commonwealth heads of government face at Auckland, under the heading of human rights, is this problem of the erosion of the institutions that make societies workable, under the pressure of internal war, the operation of milltary rule or, more subtly, of façade democracies.

It would be apocalyptic to say that | engine for so long.

this institutional failure is anythin like a universal threat, but it is a very real one. The Commonweak itself is a vulnerable institution. part of international "civil sodely" that is as much under threat as are some domestic civil societies la fragility is underlined by the far that if Quebec had chosen indepen-The men no longer wear the dence, the Commonwealth would have lost at one stroke both one of its two most important financial baders and the foremost example of the peaceful containment of an eller

problem within one state framework Former colonies are not finding it easy to follow the Commonwealt into a new phase where its more centre does not revolve around the sins of colonisers or white settler but around the failures of Africa and Asian governments, the street ties committed by their armies, and the suppression of aspirations b self-determination. That pulk against old loyalties in the anticolo nial struggle, and against racial soldarity. Britain and the old white dominions, on the other hand, know that one unpleasant fact about morality is that it costs money and

■ ET IF the Commonwealth is

not a moral tradition it is

nothing. Its precise value les in the effort to reach a moral consensus across racial and geographic cal lines. In Auckland that is going to be easy on the issue of French nuclear testing. Nigeria is another matter. South Africa may well takea soft line, reflecting ANC gratitude for past help, Nelson Mandelis characteristic caution and his desire to retain his "sound" reputation is big business circles. Without strong South African lead, the indig nation of other African governnents, including Zimbabwe and Uganda, may not take the conference that far. The Nigerian delegation will have some tricks ready more detail on the return to civilia rule, perhaps a commutation of the he other accused in the Ogoni tda The censure of Nigeria may consist only of a decision that in future miltary governments will not be represented at Commonwealth summit perhaps accompanied by a Contact Group commission to monitor a return to civilian rule. Better would be un instruction to the Secretary General to prepare a sanctions programme, including oil, that would take early effect in the absence of

any clear changes. If we can hope, at least, for some fairly strong action on Nigeria, there is likely to be none on the lesser but still worrying democratic offences of other African countries. Nor is there likely to be any movement on Sri Lanka, which would require highly unlikely mediation request from the two sides.

The legacy of empire was the mixing and muddling of peoples. The Commonwealth is a collection of multi-ethnic states, whose most critical task is to stay in one piece without resort to the coercion that in the end can destroy everything. That is why the issues symbolised by Nigeria, and by the troops on the Jaffna road, can be deemed more important than those mised by the old South Africa, which made the Commonwealth an effective moral

High-risk strategy is not paying off In Britain's new labour The 30/30/40 society

Percentage of all adults of working age

Full-time 2 years (minus those below 50% median earnings)

Full-lime up to 2 years (+ those below 50% median earnings)

Full-time self-employed, up to

deliver the highest financial returns

over the shortest period in the in-

dustrialised world. Companies can

more profitably manage the ebb and

flow of demand over the business

cycle if they reduce their core staff

to a minimum and hire additional

workers on contracts which will

allow them to be shed quickly if

times get tough. The company bears less risk. The risk is borne by

their fluctuating labour force. The

famous example is of Burger King.

where young workers clocked on

when customers appeared; this re-

duced their wages to a derisory

level but ensured they were only

paid for the minutes they were

There has been a marked growth

n forms of work that are not

"tenured". With full-time workers

only qualifying for tenure after two

years, the recent pick-up in full-time

work means little. They can be laid

off within two years as easily as they

The rapid growth in the numbers

of part-timers without any formal

job security, contract workers,

self-employed, temporary, part-time self-employed and agency workers

are the true indicator that employ-

ment conditions have changed; self-employment alone has doubled over

the past 10 years. Even those em-

ployers who want to hold out

against the new trends are forced to

costs to rise above the industry av

share and financial distress.

erage, they face loss of market

Here there is a gender effect.

Most of the growth in part-time and

insecure work has fallen to women,

typically less unionised and more

compliant. Many married women

respond in surveys that they like

such work because it allows them to

juggle family responsibilities with

earning. But as 70 per cent of all

The last 40 per cent are the ad-

new part-time jobs are for 16 hours

workers sacked and then rehired as

needed.

Part-time up to 5 years

Temporary

Fuil-time self-employed, 2 years plus

market the poor are in despair, while even those in work are vulnerable to new social pressures, argues Will Hutton

HE BRITISH are increasingly at risk. The chances of their jobs disappearing, of their incomes falling, of their homes being repossessed or being impossi ble to sell, of their families breaking up, of their networks of friendships lisintegrating, have not been higher since the war. There is a new source of inequal

ity abroad. On top of the long-standing concerns about the growing gap between rich and poor, there is an increasing awareness of a new range of risks that are bringing fresh patterns of scolar and low pay are no longer the sole measures of inequity and lack of social wellbeing; with the rise of new forms of casualised, temporary and contract forms of employment, even those on average incomes and above can become the victims of pressures beyond their control. They too can be left partially or completely excluded from their social networks.

The developments in the labour market have led to a new categorisation of British society. There is a bottom 30 per cent of unemployed and economically inactive who are marginalised; another 30 per cent who, while in work, are in forms of employment that are structurally insecure; and there are only 40 per cent who can count themselves as holding tenured jobs that allow them to regard their income prospects with any certainty.

But even the secure top 40 per cent know they are at risk; their numbers have been shrinking steadily for 20 years. The 30/30/40 society is a proxy for the growth of the new inequality and of the new risks about the predictability and certainty of income that have spread across all occupations and social

Each category faces its own dilemmas and crises. For the bottom 30 per cent the risk is that poverty will turn into an inability even to subsist, and that marginalisation will change into complete so-cial and economic exclusion. Eight per cent of people are unemployed; 4 per cent have been out of work for more than a year — which means complete social exclusion. The work the unemployed do find is part-time, casualised or insecure, so that their lives consist of unemploy-ment interspersed with periods of

nsecure semi-employment. The worrying figure is the 21 per cent of the working population who are now economically inactive - of working age but not making themselves available for work. Twenty years ago this segment was mostly made up of women voluntarily withawing from the labour market to | ployment protection or any benefits

But it is no bed of roses for the 30 per cent who are newly insecure. vantaged — from the workers still More and more risk has accrued on | covered by union wage agreements workforces as successive Employ-ment Acts have reduced employee working in the great organisations protection and as companies have come under intense and growing The full-time self-employed, like come under intense and growing pressure from pension fund and in John Birt in his old contract with insuring those whose circumpendulum the BBC, come into this category.

too. But their numbers are shrinking by 1 per cent a year on average. Market-testing, contracting-out, down-sizing and delayering are steadily transferring workers into much less secure work patterns. By the year 2000, full-time tenured employment, around which stable family life has been constructed along with the capacity to service 25-year mortgages, will be a minority form And as the risk of insecure or no

Newly Insecure

Disadvantaged

30%

employment grows, so the social institutions and systems built up over the past 50 years to protect against risk are decaying. The welfare state is more threadbare, and eligibility for income support - itself worth less and less in relation to average incomes - ever tougher. Trade unions' capacity to protect against sudden and sharp deteriorations in working conditions has been reduced. The British labour market, reports the OECD, ranks bottom in the league table of industrialised

The individual means to protect against risk are no stronger. With nearly 70 per cent of homes owned by their occupier, one bulwark

The promotion of uncertainty, risk and insecurity has made conform. If they allow their wage the operation of the economy as a system less efficient

against financial calamity has been rising house prices. For 45 years, the average British household steadily grew more wealthy on the back of the great house price boom; but the fall in house prices in real terms over the nineties caused the most savage reverse in personal bring up children; now it is largely | such as holiday or sickness entitle- of the housing market, with more peopled by men of working age and | ment, such workers are highly at | than a million home owners having mortgages that exceed the value of their house (negative equity) and every mortgagee paying high real interest rates to own an asset that is falling in value, is now a source of insecurity in its own right.

Private insurance companies

claim, making basic protection more expensive, sometimes impossible, to obtain. Millions hold personal pension plans that will pay them a minimal pension in retire-ment, worth substantially less than Advantaged 40% the former state earnings-related

All this has been justified by narrow conception of "efficiency". It is said to be efficient for firms to ave lean core workforces; for the provision of welfare to be privatised: for unions to be less powerful. But perversely the promotion of uncertainty, risk and insecurity has made the operation of the economy as a system less efficient. It has weakened the growth and stability of demand; it has reduced firms' incentives to invest in their workorces and their public expenditure and reduced the tax base. One of the features of the recov-

ery has been weak investment growth - with firms repeatedly saying in surveys that they are worried by the need to make high financial returns in the context of uncertain future demand. Consumers have become price-conscious, leery about buying big-ticket items and undertaking long-term

How can they behave otherwise? David Miles, chief economist of Merrill Lynch, calculates that the average variability of income for average workers has grown by half since 1968; we are 50 per cent more likely to have a violent downward swing in our income. The individual firm may find it efficient to reduce its core workforce and displace risk on to part-timers and contract workers; but in aggregate the impact is to make incomes more volatile and individuals more cautious.

Demand becomes weaker and more variable. To explain the crisis in the housing market, and the implications for the house-building and construction industries, look no further than the 30/30/40 society.

Nor does it make sense for government finances. Tax revenues this year will undershoot the Treasury's projections by up to £4 billion; low-paid part-timers and short-term contract workers do not generate the same income tax yield as their full-time equivalents, and their spending, biased to subsistence goods that attract no VAT, means that indirect taxation grows less rapidly as well.

Simultaneously social security spending, despite ever tighter eligiollity tests, increases as the numbers qualifying for housing benefit assistance and income support rise remorselessly. The freezing of the growing 30/30/40 society would have saved the Chancellor the £3 billion in spending cuts he sought this autumn.

The forces generating the 30/30/40 society could be arrested. A more determined assault on longterm unemployment; extending employment rights to those not in full-time work; relieving companies wealth since the war. The operation of the pressure to make sky high financial returns; constructing more solid systems of social support; plac ing less emphasis on home owner-ship as the only form of housing tenure - all would help. To act in this way is supposed to be inefficient. But not to act in this way is more inefficient still. In the long run a 30/30/40 society is neither desirable nor sustainable. One day the pendulum will swing back because

THE JAPANESE bank Daiwa was ordered by the US central bank to close its American operations and was charged by federal prosecutors with trying to cover up millions of dollars' worth of losses. The bank faces

> HE CHURCH of England sold its £3.6 million stake in BSkyB in protest at the launch of the soft-porn channel

an imminent takeover by its

igger rival, Sumitomo.

RITISH AIRWAYS unvoiled record half-year profits, up from £349 million to £430 million Remational partnerships amounted to about £50 million.

A T&T, the American telecom-munications glant, has stolen a march on Tony Blair and British Telecom's plans for the UK by offering free access to the Internet and services on the information superhighway to virtually every school in the US.

AY RISES for the UK's top executives have accelerated rapidly in the past 12 months, ccording to a recent survey.

N ITS first public deal with a Gulf state, Israel has reached agreement with Qatar for the supply of natural gas worth some £1.2 billion.

CLAIM for compensation by A Eurotunnel, the Channel tunnel operator, of £2.3 hillion from British, French and Belgian rail companies has been rejected.

AKEOVER speculation returned to the UK electricity ndustry as the American utility Central and South West Corporation, clinched an agreed £1.6 billion bld for Seeboard, the regional power company based inSussex.

A SPREY, jeweller to the Queen, has been bought by one of its best customers, Prince Jefri Bolklab of Brunel, for £243.5 million.

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

	Sterling rates Outober 30	Sterling rates November 6
Austrella	2.0717-2.0768	2.0935-2.0978
Austria	15.58-15.61	15.70-15.73
Belgium	45.52-45 63	45.85-45.98
Canade	2.1471-2.1501	2.1317-2.1347
Danmark	8.69-8.01	8.64-8.66
France	7.89-7,71	7.73-7.75
Germany	2.2149-2.2180	2.2321-2.2352
Hong Kong	12.20-12.21	12.20-12.21
ireland	0.9781 0.9756	0.9782-0.9787
Italy :	2,614-2,518	2,516-2,520
Japan	160.22-160:49	163.30-163.57
Netherlands	2.4818-2.4861	2.5001-2.5034
New Zeeland	2.3870 - 2.3902	2.4078-2.4111
Norway	9.80-9.81	9.86-9.88
Portugal :	233.54-234.19	234.64-235.27
Spain	192-26-192-66	192.44-192.73
Sweden	10.44-10.48	10.53-10.58
Switzerland	1.7880-1.7908	1.7980-1.6008
USA	1.5778-1.5788	1.5786-1.5798
ECU	1.2080-1.2078	1.2174-1.2191

HOME AND AWAY YOU CANNOW PLAY!

PLAY TO WIN A FORTUNE! FOR ONLY £1.50 A WEEK

Thousands of people all over the world share in a pay out on the pools every week! Now you too have the chance to win a Pools Fortune - no matter where you live with the special international pools coupon opposite. What's more, Vernons are now offering you even better value with this fantastic offer of 3 lines for the price of 2 - for 10 weeks.

Simply complete your international pools coupon opposite and return it with your credit card details or remittance. We'll acknowledge receipt of your entry, check your numbers each week, and send your winnings promptly.

If you would like your winnings sent elsewhere please enclose your PLAY FOR Instructions. To allow you to check your entry personally, details will be sent with your acknowledgement.

COUPON **HOW TO ENTER**

 Choose 3 lines of 11 numbers from 1 to 58 by placing an X in each of the entry boxes on the right (each number represents a weekly football match - weekly lists will be sent to you automatically).

Complete and post the international coupon. Your numbers will be entered in the next competition after we receive your entry.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS. I agree to Vernone current Foolbal? Pool Rules which govern all entries for the whole period of my standing entry and agree that the transaction (apart from the Trust referred to in Rule 8) is binding in honour only (copies of the Rules are available upon request). I acknowledge that any Collector through whom my coupon is aubmitted is my agent and I agree that any transaction between me and them (spart from the Trust referred to in Rule 8) wise binding in honour only. I am not under 16 years of age. I understand that the numbers on my standing entry coupon serve to identify the matches appearing in the current coupon/fixture list for each week as published in certain newspapers. Once your selections have been received by our office they will be entered immediately into the next competition. understand I can change my numbers at any time. Your entry will be in the Pool from the first

DATA PROTECTION ACT 1984. As a responsible company, Vernons Pools fully comply with and are registered accordingly under the terms of the Data Protection Act 1984. At certain times we are approached by other carefully selected companies asking to send news of their products and are approached by other carefully selected companies easing to select news of their products and services. In return, we provide details of our clientele, giving names and addresses and sometimes mode of payment. Should you prefer not to receive these mailings, please write to: Mailings Controller, Vernons Pools, Freepost, Fortune House, Liverpool X, L68 1AA.





PLAY 3 FOR THE THIS COUPON TO WEEKS WITH

YOUR INTERNATIONAL **POOLS COUPON**

Don't miss out on this fantastic chance to play the British Pools, and win a fortune. Complete and post this coupon today to: Overseas Department, Fortune House, Liverpool L68 1AA, England. Or phone (+44) 151 524 1234, and be ready to quote your selections, your credit card details and promotion code 62709. Or fax (+44) 151 525 7363.



PLACE 11 Xs IN EACH COLUMN A, B AND C (33 Xs in all) - each column is a full perm 8 from 11. REMEMBER, THE TOTAL COST FOR 10 WEEKS WILL BE ONLY £15

V	4

CHOOSE HOW TO PAY: BY CHEQUE payable to Vernons Pools in sterling only. Write your name and address on the back.

OR CHARGE MY ACCESS/VISA/	_
MASTERCARD/AMERICAN EXPRESS CARI)
Enter your Credit Card No. below.	

Credit Card Signature Signature		
Total remittance sent with this entry		
MR/MRS MISS/MISS	,	

Winning customers who prefer

Promotion Code 62709

The Washington Post

Assassin Spawned From Culture of Hate

Barton Geliman in Jerusalem

N A windswept hill in the upper West Bank, the man police accuse of gunning down Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin gave a coldly furious interview last June.

Yigal Amir, an intense, darkhaired student of law and computer science, was standing in an illegal new Jewish settlement called Maale Yisrael, or "ascent of Israel," All around him were the placards of the apoplectic right. "The Land of Israel is in Danger!" screamed one blackon-yellow banner, stretched between the improvised structures of he week-old encampment

A portable toilet stall invited settlers, by using it, to express their contempt for the government's peace policies with each call of nature. A hand-lettered sign dubbed the toilet the "Oslo Agreement" - a reference to the Norwegian-hosted accord that began the shift to Palesinian self-rule in September 1993.

Amir, who said he was 25, explained that he hitchhiked to Maale Yisrael each day from classes at Bar llan University in suburban Tel Aviv, a campus known for its affinity to religious nationalists. No matter what Rabin's government tried to do, he said, Jews would control the West Bank forever.

"This is the most holy land," he said. "Two thousand years ago, most of the population of Israel was here, in Samaria and Jerusalem." The government's "backbone is very weak, and maybe that is the reason they are willing to give up everything for peace," he said.

Amir said the government would not survive to complete its program. He did not elaborate, and there was no indication at the time that he meant anything more than the usual Rabin's coalition at the polls.

Amir gave the impression of holding more detailed views he did not care to share with an American reporter. Asked, for example, about the Arab villages in view and their orchards of almond and apple trees, Amir said that just because Arabs worked the land "doesn't mean i belongs to the Arabs."

Would settlers move to places next, his visitor asked. "Maybe," Amir replied.

Police officials here, speaking to Israeli reporters after disarming Amir and pinning him to a wall as Aviv, where his mother is a kinder. After every attack and during demon-



Rabin fell bleeding, said the alleged | garten teacher and his father a bibliassassin spoke with almost surreal calm. Informed that Rabin had succumbed to his wounds, the officials said, Amir expressed satisfaction.

Amir confessed, according to Israeli broadcast reports, that he had intended to kill Rabin for most of a year and at least twice had traveled to the sites of Rabin's scheduled appearances — in January at the Yad Vashem Holocaust memorial, a visit Rabin did not make because of a terrorist bombing in Belt Lid that day, and in September at the dedication

of a new highway interchange. Israel Television aired file footage at the weekend of Amir at the September event, some distance from Rabin. He was screaming about the abandonment of 140,000 Jews, a reference to the West Bank settlers, and police removed him forcibly

Amir hails from Herzliya, an affluent beach-front suburb north of Tel

ported he did his army service in the elite Golani combat brigade and served as an immigration emissary of the Jewish Agency in the former Soviet Union. Both of those are sterling credentials, obtained by stiff

right-wing extremist group called Eyal, which has been linked to violence against Arabs, said that "we knew him through our activity" but denied that Amir was a member. "He was always nice and moderate," Raviv said. A classmate from Kolei, a commu-

VISHAI RAVIV, the chief of a

nity seminary where Amir studied, told Israel Radio that Amir did have "a connection with the Rayly gang." "I think he was brainwashed and

did not act alone, as he claims," said the acquaintance, identified only as Arik. The truth is there were signs.

said things like, 'Rabin should taken care of and the governmen should be taken care of."

Asked whether he had ever n ported such remarks, Arik replied: "Listen, you live with people and you cannot believe that a person who is close to you is capable of carrying out such an insane act. It is true that he is right-wing. So am I. But this is

Others who knew Amir said he worked for a security company and, like many Israeli men with army service, was licensed to carry a weapon.

Amir's case serves to illustrate the ibility of violent extremists, including also members of banned groups such as Kach and Kahane Lives, to mingle scantlessly with mainstream members of the political opposition. Kach activists, violent followers of the late rabbi Meir Kahane, often manage to Infiltrate Likud party rallies and attract television cameras with chants such as "Death to Rabin!"

At one spontaneous demonstration, at the scene of an August terror bomb in Jerusalem, the extremists whipped up a large enough crowd to physically threaten President Ezer Veizman and prevent him from speaking. At Maale Yisrael, Amir lived and

worked openly amid senior representatives of the Yesha Council, the umbrella organization for Jewish settlers, and of Likud Youth.

Likud leaders supported the illegal settlement, and Likud banners were raised at the site.

"Sadly, many nonviolent politiclans on the right were encouraging extremists to adopt violent means because they themselves were using extremist rhetoric," said Yossi Alpher, an Israeli strategist who is lerusalem representative of American Jewish Committee.

Menachen Friedman, an expert on Israel's religious right from Bar Ilan University, said extremists rouand believed that their elimination could change the course of events. I think . . . in that act he thought he would stop the peace process," Friedman said.

Rabin's own stubbornness gave Amir his final opportunity. Mem-bers of his inner circle said at the weekend they had urged him for months to wear body armor under his clothes. They said he waved them off, saying he was not afraid.

Nigeria Goes **Beyond Pale**

COMMENT **Jim Hoagland**

IGERIA'S corrupt military die tatorship has crossed a red line by sentencing minority rights leader Ken Saro-Wiwa to death on trumped-up murder charges. Only strong burst of world condemnation that includes the international oil companies that keep Africa's largest nation affoat financially can save Saro-Wiwa from death and Nigeria from complete ruin.

In practical terms, the dissident's ate rests in the hands of Royal Dutch Shell, the British-Dutch oil giant, America's Chevron Corporation, and a handful of other European and American petroleum companies, none o which has spoken out on the case.

Their sitence is predictable Global business routinely refuses to mix in domestic politics and is right to do so. The Saro-Wiwa case should be the exception to the rule of multinationals avoiding politica controversy. It should also be a catalyst for the world's oil companies to reassess the role they play in shoring up murderous regimes in Nigeria, Libya, Iran and elsewhere.

Mr Saro-Wiwa, an acclaimed play wright, is one of those engaging Nigerian intellectuals caught up in the turbulence that has engulied his country since its 1961 independence from Britain. He leads the Movement for the Survival of the Ogoni People, who are among 20 ethnic groups that inhabit the oilproducing Niger River Delta region.

The movement demands for the Ogoni a fair share of oil revenues from the central government — a regime that promotes drug-traffick ing and which annulled the results of a 1993 national election that would have returned the country to civilian rule — and from Shell and Chevron, which hold the primary oil concessions in Ogoniland. The companies have temporarily closed down operations there because of civil strife and protest.

There should be a line beyond which the oil companies will not go in alding and abetting criminal behavior by a host government. That is the llne Nigeria's rulers have crossed. Shell and the others should respond by making clear publicly that they do

It's Time To Confront Israeli Extremists

COMMENT Richard Cohen

O N JANUARY 16, 1933, two men approached a couple walking on the Tel Aviv beach and asked the losoroff was an important leader of what would become Israel's Labor Party. His killers apparently were extreme right-wing Jews.

To those who insist that the assassination of Yitzhak Rabin is without precedence, historical fact screams otherwise. Arlosoroff was murdered by co-religionists whose concept of Israel was as expansive then as it is now and who, if anyIsrael (all of Jordan, most of Syria) of an Israeli one. Way before the with an admiration for Italian and creation of the Jewish State in 1948 with an admiration for Italian and fascists? Yes, I'm afraid so. Yigal Amir, the 27-year-old law

student who reportedly confessed to killing Rabin, is said to be proud | always few in number and operated, structions from God. In that, he is | raell society, but it is neither new | moved to protect it anyway and, ultitypical of various Middle Eastern assassins, whatever their religion, or in their more secular manifestation nuts anywhere. The ability of a single deranged person to change the course of history - Lee Harvey Oswald comes to mind -- is not limited to any particular place on the globe.

But if Oswald comes out of a cer-

way back when Israel existed only in coffeehouse debates and the rich dreams of impoverished European Jews — an extremist, violenceprone movement had arisen. It was

quence. If anything, the extremist movement is probably larger and more tain American tradition — the loner | 1994 murdered 29 Muslims as they | ers merely want their votes.

Patriarch, also took instruction from So does Rabbi Moshe Levenger,

a major force in the Israeli settlements movement. Back in 1980, he led me through the market at Hebron, wading through Arabs with a contempt and disdain that I found both repulsive and downright scary.

wife, Miriam, established in Hebron nor, as we now know, without conse- mately, provided it with utilities. Levenger was later convicted of killing an unarmed Arab in a burst of anger - and served no more than 10 menacing than at any time in Is- | weeks in jail. In other words, he has rael's short history. Where once it | been the personification of the Iswas somewhat ideological, it is now raeli government's refusal to really basically religious. Like Amir, come to grips with its extremists. Baruch Goldstein, the settler who in

loathed the religious extremists and said so. He understood that the religious fanatics were not only a threat to the peace process, but to Israeli democracy itself. Compromise is essential to any democracy, but zealots do not compromise.

Sooner or later, Israel must deal with its extremists - and American Amir is hardly the only zealot in

he replied - and was shot dead. Ar of his deed and says he acted on in- usually, only on the margins of Is- was clearly illegal. The government | Israel nor, for that matter, the only one entitled to carry a weapon. He and people like him pose a clear danger to the very assumptions of a democratic state, not to mention a Middle East peace.

The tragedy of Rabin's death will only be compounded if Jews both in Israel and the United States do not At this moment, these zealots pose a threat to a democratic and secure Is thing, mingled dreams of a Greater | with a gun - then Amir comes out | prayed at Hebron's Tomb of the | Rabin was in neither camp. He | rael that no Arab army can equal.



Minorities Fear Quebec Nationalism

Anne Swardson in Montreal

HE Golden Age Center in the heart of Montreal's old Jewish quarter is humming with activity. Seniors are making soapstone statues, exercising in the health club, playing mah-jongg and, in the auditorium, more than 100 are having an earnest discussion about whether they should indeed fear the results of the referendum on Quebec sovereignty.

The seniors are concerned not so much about the results of the referendum, in which 5 million voters in the mostly French-speaking province rejected independence from Canada by a margin of 53,498 votes, barely more than 1 percentage point. Much of their worry springs from what followed, when Quebec Premier Jacques Parizeau said in a speech on election night that the vote had been lost because of "money and the ethnic vote."

"I'm angry and I'm upset," said Reva Gesser, 82, who felt she and her community were included in Parizeau's comment. "I don't care what they think. Quebec is my homeland, Canada is my country. don't feel a stranger in this land."

Parizeau resigned the day after the vote, saying it was time for others to take up the struggle for Quebec independence. But he did not apologize for his words about the vote, saying "they underline a reality that exists."

Now, the seniors, and many of the rest of the 18 percent of Quebec's population for whom French is not the native language, are uncertain about their future here. The referendum not only exposed fundamental differences between

Hung Jury in Canada

Quebec and the rest of Canada, laid bare the fault lines between the French of Quebec and the "others."

Parizeau's remarks would be little more than an ugly memory were it over: Separatist leaders say they intend to hold a referendum on sovereignty again soon and will not give up the cause despite their electoral defeat. Some of those who fall under the umbrella of the "ethnic vote" fear the separatists have an ulterior motive behind disparaging remarks such as Parizeau's.

They want all the strangers to go out from Quebec and then they will vote yes to separation," said a Montreal resident who emigrated from Poland in 1970 and declined to give

At the Jean Talon open-air farm-ers' market in north Montreal, vendors of all different ethnic groups plied their wares, with Italian fruit stands and butcher shops next to East European dairy shops. Geno Klein, who came to Montreal from Czechoslovakia 37 years ago, rested his chapped hands on the counter of his egg stand and said he didn't think things would get better with Parizeau gone.

"I work 12 to 15 hours a day, seven days a week," he said. "I pay taxes. Moutreal is full of immigrants. We are all equal, even if some of us don't speak French as well as the others. They (the separatists) are not democrats, they are

The results of the referendum tell the story: Some 60 percent of French speakers, or Francophones. voted in favor of Quebec Independence. An estimated 95 percent of Anglophones and those whose na-

provinces balk at giving Quebec

the full assurances that it de-mands, or they ask for similar

One of the sovereignty move-

ment's demands, for example, is

a veto for Quebec on any further

constitutional changes affecting

consumed his predecessor Brian

Mulroney earlier in this decade,

. It would be nice to think that

this hairline outcome of the vote

would push the federalists and

the sovereignty movement toward

compromise. But things don't

seem to be moving that way. In

1980 the separatists got 40 per

cent of the vote, and now they

have nearly 50 percent - a pro-

gression that some of them take

as good reason to keep pushing.

Perhaps times have changed

and as days pass perhaps a dif-ferent spirit will prevail. That would certainly be applauded by

Canada's (and Quebec's) friends

in this country.

powers for themselves.



Yes man . . . A pro-independence supporter yells at police after the referendum

tive language is neither English nor French, voted against. In his speech, Parizeau sald a proportion avowed by other separatist leaders,

including Lucien Bouchard, leader of the federal Bloc Québécois and a possible successor to Parizeau. "All votes are equal," Bouchard said. French-language radio stations and newspapers were overwhelmed with calls and letters from Francophones who felt Parizeau's remarks were inappropriate, Columnist Lysiane Gagnon of La

His remarks were swiftly dis-

that high was "not healthy."

Presse pointed out that the election could just as easily be said to have been lost by the 40 percent of Francophones who voted no. Some Francophone regions, including the area of Beauce in the east, opposed separation by a majority.

"I think if there is a consequence, t is that it could be counterproducive for the party of Mr. Parizeau said Eric Faustin, director of the Bureau of the Haitian Christian Community in Montreal.

Quebec is home to a variety of linguistic and ethnic groups, who in general live peacefully together.

Some 50,000 Haltians live here; other French speakers have come from Vletnam and some African countries. People also have come from Hong Kong, Lebanon, Portugal and Greece. But even in the years when Quebec was not governed by separatists, leaders took measures to ensure that the French anguage was not overwhelmed by mmigration or assimilation. So, for nstance, new immigrants to Quebec cannot send their children to English schools except in rare cases; they must be educated in

Members and volunteers at the Golden Age Center, whose children and grandchildren are bilingual, say their daily lives are pleasant and they socialize easily if not closely with French Quebecers. The probem, they say, is the politicians and their attitudes.

French Quebecers call it pure laine, literally, pure wool, or true Quebecers, those descended from French stock, whose ancestors were here when Gen. James Wolfe defeated the Marquis de Montcalm on the Plains of Abraham near Quebec City in 1759 and established

pecome Canada. It doesn't matte that the members of the Golden Age Center may be descended from stock that has been here nearly tha long. To French Quebecers, it is not

"They say we can't feel what they eel: pride in country, pride in sover eignty," said Ada Tannenbaum, 71.

Tve lived here for 45 years. can't imagine living anywhere else But I can't be a pure laine French Canadian," said Irvin Lesk, 68. "That is where I have a problem. What will appen to my son and grandson?"

The seniors worry about a repeat of 1976, the year the separatists first came to power in Quebec. That sent more than 150,000 English speaker out of the province, along with host of large companies.

"There's going to be a lot of emotion and a lot of young people are going to go," said Reva Gesser.

But no one in the group interviewed at the center had plans to leave. Their sentiments were summed up by staff member Margaret LeBrun, 58, who said: "My place is to stay here and fight. This s a democratic society."

EDITORIAL

O UEBEC'S vote on secession has settled less than would have seemed possible a week ngo. The legal analogy is a hung jury, requiring a retrial. The sovereignty movement failed by 49.44 percent of the vote to 50.56, with a phenomenal 93 percent of the eligible voters actually casting ballots. Under other circumstances, that might well have permanently killed Quebec's aspirations for separate status. It is, after all, the second defeat in a provincial ref erendum in 15 years. But the vote seems to have given new energy to this long quarrel.

In his strenuous efforts to try yes, Canada's prime minister, Jean Chrétien, has promised a renewed attempt to ensure the protection of the French language and of Quebec's traditions within the Canadian federation. That means constitutional reform, and Canada has been there before.

Quebec has never given its consent to Canada's present constitution, and repeated attempts to negotiate its objections have collapsed. Any substantial change requires ratification by all of the country's provinces. Either the English-speaking

Making Morality Everybody's Business

OPINION

Ellen Goodman

CO, ANYWAY, I have this hot idea for a new daytime TV talk show. Sally, Jenny, Ricki, Montel! Let's take a meeting! It's yours for the asking, kids!

the language and cultural provi-sions that concern it. Mr Chretlen seemed to agree to it in Here's the deal. Instead of another dreary program about anthe closing moments of the camother husband who cheats on his paign. But it's hard to provide that to Quebec without offering wife by having an affair with her transvestite teen-age brother — ho similar vetoes to all the other hum - how about one that chroniprovinces, a truly dangerous precedent. Mr. Chrétien will now cles the truly creative ways that people are getting scr — oops devote himself to trying to find a bleeped by the economy. way through this legal and politi-cal labyrinth. A similar effort

All you need to do is book the CEO of a corporation that's posting megaprofits while replacing permanent workers with temps and tradthe guest chair, when out from the green room - TA DA! - pops a 30-year former employee who was putplaced into a creative new lifestyle as a cabdriver. You, want conflict? Babe, you got it.

How about humor? OK, get the 25 top paid executives whose 1994 wages added up to \$1.5 billion. Ask one to explain exactly why he's worth \$10,000 day or \$400 an hour. Let another justify earning two hundred times what, his lowest-paid workers are getting. Get ready for the hoots and howls. Why limit the talk about values to sex, violence, rap in roll?

Want to get down and dirty? Line up a couple of honchos who | Secretary Robert Reich - the only | ber: "It's The Economy, Shipld."

promised jobs in return for state tax breaks and then took off with a new gal . . . uh, state. Now that's the kind of infidelity that can get the blood oolling again.

The beauty of my idea isn't just its obvious entertainment value. It's that it might actually enlarge the vision of the moral monitors. Think about it, Virtue marketeer

Bill Bennett has just turned his attention from the sordid sounds of rap music, to the sleazy sights of daytime talk shows. He and Sen. Joseph Lieberman of Connecticut are going after the talk shows and the companies that produce what they generously call "rot." Their

All the virtue lessons these days seem to be about individual behavior. The only time we put a moral when some company, TV network, or media mogul is mucking about in popular culture.

Remember what Bob Dole asked the folks at Time Warner last August? "Must you debase our nation and threaten our children for the sake of corporate profits?" Now there's a question worthy of my talk show host. Maybe if Dole's president thing doesn't work out, we'll audition him for the job. But why limit the question to Time Warner?

sex, violence, rap 'n' roll? In a recent conversation, Labor

man in the administration who still talks this way - said that, "If companies have a moral responsibility not to fill the movie theater and air waves with violence and moral degradation, do they not also have a responsibility to keep workers em ployed when profits are rising? noral responsibility to opgrad worker skills, an obligation to fully fund pension plans, to provide

health care?" Applying his own economic book of virtues, he's been trying to raise the minimum wage, get rid of sweat-shops, and save the Earned Income Tax Credit. He's convinced that there's a "great pool of untapped in dignation" about companies that are resping and not sharing the benefits

of an improved economy. Executives in the 1950s talked a bilities to consumers, workers and communities. But today, Reich says, The CEOs are remarkably quiet We are acting as if the economy had nothing to do with values. We need a serious national discussion about

corporate responsibility." Sally Jesse Raphael defends talk TV against Bennett & Company's charges of trash TV, by swearing that The purpose of the show is very much a morality play."

Well, that's a bit hard to swallow. But hon, if you want a morality plan have I got a new gig for you. The name of my ethics hour? You rement

Pentagon in Push to Step **Up Spying**

Walter Pincus

THE Defence Department has merged the covert intelligence operations of the individual military services and plans to expand its es pionage abroad, starting with estab-ishment of phoney businesses overseas as cover, according to conressional sources.

The Pentagon's new interest is spying is partly the result of pressure from Congress on both the military and the civilian-run Central Intelli gence Agency to send more clandestine agents overseas to work on such targets as terrorism and weapons proliferation that cannot be wellcovered by high-tech apy satellites.

The pumping of new life into the military's apping comes as the CIA's Directorate of Operations - the rincipal agency responsible for sending agents to recruit and handle informants abroad — is under fire both inside the agency and on Capitol Hill for its questionable activities and its failure to detect a Soviet mole within the agency before he caused incalculable damage to CIA spy networks inside the Soviet

The Pentagon plans, however have raised questions inside the ad ministration about how many covert peratives from how many agencies the US needs in the post-Cold War

The bringing together of the mililary's clandestine operatives - once spread through the army, navy, air force and marines — has led to the establishment over the past three years of the Defence HUMINT Human Intelligence) Service, or DHS. It has become a part of the Defence Intelligence Agency, or DIA, and it numbers more than 1,000 uni formed and civilian personnel.

A DIA spokesman declined to omment on how many of the 1,000 were clandestine operatives abroad and how many were back-up per-sonnel. The CIA has roughly 4,500 in its operations directorate, of whom 900 are covert operatives called case officers.

Under a new bill, the DHS is to be given a trial period of three years to carry on commercial activities "to provide cover security to intelligence collection activities underaken abroad".

The request for authority "to provide bona fide commercial cover was so that DHS's operations could withstand investigation by hostile oreign intelligence services as well s domestic scrutiny". The Pentagon wanted to be

granted permanent authority to set up phoney businesses, but a congressional panel only allowed three years. In 1991 Congress gave the JIA a similar authority for three years. But that authority is about to run out after never being used, because it took that long to arrange unification of the services' separate

Congress is pressing for more human intelligence collection in coming years, especially from agenta working undercover outside of US embassies. Congress believes these non-official cover personnel are well-suited to deal with the new intelligence objectives of combating terorism and proliferation of weapons? of mass destruction, and gathering; information about economics.

Iranian Team Unveils Its Olympic hopes time on a 550-yard course. Over the objections of reli-

John Lancaster in Tehran

MEET the Iranian national women's flatwater kayaking team, among the newest entrants in a growing movement to make ports acceptable - and accesible - to women in a country known more for religious zeal than equality of the sexes. Their male coach says the extra clothing adds 10 seconds to their

to compete internationally in a handful of sports, so long as they can do so without compromising Islamic rules on covering their

glous conservatives, the govern

ment has begun to upgrade sports facilities for women and

Olympics in Atlanta. Other possible sports for women in chadors are table tennis, horsejumping, skiing, shooting has granted permission for them "I want to have a place in

western or international sports while simultaneously observing and preserving Islamic regula-tions and values," said Paiza The kayakers hope to qualify Hashemi, the daughter of

President Hashemi Rafsanjani and a leading backer of women's sports in Iran.
"I think Muslim women need

more of this, because the world has a negative image of them." Ms Hashemi, 33, is vicepresident of the Iranian Olympic

The government's insistence on dress codes means women cannot compete in such Olympic mainstays as swimming, track and field events, basketball or

Empowerment Flows from Waterworks

Lynne Duke in Kabanana Township, Zambia

TS NOT that Julia Malembeka thinks men couldn't solve the L water crisis here on the northern outskirts of Lusaka. They just didn't. So she did.

Actually, Malembeka and about 100 other women here did it together, for they, as women of Africa, have traditionally had the responsibility of finding water for their familles - collecting it in pails and jugs from a far-off stream, carrying i aton their heads when no transpor was available and making the always long walk home, where the water would quickly be used for cooking, drinking, washing, clean-ing, and the whole process would have to start all over.

"This water sometimes could dirty water, but any water was better than none." Malembeka said in a cheery sing-song voice that makes even dirty water sound pleasant.

Collecting water long has been vomen's work, and now thanks to the Kabanana Site and Service Women's Club, drilling for water in his community of 8,000 is women's work too, as well as financing it. distributing it and, for now, control-

Water often is a scarce resource here in the arid regions of Africa, where the absence of adequate rain-

drought across southern Africa. Malembeka, 43, a mother, wife

and secretary, never imagined she'd someday know so much about water pressure, water tanks, groundwater and bore holes. But when her club decided to take up water as a problem to solve, the material on development that continually reached her desk at UNICEF, where she has worked for 18 years, suddenly took on new meaning. She devoured it all

for knowledge on water. The work that she and her members have undertaken is a dramatic break from traditional gender relaions in Africa, where women are like a silent support staff to the men in charge.
The Kabanana women have noth-

ing against their men, they just want to run the water works on their own. So they have prohibited men from olning their club, and wrestled with the local town councilor for use of the police post and its electricity. Although some men bristled at this new development, who can complain about suddenly having a nearby source of water?

"They have no choice. They are drinking clean water. Their shirts are cleaner," Malembeka said.

"Our culture indicates that when you are in the presence of men you lust let the men talk and you listen," sald Malembeka, whose father ad-

vised her she need not finish sec-ondary school since her place was simply to marry. She did finish school, took a few courses in college and married, too.

Even at the local PTA, where mos of the members are women, all but one of the officers is a man, Malembeka said. "I was fuming," she said with a laugh, explaining that she would have tried to become an officer, but was too late in arriving. And at the new Highlands School.

the first school in Kabanana, there is no water either — although a high-tech pumping system was in-stalled with World Bank funding. There are 1,000 students, who carry small containers of water to tide them through the day, but of course it is not enough. "They are not learning," said headmaster Ngonia

Ariton, "They are looking for water. For reasons that have escaped even the inquiring mind of Malembeka, the water taps here in Kabanana, supplied by the city of Lusaka, went dry about five years ago - a casualty, no doubt, of the country's dire economic straits and the problem endemic to most developing countries: Things intended to work just don't.

The idea for a water project came to Malembeka as she read development material at UNICEF; where her most recent job was as secretary to the resident director.

cles and banks and received enough funding - 25 million kwacha (\$27,000) - to drill for water. They also installed a tank with a capacity of 2.340 gallons and taps for th townspeople to fill their jugs.

A stipulation of their funding from an Irish relief agency was that the women's club should contribute 25 percent. To raise it, the women held barbeques and wrote letters to potential donors. And they charge townspeople a small monthly fee for use of the new water available. The club's only employee, a man, keeps watch over the water and the

Unfortunately, like many happy tales, this one has hit a rough patch, for the women's group is nearly bankrupt. The Lusaka bank where their funds were on deposit collapsed in May, and no one knows when or if anyone will recover her

None of this stops Malembeka from musing about future development. "We hope to have a clinic, too. We have no clinic," she said. "And the roads, too," which are dirt and deeply rutted. "We hope that one day we'll have the phones. Then you can pick up the phone in Jo'burg and reach me at my home.

"They are dreams," she sighs.

But maybe not.

Research on 'Gay Gene' Confirmed

RESEARCHERS have confirmed and extended one of the most controversial findings in modern biology: the discovery that hereditary. men to homosexuality.

In last week's issue of the journal Nature Genetics, a team headed by molecular biologist Dean Hamer of the National Cancer Institute (NCI) in Washington reports new evidence that genetic material on one segment of the X chromosome seems to influence the probability of homosexuality in males — though not in females.

"The next stage," Hamer said, "Is to identify the (specific) gene or genes involved" and to try to deter-mine exactly what blochemical processes might be at work.

Only a few years ago, the notion of a "gay gene" was regarded as highly speculative, if not outlandish. But now numerous labs across the country are investigating whether that "precautions must be taken to and how genetic variation may affect homosexuality, and the next few years will produce an explosion of data in this highly volatile field.

"The climate has changed," said Elliot Gershon, chief of clinical neurogenetics at the National Institute of Mental Health, whose lab has begun its own "gay gene" study. "It has Dean Hamer's work, but also be being gay would make it difficult to cause the gay community - although it is split on the issue - finds the work interesting and thinks it may make a positive contribution."

Beth Barrett, spokesperson for

Force, called Hamer's study an im- researchers theorized that if genes I ous early claims were retracted.

portant addition to the growing body of evidence indicating a biological basis for homosexuality in some people." But she cautioned that "precautions must be taken to. ainst any individuals or groups

Although most researchers believe the development of homosexconstellation of "environmental factors" such as personal experience, upbringing and family background, the discovery of a gene or genes regard homosexuality as solely a matter of personal choice. '1'

affect sexual orientation, then male homosexual siblings would share the same kind of distinctive configuration in at least one section of their DNA. In fact, the results showed that 83 percent of the gay brothers had the same set of five telltale genetic markers on the X chromosome. The odds of that happening v chance are 1 in 200

The finding met with considerable laitial skepticism — in part because ual orientation is influenced by a l'of its politically provocative subject, link has ever been shown between a particular arrangement of genetic material and a specific behavior. '-

changed to a large extent because of that increase the probability of A flurry of widely publicized research in the 1980s indicated tentative hereditary causes for conditions as diverse as alcoholism Hamer's group had first proposed | manic depression and schizophre the existence of a "gay gene" in the But scientists were unable to 1993, based on DNA studies of 40 confirm those results in repeated the National Gay and Lesbian Task | pairs of homosexual brothers. The | follow-up experiments, and numer



Quebec moves closer than ever to making the break

EDITORIAL

S ELDOM has the outcome of a political battle hung in the balance for so long. Seldom has a victory been such a cause for concern, or a defeat such cause for optimism. Seldom has a country emerging from an election scemed as divided as Quebec after its October 30 referendum on independence, which resulted in the "Yes" camp scraping home with a majority of 50.6 per cent.

scems to belong to the remote past. On that occasion the adversaries of sovereignty for Quebec won hands down. This time, the verdict of the polls has left Quebec torn between the

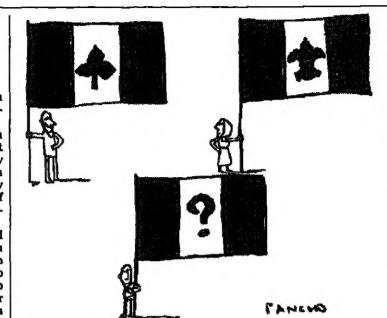
Never have the separatists been so numerous — they now enjoy a clear majority in the French-speaking community. Never has their national feeling

gulf that sets them apart from English-speakers and recent imnigrants been so marked.

Although they lost by a have been delighted to see how deeply their ideas have taken root in Quebec society, and how irreversible the movement of which they form part has be-

by bitter disappointment, which they must do their best to overcome. They will need to resist the temptation to come up with an "ethnic" explanation for their defeat that could lead them to seek scapegoats among the

The federalists face no less daunting a task. The referendum verdict and the extreme political polarisation resulting from it have sent them an unambiguous message: after having proudly recovered their collective identity over a period of several years, Québécois are increas-ingly opposed to the status quo



and yearn to be recognised as "distinct society".

Le Monde

It was because he was canable of expressing that ardent desire so eloquently, speaking to Quéwith a combination of enthusiasm and demagoguery, and constantly invoking such notions as history and memory, that their much-loved leader Lucien Bouchard led them to the brink of success in only a few weeks. Will the Ottawa government at

last heed Quehec's message? It must have been given a fright, in retrospect, by the possibility of a national break-up. The question is: will it have

muster the courage and ima nation to accept Quebet specificity at last and ember with it on a sweeping po-gramme of federal structural pform without necessarily gettig caught up in a fresh - and w doubt interminable - consts tional sagu of uncertain of

In any case, Canada's national debt and its forthcoming sustrity programme will force the ki eral government to scale don its "spending power" and for greater freedom of action to h 10 provinces - and none more so than Quebec.

If the federalist camp was miaguided enough to miss th last opportunity to look at fred solutions, the separatists, we believe that it is only a questin of time before independent i achieved, might be tempted marshal their troops once sa some years from now.

"A la prochaine," shou Jacques Parizeuu, the (form) premier of Quebec, echologa battle cry of his political mass. René Lévesque, after the 198 referendum. Who knows? Ner time things could indeed im out the "right" way.

Russia's big spenders line Finnish pockets

Alain Debove in Vaalimaa

EIJO VUORELA runs a thriving little business empire in Vanlimas, a Finnish town on the border with Russia, 180km from Helsinki and some 200km from St Petersburg. It consists of a caférestaurant, a supermarket, an exchange bureau and an office where tourists can get their VAT refunded.

He can issue visas ranging in duration from 24 hours to one year, and provides numerous services for lorry-drivers of all nationalities extra insurance in case they are worried about the state of Russian roads, tourist information, free saunas and showers, and the use of a fax. His business, Aimoannos Market Vaalimaa, enjoys the great advantage of having no competitors. It tripled its turnover between 1990

started operations in 1982 without imagining for a moment that one Mikhail Gorbachev would bring about the fall of communism and the break-up of the Soviet Union. He opened a café for Soviet lorry-drivers and the few privileged tourists who were allowed to go on coach trips to

"This border post was only created n 1958, and only stayed open in June, July and August," he says. "Until 1994 it closed between 10pm and 8am. Today the traffic never stops." The in both directions rose from 300,000 rehicles in 1989 to 600,000 in 1991 and more than 800,000 last year.

Vuorela intends to open a 3,700square-metre complex next vear (three times the size of his present shopping space) a few kilometres from Vaalimaa next to a new and more functional border post. While he was explaining his plans to me, the alarm bell of an electronic gate at the exit of his supermarket suddenly began ringing.
"Another Russian!" he sighed. "It

appens 10 times a day. They've got itchy fingers. They'll take anything, even a packet of sweets or paper hankies. I used to call the police, but they've got better things to do. So we deal with the problem ourselves: we jot down their passport numbers and ask them to go back through ture in the region. the checkout and pay for the goods

they were trying to pinch. They agree without batting an eyelid." The supermarket's Russian customers, who are mostly well-off, come to buy ment, sausages, timed food and jam at Finnish prices, which are high, but not as high as they are back home. The Finnish, Swedish and Dutch retailers who have set up stores in St Petersburg offer the same choice and quality, but prohibitive taxes make it cheaper to go hopping in the West.

For decades Finland and the Soviet Union enjoyed thriving trade relations. They used the barter system: Finnish industry supplied ce-breakers, turn-key factories and consumer goods in return for Soviet

That system, which at one time accounted for almost 30 per cent of the Nordic countries' foreign trade, ended when Gorbachev came to power. Business is now done in hard currency. Helsinki no longer has a "special" trading relationship with Russia, but both countries are keen to increase co-operation and border trade.

Petersburg and its region have almost twice as many inhabitants as Finland. "It's also the Russian city with the highest proportion of wealthy people. We're lucky to have that kind of clientele the other side of the border, and we must try to Gulf of Finland.

The Finns rightly feel that the strategic importance for the devel- up new taxes."

opment of trade between the Russian Federation and the European Union (of which Finland has been a member since the beginning of the vear), and that structural funds from Brussels could be used to iniprove the road and rail infrastruc-On the Finnish side work is al-

ready well advanced: sections of motorway have been completed, and the smallish trunk road leading to the border is being widened. In Russia, by way of contrast, lorries still drive on roads from another age, and the authorities seem in no harry to modernise the network - at least not until they get aid from the European Union and the World Bank.

Apart from the question of transport, the main obstacle to a rapid ncrease in trade is a typically Russian phenomenon: red tape, petty obstructiveness and antiquated ac ministrative methods, which, because of the intensity of road traffic,

"Russian customs officers love rubber stamps, but they must be round, and placed on a very precise part of any document. They hate rectangular stamps, and lozengeshaped ones even more," says Jukka-Pekka Jaaskelainen, who set up a freight company last year a few

kilometres from the customs post. His main activity for the time being is providing shelter for westto turn back because of unpredictable behaviour by Russian cus-

"One day they might decide a load is too heavy, so we have to unload 10 tonnes of goods and put them temporarily in store. The next make the most of it," says Ritva Lof, | day, they will discover that a docuhead of the tourist office in Kotka, a | ment is missing and say they need port of 55,000 inhabitants on the to phone Moscow — but they can't get through to Moscow. Nowadays Russian customs don't have any Helsinki-St Petersburg axis is of rules. They sometimes even think

everything they can to get rich Russigns to stop off in their town rather than go straight on and spend their dollars or deutschmarks in Helsinki. As one of them admits; "It's not that we like them particularly. but they're loaded."

For three years now, the tourist office has handed out to visitors, as they come through customs or get their visa, a copy of West Side Store, a catalogue in Russian listing boutiques, stores, local artisans, doctors and dentists (who are very

much in demand) It looks like the Yellow Pages, but also contains a section in which the police give this on how to park, use a parking meter and behave in a shop, and explain why it is a good idea to brake as you approach a pedestrian crossing. This rather condescending advice reflects a certain degree of resentment on the part of the local population.

TET Kotka tries to offer the best service possible. In June, July and August, and during the run-up to Christmas, the town council employs three young women armed with cellular phones, who patrol the streets in readiness for a call from any shopkeeper re-

Twenty-three-year-old Clara says: "It's a great summer job, but not allike to stay independent and manage by themselves. What they're most interested in at the moment are fitted kitchens, furniture, stereo systems, electronic equipment and TV sets."

Pekka Ahonen, owner of the Classic House store, agrees: "Anything to do with housing or interior decoration is selling well at the moment, because St Petersburg is in the process of wholesale renovation. I sell a lot of artificial mouldings and cornices that are used in the restoration of old flats."

With the aim of promoting saand medium-sized companies F the savoir-faire of his region t dynamic Ahonen and a dozenot colleagues have opened an again in St Petersburg, run by Russicwhose job is to monitor dayloc changes in trading and custor legislation.

"That's essential if you want build up long-term trading his might as well just stock up wi tubes of pep pills!

"The Russians are wonderfulo" tomers. They've got loads of most It's only when they ask for socthing on account that I get a lis less enthusiastic."

Jorma Karine, who runs a be ing materials business in the dec of the forest a few kilometres is the border, has also jumped at the Russian property bandwage Every week two lorryloads of no rials leave his warehouse bound! "We Finns have dealt with b

Russians for ages and we known actly how to work with them, he said. "Even so, they never fail or prise us. For instance, a Rust might turn up here intending toh my complete stock of bricks, de board panels, window frames paint, because he imagines Int run out of them tomorrow-and some considerable time. Or it or be because he thinks prices on suddenly go through the roof.

Vuorela's electronic alarm il out once again in his superman "Everything is still very new 10.2" hasn't changed much. It's a po the region of St Petersburg and it Gulf of Finland has a gening growth potential. From time to in it gets so depressing one has to f away from it all."

That is what Vuorela and his will did last year. They decided to specific a week's holiday at the luxury His Négresco in Nice He in freaked out when he hoarded to plane in Helsinki: 50 per cent de passengers were speaking Russel (November 2)



French police are given new weapons to combat growing unrest in the suburbs

Erich Inciyan

TN THE wake of repeated out-L breaks of violence on suburban housing estates, one of which re-sulted in a policeman being seriously wounded by a sniper, France's new head of public security, Daniel Dugléry, last week announced new neasures aimed at improving law and order in these areas.

He said the number of specialised crime squads (BACs) would be increased to cover all the departements around Paris. BACs are usually made up of teams of three plain-clothes policemen who drive around in unmarked cars, mostly at night, with the aim of "jumping" etty delinquents.

More importantly, suburban police are going to get new equipment. This includes faster cars than their existing Renault 5s or 21s, bulletproof jackets, and Flash Ball guns that fire rubber bullets (which are already in use in Switzerland and he United States).

The bulletproof jackets, which are lighter than existing models, are deneath a uniform or civilian clothes. seasonal variations: contrary to pop-

The black Flash Ball bullets, | ular belief about "long hot sumwhich are the size of ping-pong balls are made of highly compressed rubber. Fired by a short gun with one or two barrels, the bullets are accurate over a distance of up to 12 metres and pack a punch as hard as a heavyweight's. They are designed to knock out, but not kill, their target acted cautiously to the new mea-Five hundred of the guns are to be sures. However, Jacky Viallet, head issued to the police, together with a warning that they are only to be

used in self-defence. Duglery also announced that there would be greater coordination between various police departments operating in sensitive areas, as well as with the judiciary.

Students at police colleges will henceforth be trained to deal with urban violence, and field training courses will include trouble spots, so that new police officers can start their career with some direct experience of such problems.

These new police measures are a response to the increasing frequency of violent incidents in suburban areas, but are not intended to be seen as emergency action. The police regard the current upsurge in such incidents as reflecting mers", statistics auggest that unrest in suburban areas is worst in the spring and the autumn. Police sources claim that violence is still nowhere near as frequent or as serious as in the US. The police trade unions have re-

of the largest union - the leftwing Fasp — described the measures as "useless" and "a smokescreen". He criticised them because they "tackle the effects and not the deeper causes of the breakdown in law and order in the suburbs, such as drug trafficking, the black economy generated by that activity, and even arms dealing, which is perhaps not unconnected with the rise of fundamentalism". Other police unions gave the measures a cautious

Meanwhile Eric Raoult, minister f integration, speaking in Arnoushould extend a hand to the inhabitants of problem areas, as the president of the republic said; but we should also make sure it doesn't

(October 31)

More broken promises

Georges Marion

THE French government, L through repeated failures in he way it communicates with the public, persists in doing the exact opposite of what it says it

President Jacques Chirac's election pledge to lower texation oment he took up office. His promise last week to tackle the problem of crime on auburban housing estates in an intelligent way has scarcely outlasted the elevision programme on which

te announced it. In answer to a question from a ournalist, he told the nation that t was, above all, vital "to try to provide [the suburbs concerned] with economic activity, work and employment, and law and order will come gradually; but it cannot be given priority, because it will then look like provocation, and the effects of that are bad." Few would guibble with those

sentiments — except, it would seem, Daniel Duglery, the new head of public security at the inthree days after Chirac's televipriority was to equip auburban police forces with fast cars, bullet-proof jackets and guns that fire rubber bullets. Now no one would dispute

that police forces in the suburbs of big cities operate under tricky and sometimes dangerous con-ditions. Only the other day, a po-liceman was shot and seriously wounded by a sniper in Mantesla-Jolie, a notorious trouble spot west of Paris.

But the equipment the police are now being provided with is technically unsuited to deal with everyday incidents and may be a threat to their own safety. The decision to make the use

of bulletproof jackets more widespread — so the police will begin o look like the UN blue helmets in Bosnia — will send quite the wrong message to those con-fronting a police force whose job is to restore peace in trouble

As for the so-called harmless rubber bullets, youngsters in the suburbs have grown up on a diet of television pictures of the Intifada and clashes in South African townships, and know exactly what to expect. It is only to be feared, then, as Chirac himself suggested, that they may feel they are being subjected to provocation.

(October 31)

Italy's PM lives to fight another day

Marie-Claude Decemps in Rome

have been claiming that Italy has seen the dawn of its "second republic". Unfortunately, all the evidence suggests that its first republic is still alive, if moribund, as it limps from one pseudo-crisis to another.

The old political monsters may have gone, but some of their prac-tices linger on. There could have been no better demonstration of that than the latest abortive attempt by Silvio Berlusconi and the centreright parties to pass a motion of no confidence against Lamberto Dini's government

The motion would have been carried if everyone had voted as they said they would. But the communists of Rifondazione Comunista, who had announced their intention of supporting the motion, changed their minds at the last minute for such - Chamber of Deputies tell appear

Not only was the motion rejected, but it backfired politically on Berlusconi, the very man who had thought it up in the first place, "Il Cavaliere". who expected to lead his troops to victory, was forced to retire hurt.

Italy would have woken up on October 27 without a government i Fausto Bertinotti, secretary of Rifondazione Comunista and sworn enemy of the prime minister, had not realised at the last moment that his rank and file were in no mood to vote with the rightwing parties against Dini, as he had asked them to do. With his 24 deputies, he could have tipped the balance either way.

Such a vote would have made impossible for the communists later to enter into any electoral pacts with centre-left parties and so would also have robbed them of seats in the

Given the urgency of the situation, Dini was moved to help Bertinotti get out of his predicament by solemnly pledging to step down as prime minister on December 31. Dini had announced anyway some time ago that he would go once he had seen the budget through and outlined legislation to provide all future candidates equal access to television. So his promise to Bertinotti

did not cost him very dear. In a skilful speech, Dini invoked the higher interests of state, which required that a budget be passed. Bertinotti, while announcing he was opposed to the budget and would not vote in favour of it, pretended to be swayed by those very same higher interests and eventually ab-

stained in the vote of no confidence. The whole episode would be of only anecdotal interest if the lira did not take a plunge every time there was a fresh threat of instability, and if, after the seismic "clean hands" drive against corruption which and shook the country's institutions to their foundations, Italy had succeeded in infusing itself with new political blood. The political community as a

whole is aware that an election is in the country's interest, but realises all too well that the first-past-thepost electoral system has not worked well instead of "polarising" political forces into two solid and well-knit blocs, it has resulted in a fragmentation of the old parties. To go into a general election in those circumstances is to run the risk of Italy becoming ungovernable once

That explains the survival since January of the present "government of technicians", headed by Berlus coni's former treasury minister. The way Dini filled a vacuum and put in a respectable performance on the international stage suited a lot of people, and papered over the cracks.

A curious balance was achieved between a government that was by definition "transitional" and President Oscar Luigi Scalfaro, who was lent added weight by the political emergency and institutional crisis.

That whole illusory house of cards collapsed when the progressives of the Democratic Party of the Left (PDS), Dini's main source of support, voted with those who called for the sacking of justice minister Filippo Mancuso, who was waging open war against magis-

It became clear during the debate in Italy's upper house, preceding its vote of no confidence against the justice minister, that the government had long been a "government of technicians" in name only. Berlusconi promptly seized the opportunity for which he had been waiting for 10 months to try to get

O YET another crisis has been weathered, but nothing has been solved. All that can be said is that the situation has been clarified: the centre-left parties make up the official majority, and the centre-right parties now regard themselves as being in opposition.

Dini has officially won a two-month stay of execution, but it is far from certain that he will succeed in pushing his finance act through. since both the right and the commu-

nist left have promised to fight it. And the victory he snatched is the Chamber of Deputies could well turn out to be Pyrrhic, a theory al-ready advanced by Gianfranco Fini. Berlusconi's ally and leader of the right-wing National Alliance.

What happens now? Anything i possible. The centre-right parties can do nothing without Berlusconi. yet Berlusconi, who is due to go on trial in January on bribery charges, is now his party's biggest liability.

As for the centre-left bloc, it is still hamstrung by its alliances. If it leans too far to the left, it will lose the support of the centrists; and if it shifts too far to the right, it will alienate the communists.

In the circumstances some people are beginning to wonder whether Dini, if he manages to finish his time in office without leaving things in too much of a mess, may not be able to stay on in power with a broader-based majority after his official resignation on December vantage of giving Italy a semblance of stability as it takes up the European Union presidency. (October 28)

Le Monde

Directeur: Jean-Marie Colombani World copyright by C Le Monde, Paris All rights strictly reserved

& Christmas Mail Order

IEWISH MUSIC 7

EUROPE'S LEADING JEWISH MUSIC SPECIALIST

Cantorial; Klezmer; Yiddish & Ladino; Folk, Pop, and Jazz from Israel. 1,500 titles from 120 suppliers in over 25 countries. Cassettes/CDs/Videos/Songbooks.

TRADE ENOURIES WELCOME

For details write, phone or fax: PO Box 2268, Hendon, London NW4 3UN ENGLAND Tel/Fax +44 181 203 8048

SEND CHRISTMAS PRESENTS - THE EASY WAY

Let us wrap and post your gifts to friends and relatives in the UK. Order now from an extensive selection of beautifully illustrated books, entertaining and informative games, and CD-Roms. Ideal presents for all ages. Save the time cost and worry of posting gifts from overseas. For your free catalogue contact.

Alison Bryson, Independent Distributor, Dorling Kindersley Family Library, PO Box 87, Amersham, Bucks. HP6 6TB, UK Fax (44) 1494 728700



Out of Print books English and U.S ound and sent worldwide. A Helpful and efficient service with no Caroline Hartley

Chesterfield, England S41 0AR

BOOKS FOR CHRISTMAS CATALOGUE AVAILABLE

We can supply any UK-published book in print, (USA as well but that takes longer), at the published price plus postage. We can also supply your UK relations and friends with a Book Token for any amount in multiples of 50p (please add 50p to cover cost of card and postage).

We accept payment by Access/Viss/Eurocard; sterling cheque or International Money Order. Call Sandra or Marion on 01395,445486

17 BIGH STREET UDLEIGH SALTERTON.

Hampers & Sifts 1995 VIRGINIA HAYWARD LTD

We can deliver to friends and family anywhere in the U.K.

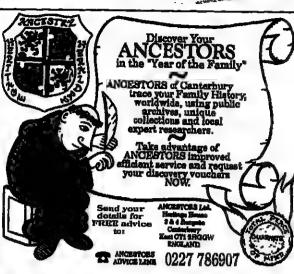
TEL: +44 (0)1747 852598 FAX: +44 (0)1747 851057

For Personal & Company Gifts, at Christmas & throughout



ORIGINAL IRISH GRANDFATHER SHIRT or generations the GLENESKE shirt has been a tradutional aut of everyday life in rural treland, 100% brushed common with fast colours, the GLENESKE often warmth, comfon and usrability, fashiopable and practical, for mon and women. STATURE 19.99
SOLDOOL 221.59
SOCIETION CASE
SOCIETION CASE
SALES OF PERSON CASE
SALES OF PERS

The Grandfather Shirt Co



GLENDEVON SMOKED SALMON KINROSS KY13 7UL SCOTLAND

superb acariel gift boy.	UN	EUR	USA/JAPAN
Boz alicad 277 gms	£10.50	£12.50	£17.50
11b sliced 454 gms	£17.00	£19.00	£29.00
2lb alloed 908 gms	£28.00	£30.00	£39.00
eble elde ang 809 positro	£25.00	\$20.00	£38.00

LEES' CHEESES

FINE BRITISH CHEESES BY MAIL ORDER Finest English speciality Farmhouse cheese delivered to your door. of list including cow, goat and sheep, hard, soft and blue, single cheeses, presentation boxes and wicker baskets. WORLDWIDE DELIVERIES WELCOME Tel/Fax +44 (0) 1206 868688 129 WINNOCK ROAD, COLCHESTER, ESSEX CO1 2DIP



BLIZABETH REID A GRAPE LANE, YORK YOL 2HU Telephone (01904) 636626 🧖

FRESH FLOWERS DELIVERED THROUGHOUT MAINLAND BRITAIN

Lilles, Orchids, Roses, Anthuri sonal Country Garden Bo and Special Requests. Bouquets packaged in white dissue-lined boxes Quality and presentation assur-

by Elizabeth. Orders by mail, fax or phone minimum £25 sterling inclusive of delivery

AIR POROUS MITE FREE MATTRESS, PILLOW

DUVET AND CUSHION COVERS ALL WELDED **SEAMS** Send for details & VAT Allergy Relief Products Ltd

Mansion House, Mansion Road, SO15 3BP Tel: 01703 332919/586709 Fai: 01703 332919/676226



PAST FORWARDS



Full size & minatures Mounting service & ribbons S.A.E. for replacement list Newton Ferrers, Plymouth, Devon, England, PL8 1DH. TEL 01752 872672

naxos cd's C1.00 The A to Z of Classical Music 2cd's & 270pg Book Prices valid ontil Dec. 31st. Overseus pitty as applicable. Full price list & Hanned time offers. CROTCHET & CO Lodiow, Shropshire SY8 1PR, England Tel/Fax +44 1584 877777



ANTIQUE DESKS

Large stock of old desks in oak, mahogany & walnut. Victorian, Edwardian, roll top, cylinder, partners'. Dickens and pedestal desks and writing tables.



DON SPENCER ANTIQUES

WARWICK 01926 499857 KNOWLE 01564 775470 MOBILE: 0836 525755 24 hr Ausaphone 01926 407989 Old desks purchased 36a Market Place, Warwick CV34 4SH Beneath Vintage Antique Centre



We're talking

COMEDY

collection of Come

Great Gifts. Great Value.

For FREE Catalogue call

01732 743732

Listening POST (Dept WG01) Greatness Lane, Sevenoaks, Kent TN14 5BQ

Unusual Christman Presents

NEW PEWTER WITH AN

Books.

Classic Fiction Crime Plays

OLD LOOK

Handerafted

Pewter Tanturds

Goblets and Plates

Westwood Pewter Studio 116

Avun, Wille BA15 2DN

Tek:phone (0225) 867754

UK BOOK PUBLISHER

sublication to the highest standards MERLIN BOOKS LTD (G.W.) sunton, Devon BX33 25A Engla Tels +44(0)1271 816430 Faxs +44 (0)1271 812117

eaders are recommanded to make appropriate

enquiries and take proper

expense or entering into a

nding commitment in

The Guardian Weekly chall

erson for loss or damage

curred or suffered as a

esult of the acceptance or

offer to accept an invitation

ontained in any dvertisement published in

ha Guardian Weekly.

not be held liable to any

advice before sending

n Authors to send exerceoripts for stion under Alternative Bookples. / licel, low cost, on demand system.

Brockure from

(Also ask about our child's first wide; the perfect Cleastening present) Barbour THE BEST BRITISH

THE ANTIQUE WINE COMPANY specialises, from its extensive visuge cellar stock, in muching exceptoral for wine to anniversary oggazing straight

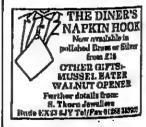
'resented in an engraved case, ea

ottle comes with an original issue in T limes' iron, the recipient's birth due adque report and interesting history.

Teb (UK) 01827 830707



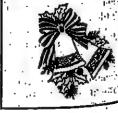
Kings of Maidenhead BERKSHIRE SLG 8PW, U.K



FINE FOODS FROM FRANCE

Quality foods at unrivalled prices by stall order from Praise. Fole Gras, Pates, Cassonieth, Canits, and much more. Also available in gill boxes for every occusion. Contact: William Harms Fine Foods from France St Laurent - Lolmie 40800 Monteus, France Tel: +33 65318520





Association of Commonwealth Universities



For further details of any of the following staff vacancies please contact the Appointments Department, ACU, 36 Gordon Square, London WCIH OPF, UK (internat. tel. +44 171 813 3024 [24 hour answerphone]; fex +44 171 813 3055; e-mail: appta.acu@ucLac.uk), quoding reference number of post(s). Details will be sent by almall/first class post. A sample copy of the publication Appointments in Commonwealth Universities,

including aubscription deta	ils, is available from the same source.	omveatti Universiti
University	Post	Ref. No.
AFRICA AND THE CAR	IBBEAN	vei' uo'
Bolswana	AP/SL Political & Administrative Studies	W44450
Botsware	L Law	W44457
Возмаци	Senior Internal Auditor	W44458
Bolswana	L Human Geography	7744438 W44459
Capa Town (South Africa)	Chair of Sociology	W44449
NUST (Zimbabwe)	P Civil & Water Engineering	W44442
NUST (Zimbabwe)	AP/SL/L Civil & Water Engineering	W44443
NUST (Zimbabwe)	AP/SL/L Industrial Engineering	W44444 W44444
NUST (Zimhabwa)	P/AP/SL/L Business Management	W44445
NUST (Zimbabwa)	AP/SL/L Applied Physics	₩44445 ₩44446
Zimbabwe	P Biochemistry	₩44460
Zimbabwe	AP/SL/L Business Studies	
Zimbsbwe	AP/SL/L Educational Poundations	W44461
Zimbabwo	AP/SL/L Surveying	W44462
Zinbabwa	AP/SL/L Surgery	W44463
Zimbabwo	AP/SL/L Blochemistry	W44464
Inthabwe	AP/SL/L Mathematics	W44465 W44466
Zmbebwe	RAP/SRF/RF Wood Technology Centre	
AUSTRALIA	and a second	W44467
Adelaldo	P Sustainable Agricultural Production	W(413)
UNU (Canberra)	F/RF/PDF Economics	W44431 W44434
ANU (Canberra)	L Economics	W44452
HONG KONG		1744432
long Kong Polytechnic Univ	AP Maritime Studies	W44453
long Kong UST	Head, Department of Accounting	W44435
inly. Hong Kong	L Clinical Psychology	W44433
laiv. Hong Kong	Registrar	W44451
niv. Hong Kong	SL Business Studies/Management Studies	W44471
EW ZRALAND	Barrens availed	44-4-4-4-1
rago (Dunedin)	L-Psychology	3241473
kago (Dunedin)	L Chemistry	W44472
ACTRC	•	W44473
outh Pacific (Fiji)	L Land Management & Development	30/4/460
outh Pacific (Fiji)	R/SL Accounting & Financial Management	W44468
outh Pacific (Fiji)	L Accounting & Financial Management	W44469
outh Pacific (Solomon Isles)	Director, Institute of Marine Resources	W44470
NITED STAICDOM	The state of the s	W44437

MANAGING DIRECTOR

Abbreviations: P - Professor; AP - Associate Professor; R - Render; SL - Sentor Lecturer; L - Lecturer; RAP -

Research Associate Professor: SRF - Sentor Research Fellow: F - Fellow: RF - Research Fellow:

Based in Peshawar, Pakistan

UNITED KINGDOM

Starting 1 June 1996

W44432

Afghanaid has been giving humanitarian aid to the Afghan people since 1983. With around 200 staff (most of them Afghan) and a budget of about £1.5 million, we have established a reputation as a well run and effective organisation. Continuing our rehabilitation programme in rural Afghanistan, this year we changed our strategy to focus on helping the poorest communities meet their basic needs. As a result, we have been piloting a community development approach in one of Afghanistan's most remote areas.

We are looking for someone who has the vision and skills to help us see through these important changes. She/he will have over five years' senior management experience in an international development agency, preferably some of it working in Asia and a conflict area. If you have expertise in managing policy and strategy on behalf of a Committee, can demonstrate your capacity for raising funds from institutions and enjoy taking responsibility for people and plans, please get in touch.

The post is based at our Head Office, currently in Peshawar, involves regular travel in Afghanistan and Europe, pays a tax-free salary of £25,131 pa plus a comprehensive benefits package, and has a 3-year renewable contract.

For an information pack, tel UK-171-278-2832 or fax UK-171-837-8155, or write to Marina Afzal, Afghanaid, 292 Pentonville Road, London N1 9NR. Closing date 22 December 1995, interviews late January 1996.

Afghanaid

Registered in England as a company limited by guarantee, so 3034888 Registered in the UK as a charity, no 1045348

MINES ADVISORY GROUP **OVERSEAS VACANCIES**

The Mines Advisory Group is an international humanitarian charity (UK registered) committed to addressing the problem of landmines and unexploded ordnance among the most vulnerable communities worldwide. MAG operates in North Iraq, Angola, Cambodia, Lacs, Zambia and Talia Implementation Zaire implementing humanitarian mine clearance and community mine awareness education programmes. MAG is totally committed to a global ban on landmines and is a member of the Steering Committee of the international Campaign to Ban Landmines.

Regional Director - Southern Africa (Required asap): MAG runs an integrated programme of mine awareness and mine/ordnance eradication in eastern Angola, as well as mine awareness programmes amongst Angolan refugees in Zambia and Zaire. Based in Luanda the RD will co-ordinate all MAG programmes in southern Africa. The individual required will have excellent representational and management skills as well as strong leadership, ideally gained in the humanitarial sector overseas. Ability to speak Portuguese and French would be advantageous.

This is a re-advertisement, previous applicants need not apply.

CMAP Manager - Angola (Required asap) : MAG will be expanding their integrated clearance and mine awareness programmes to other areas in eastern Angola. We are looking for a clearance and mine awareness programmes to other areas in eastern Angola. We are looking for a CMAP Manager who will be responsible for the implementation of the mine awareness component of the programme. The successful candidate will have community development experience and/or experience in village level communication programmes. Training and management skills are essential. Ability to speak Portuguese would be an advantage. The successful candidate may be required at times to work as the only senior staff member in often difficult situations.

Programme Director - North Iraq (Required February 1996): MAG has worked in the Kurdish controlled region of Iraq since 1992, running an integrated programme of mine/ordnance eradication, demarcation, and community mine awareness. The programme operates with over 500 national staff working from six operational bases spread across the region. Senior International management experience, preferably with an NGO, is desirable together with excellent representational and communication skills.

Administration Coordinator - North Iraq (Required asap): An experienced administrator with training skills is required for a minimum of three months (extension dependent on funding in 1996). Duties will involve the strengthening of financial, logistical and administrative systems within this complex and geographically dispersed programme. Working closely with the national administrator the post-holder will also identify and address the training needs of our This is a re-advertisement, previous applicants need not apply.

Survey Manager - Laos: required for an Unexploded Ordnance Impact Survey. MAG Laos hopes to be awarded this month a contract by UNDP to conduct a nationwide study that will seek to document the social and economic impact of unexploded ordinance (UXO). The contract period will be January - September 1996. The Survey Manager will have skills in some or all of the following areas: community development, experience in village level education and communication programmes, participatory survey techniques and data gathering activities, especially agricultural base line surveys. Ability to prioritise, provide effective management and work to tight deadlines will be essential. The successful candidate must be available to leave for Laos by I January 1996. Position

Volunteers to work as Project Monitors - Laos: required for the Unexploded Ordnance Impact Survey. MAG requires 2-4 volunteers to work as project monitors on the nationwide study as above. The positions will be on a volunteer basis, MAG covering all in-country costs relating to the post and providing a small stipend for personal spending. Successful candidates can expect to spend between 3 and 6 months in Laos during the first half of 1996, and will be based

Experience of community development work and survey techniques will be important, but andidates who feel they can offer other relevant skills or experience should also apply. Positions

For all vacancies a technical knowledge of mines and ordnance is not required, however experience of relief and development issues is essential. MAG offers a competitive salary, flights and insurance package. Please send CV with at least two referees to: Ma Claire Harrison, Administration Officer, Mines Advisory Group, 54A Main Street, Cockermouth, Cumbria CA13 9111 Fax (+14) 1900 827088. Closing date for the Administration Coordinator, N traq is 15 November 1995. Closing date for the CMAP Manager. Angola is 22 November 1995 and interviews for this post will be held on 4/5 December. For all other posts the closing date is 1 December 1995.

Berkshire YOUNG MUSICIANS Trust

PRINCIPAL

The Trustees of the Berkshire Young Musicians Trust invite applications from suitably qualified and experienced people for the post of Principal.

For several years Berkshire has been in the vanguard of change in it provision of high quality musical opportunities to young people, with many instrumental and choral groups gaining recognition at national and international level. The Trust is looking to appoint a Principal who can build on these ach and further develop music service to schools, area music centres, the local community and at county level.

Applicants should be professional musicians and/or music educators of distinction with wide and relevant experience, preferably to include proven ability as a senior manager and leader of a large team of professional staff. In particular, applicants must possess sound musical and commercial judgement. Salary will be commensurate with the high level of responsibility.

Further details are available from Monica Roberts, Berkshire Young Musiciana Trust, Mockbeggar, 25 Whiteknights Road, Reading, Berkshire RG6 2BT. Telephone: 01734 665015. Fax: 01734 353419. Closing date for applications: Friday 24th November 1995. Interviews will take place mid December 1995.

FACULTY OF SCIENCE DEPARTMENT: PURE AND APPLIED MATHEMATICS

Lecturer: Mathematics

Requirements: A Master's degree in Pure Mathematics with teaching experience at tertiary institutions. A PhD will be a recommendation.

Joh description: Teaching of courses in Pure Mathematics at undergraduate level and the servicing of courses.

DEPARTMENT: COMPUTER SCIENCE

Lecturer (3 POSTS)

Requirements: M Sc in Computer Science or IS; 2 years lecturing experience, extensive commercial/industrial systems experience; proficiency with Networking; knowledge of OOL and OOD and preferably ORACLE.

Job description: Lecturing at undergraduate level; consulting on local and University network; database administration.

Date of assumption of duties: 1 January 1996.

Ciosing date: 30 November 1995.

FACULTY OF ECONOMICS AND MANAGEMENT SCIENCES

Lecturer/Senior Lecturer Accounting

Requirements: An appropriate accounting qualification.

Job description: Lecturing Accounting to B Comm students.

Date of assumption of duties: 1 February 1996.

Closing date: 30 November 1995.

Contact persons: Dolly Nashandih-Endjambi at (061) 207-2295 or Immanuel Nawaseb at (061) 207-2002.

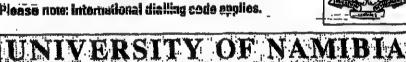
Fringe benefits: The University of Namibia offers competitive salaries and the following fringe benefits: • pension fund • medical aid scheme • annual bonus • home-ownership scheme • generous leave privileges relocation expenses.

Non-Namibian citizens may be appointed for a 3-year, renewable contract

Application procedure: Applications in writing, accompanied by a curriculum vitee, giving full details of present salary notch, increment date, the earliest available date when duty can be assumed and including three referees should be submitted to: The Head, Recruitment and

Selection, University of Namibia, Private Bag 13301, Windhoek, Namibia. Preliminary telegraphic applications may be made via telex 56-727 or fax to (061) 207-2105/207-2444.

Please note: International dialling code applies.



PROGRAMME MANAGER

North and East Sri Lanka

SCF has been working in the north and east of Sri Lanka for over 10 years and has started to focus its programming on children to a greater degree than has been the case in its broad relief and rehabilitation work in these conflict affected areas.

To take this programme through this transitional phase, we are looking for a strong programme manager with substantial international experience of managing development programmes demonstrating strong analytical and planning skills; participatory methods and child focused work.

This post has accompanied status and is offered on an initial 25 month contract with a salary of £19,294 which should be tax free, You can also expect a generous benefits package including accommodation, flights and other living expenses.

For further details and an application form please write to Janet Curtis-Broni. Overseas Personnel, SCF, 17 Grove Lane, London SE5 8RD. Fax: 0171 793 7610. Closing date: 8th December 1995

SCF alms to be an equal opportunities employer.

Save the Children

FACULTY OF EDUCATION DEPARTMENT: MATHEMATICS AND SCIENCE EDUCATION NAMSKF PROJECT

Senior Lecturer

The chief objective of this appointment is the founding of the NAMSEP Project which will locus on the improvement of Mathematics and Science teaching in Namibian Secondary schools. The project will be launched in 1997 and programme graduates will be awarded a B Ed degree upon complete of a 4-year course or a diploma after 3 years.

Requirements: As driving force behind the development and implementation of this new project to candidate envisaged will hold a master's degree/higher qualification in Education or in one of the following five specialist areas: Chemistry, Physics, Biology, Mathematics or Computer Science counted with a postgraduate qualification in the field of education. A minimum of 6 years teaching experience at secondary or tertiary level, strong leadership and administrative skills and the ability to light effectively at all levels is essential. A proven track record with similar projects will enhance the

Job description: The Implementation and management of the NAMSEP Project until at least 1999; the development and implementation of programmes which address the critical shortage of Mathematical tics and Science teachers throughout the country; lecturing in Science/Mathematics; research and any related tasks as assigned by the Head of Department.

FACULTY OF SCIENCE - DEPARTMENT: PHYSICS

Lecturer

Requiremente: Ph D in Experimental Physics; some lecturing experience at undergraduate level proven research in Electronics or related field.

Job description: Lecturing Physics to undergraduate students; preparing and presenting laborate classes; research activity in a related field.

Date of assumption of duties: As soon as possible. Closing date: 30 November 1995.

FACULTY OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT: INFORMATION STUDIES

Associate Professor

Requirements: A Doctorate in Information Studies (Library and Information Science); extensive lecture ing experience particularly in the field of community librarianship; a proven record of research en publications in this field; proven expertise in the field of information studies/librarienship. A background in journalism and publishing will serve as recommendation. Administrative skills are essental Job description: Presenting lectures in Theory of Information Studies • User Studies • Management Information and information services • Community Librarianship • Research methods. Relevant research of aspects of the field. The incumbent should play a leading role in the launching of new course modules of journalism and publishing and will also be responsible to do groundwork for the possible establishment of Centre for Media Studies. Also included are administrative duties and community service.

Date of assumption of duties: 1 April 1998.

Closing date: 20 November 1995.

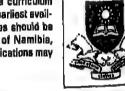
Contact persons: Dolly Nashandih-Endjambi at (081) 207-2295 or immanual Nawaseb st

Fringe benefits: The University of Namible offers competitive salaries and the following frings benefits • pension fund • medical eid scheme • annual bonus • home-ownership schema • generous lesse privileges a relocation excenses

Non-Namibian citizens may be appointed for a 3-year, renewable contract period.

Application procedure: Applications in writing, accompanied by a curriculum vitae, giving full details of present salary notch, increment date, the sarliest available date when duty can be assumed and including three referees should be submitted to: The Head, Recruitment and Selection, University of Namibia, Private Bag 13301, Windhoek, Namibla. Pratiminary telegraphic applications may be made via telex 56-727 or fax to (061) 207-2105/207-2444.

Please note: International dialling code applies,



UNIVERSITY

University of Cambridge The International Summer School Terms I and II and specialised Summer Schools in

■ English Literature ■ History ■ Art History ■ Shakespeare ■ Medieval Studies

Full details from: International Division, University of Cambridge, (Ref GW). Board of Continuing Education, Madingley Hall, Madingley, Cambridge CB3 8AQ, England.

Telephone (UK-44) 1954 210636 Fax (UK-44) 1954 210677

Postgraduate Schemes in the Department of Sociology

The large, well-established and internationally distinguished Department of Sociology at Essa offers 11 taught MA schemes (part-time and full time) as well as research training for MA and PhDs in a wide range of specialist fields. These include most aspects of methodology theory, development, social history, gender divisions, health and mental health, psychoans culture, environmental issues and green social and political theory, social policy, sexually stratification, unemployment, work, industrial relations, Latin America, the United States, leading and gay studies, education and housing. The Department is recognised for ESRC funding and there are around 30 faculty and 150 graduate students working in most areas of sociology. For further details, contact:

Department Assistant, Sociology Department, University of Essex, Colchester, CO4 380, UK

Tel: 01206 873055 or fax: 01206 873410

GUARDIAN WEEKLY

THE UNIVERSITY OF SHEFFIELD

DEPARTMENT OF HISPANIC STUDIES

INSTITUTIONAL FELLOWSHIP Applications are invited for the above Fellowship which is funded by the Humanities Research Board of the British Academy and is tenable for four years starting early in 1996 but subject to satisfactory performance, the appointment may be continued by the University. The successful applicant will work on the Pérez Galdos Editions Project, under the direction of Professor Nicholas Round and Professor Geoffrey Ribbans, Using technical resources developed in the University's Humanities Research Institute, the project

illustrative materials. Initial salary will not be higher than point 2 of the Lecturer Grade B scale, £21,519 pa.

aims to produce definitively-edited texts of Galdos'

fiction, with a wide range of supportive and

Informal enquires to Professor Round (Tel: 0114-276 8555, Ext 4401; Fax: 0114-273 9826).

Closing date for applications: 1 December 1995. (Ref: R795)

 Ω

Further particulars from the Director of Human Resource Management, The University of Sheffield, Western Bank, Sheffield S10 2TN, Tel: 0114-282 4144.

Founded in 1905, the University of Sheffield provides higher education within a research-led environment. We encourage equality of opportunity for all.

DEGREE COURSES *

Bachelor's, Master's or Doctorate degree programmes are directed at self-motivated men and women who have already moved some distance towards their own goals. There are no formal examinations or residence equirements. Full credits and exemptions are allocated for Academ Life and Work experience, Enquirles to:-

KNIGHTSBRIDGE UNIVERSITY Dept GWS1, U.K.Administration Office, EMC Ltd. 4, Lisburne Square, Torquay. TQ1 2PT. ENGLAND Fax: +44 (0)1803 201831

· (Anightsbridge University does not offer U.K. authorized degrees

COULD YOU BECOME A WRITER OR TOURNALIST?

flome-study courses in journalism, creative writing and business skills, three and six month tutorial courses in news journalism, evening/afternoon classes in freelance writing. Free Prospectus.

LONDON SCHOOL OF TOURNALISM

GW, 22 Upbrook Mews, Bayswater, London W2 3HG Tel: +44 171 706 3790 Fax: +44 171 706 3780

- DIPLOMAS -

Get the degree You really deserve! Bachelor's, Master's, Doctorate for Life & Work Experience BA MBA JD - PhD - ...

No class attendance

✓ No Examinations Low fees, fast delivery

✓ Limited numbers SAINT-CHARLES UNIVERSITY c/o: Avenue Molicre, 496 B-1060 Brussels, BELGIUM



Due to a Guardian Weekly production error the recruitment advertisement for Redd Barna that appeared in ast weeks Appointments Section was incorrect. We would like to apologise for any inconvenience this may

The position currently available at Redd Barna appears on

THE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG

Registrarship in the University Registry

Applications are invited from suitably qualified applicants for the post of Registrar in the University Registry (RF-95/96-42), tenable from 1 July 1996.

The appointee will lead a unitary Registry of some 300 staff which provides administrative support to the officers and committees which determine University policy. The Registry's four sections deal with academic and studentrelated matters, staffing and personnel, research and postgraduate students, and development planning. Tho Registrar is formally the Secretary of the University Court, the Council, the Senate and the Boards of the nine Faculties. and is also responsible for co-ordinating the Registry's work with that of the Finance Office and the Estates Office.

Anaual salary will be within the professorial range, of which the minimum is HK\$1,007,220, and the average is HK\$1,245,780 per annum (approx. \$82,560 & \$102,115 respectively; sterling equivalents as at 26 October 1995). The University would prefer to make a permanent, superannuable, appointment, but a fixed-term contract for three years (renewable) with a 15% terminal gratuity would be considered. The current rate of salaries tax in Hong Kong is 15%. Benefits include University housing at a charge of a percentage of salary, currently 74%, children's education allowances, some 10 weeks leave per year, assistance with passages and removal expenses, and a largely free medical service. The University's normal

Further particulars and application forms may be obtained from Appointments (41451), Association of Commonwealth Universities, 36 Gordon Square, London WCIII OPF (tel. 0171 387 8672 ext.206; fax 0171 813 3055; email: appts.acu@ucl.ac.uk), or from the Appointments Unit, Registry, The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong (fax: [852] 2559 2058; E-mail: APPTUNIT@REG.HKU.HK). Particulars are also available on the University's listsery accessed by E-mail as "listserv@hkuvml.bku.hk" (specify "get apptment filelist" for list of vacant posts).

Closes 11 January 1996.



Junior Lecturership in the Modern Politics and Society of China

Applications are invited for the above post, tenable from 1 January 1996 or as soon as possible thereafter, stipend according to age on the scale, £14,317 - £16,528 per annum. The lecturer will be expected to teach and do advanced research on the Modern Politics and Society of China, broadly understood. Depending upon the interests of the successful candidate, he or she will be expected to become a member of either the Social Studies Faculty and/or the Anthropology and Geography Faculty.

Further particulars (containing details of the duties and full range of emoluments and allowances attaching to the post) may be obtained from Miss S Byrch, The Oriental Institute, Pusey Lane, Oxford OX1 2LE (telephone 01865 278222), to whom applications (eleven copies, or one from overseas applicants) should be sent not later than Thursday 30 November 1995.

The University exists to promote excellence in education and research, and is an equal opportunities employer.

CIDSE CAMBODIA, LAOS, VIETNAM PROGRAMME

Coordinator/Trainer - Laos CIDSE seeks a Coordinator/Trainer for an integrated rural developmer programme in Bolkhamasy Province, Laos. Experience in community development training and smortagement coordinates require

Credit Advisor - Vietnam

CHISF, weeks a Credit Advisor for a credit and savings programme in Ho Chi Minti City, Vietnum. 5-10 years experience with poverty lending methodologies and institutionalising credit required.

Both posts - two years, beginning immediately. Full Job descriptions and perso specifications are available. Applications close 1 December 1995. To apply, send your CV with referres to.

CIDSE CLV Programme, Huldevettersafrant 165, 1000 Brussels, BELGIUM.

Pax (32-2) 802 51.27, Email civprog@eunet.be



Emergency Programme in Liberia in September 1995, we are seeking a team to implement and develop the programme. The focus will be on relief and rehabilitation and

supporting local organisations and initiatives where possible. The programme currently has a one year duration, and will be reappraised in September 1998. These postings are likely to involve long working hours in stressful conditions and ereas of insecurity. All contract lengths: 9 months - Liberia

Emergency Programme Co-ordinator

Salary; £20,277 per annum

Key competencies: Management experience, experience of assessment, planning and implementation of relief/ rehabilitation programmes, communications skills.

Ref: 05/EPC/LIB/QW.

Relief Co-ordinator

Salary: £18,091 per annum

Key competencies: Practical experience of relief programme implementation, Ref: 03/RC/LIB/GW.

Water and Sanitation Engineer

Salary: £18,091 per annum

Key competencies: Practical experience in the design and implementation of emergency public health programmes. Ref: OS/WSE/LIB/QW.

Health Co-ordinator

Salary: £18,091 per annum

Key competencies: Experience of developing public health rehabilitation strategies, including all aspects of health and nutrition, including emergency feeding programmes. Ref: OS/HC/LIB/QW.

Agricultural Rehabilitation **Project Manager**

Salaty: £18,091 per annum

Key compatencies: Experience in managing food security programmes, and the rehabilitation of agricultural production systems. Ref: OS/ARPM/LIB/GW.

Social Development Advisor

Salary: £18,091 per annum Key competencies: Practical experience of social development work within relief/rehabilitation programme implementation, professional qualification in social sciences/development, Rof: OS/SDA/LIB/QW.

Office Manager

Salary: £15,210 per annum

Key competencies: Office management experience including accounting, systems management, personnel and logistics. Ref: 08/0M/LIB/QW.

For further details on any of the above posts please send a large stamped addressed envelops to the international Human Resources Department, Oxfam, 274 Banbury Road, Oxford OX2 7DZ, clearly quoting the appropriate reference. Closing date: 9th December 1985, Interviews: To Be Arranged.

Oxfam works with poor people in their struggle significant hunger, diseases, exploitation and povery in Africe, Asia, Letin America and the Middle East through relief, development, research and public education.

Safain Distribution to striking by no needed importable

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS -The International Rescue Committee is developing a roster of qualifier **HEALTH WORKERS**

(doctors, nurses, public health specialists, paramedics). WATER/SANITATION ENGINEERS, LOGISTICIANS. NISTRATORS, FINANCE MANAGERS, and MECHANICS for its , new Emergency Response Unit.

> Successful resumes will be added to database : Please send qualifications to: M Thormann, IRC, 122 East 42nd Street, New York, NY 10168-1289

To place your advertisement TEL +44 (0) 161:834 8686 or FAX +44 (0) 161,839 4436

The Guardian Weekly, 164 Deansgate Manchester M60 2RR England







Redd Barna is a Norwegian membership organization which is politically neutral and non-secturian. The aim is to help children who are in need and suffer injustice. Redd Barna aims to develop increased insight into childrens neeeds and promote their rights. The work includes BARNA long term activities and emergency relief in Asia, Africa, as were as rechildren in Norway. The budget for 1995 is approx. 45 million USD. long term activities and emergency relief in Asia, Africa, as well as work for exposed groups of

ETHIOPIA

Redd Berne has opureted develop. trient assistance in Ethiopia since The Assistant Resident Representative will report 1989; mainly through assistance to the Resident Representative, and deputize in his to stillaren in especially difficult circumstances as well as child absence. The tasks will mainly be related to the programme activities and the reorganising procentered community developmen in ruial areas and in Addis Abeba. cess. In addition, tasks connected with strategy, planning and organisation development may be Additionally, the programme includes an emergency considered part of the position.

> Applicants must have higher relevant educational background, as well as administrative and field experience from development work. Qualifications in methodical planning and follow-up of results, personnel management and organisation development, project administration, desk study, etc. Fluent English is required.

ASSISTANT

RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVE A two year contract will be offered initially, with the possibility of extension. The remuneration and benefit packages compares favourably with other international NGOs. Commencement of appointment

November 30, 1995.

Inquiries can be made to: Senior Personnel Officer Toril Rindahl Jørgensen, tel.: 47 22 570 080, fax: 47 22 688 547.

as soon as possible. Closing date for applications

Applications with CV, certificates and testimonials shold be sent to: Redd Barna, Personnel & Org. Dept., P. O. Box 6200 Exterstad, N-0602 OSLO.

INTERNATIONAL SHORT COURSE IN WOMEN'S HEALTH

21 JANUARY - 16 FEBRUARY 1996 World Health Organisation Collaborating Centre Key Centre for Women's Health, Australia

The International Short Course in Woman's Health: Asia/Pacific focus

preparedness section that may be

mobilized at short notice. The total annual budget is currently 4

irullion USD, and the number of

organisation is about to underso

considerable structural changes.

employees is 350. The

Research methods in women's health

Women's health policy making in developing countries





Applications are invited for a multicultural course leading to the Diploma of Social Educator. The course lasts 2.5 years and is conducted entirely in English. Social Educators work primarily in the field of child welfare. The education offered by the Tampere Institute of Social Work (Finland) fosters a high level of professional training and intercultural communication.

For further information contact Kristi Clarke (+358 31 2152 312) or Marja Haime (+358 31 2152 309). Fax +358 31 2230 340.

👀 Linguetama Thinking of teaching English Abroad?

Linguarama offers intensive Introductory courses in teaching English as foreign language. Careo opportunities exist Linguarama's 45 Centres Courses every month

For details contact ou TEFL advisors on; 0121-632 5925 or Fex 0121 843 9295 81-228 3983 or write

Linguarems
Hew Oxford House
16 Waterloo Efreet
Birmingham B2 5UG

FAIRFAX UNIVERSITY (USA) International Home Study

degree programs
• Credits for prior tearning socials
• BA, MIVA, PND etc programs in EES Offices (GUV), P.O. Box 400

Peterborough PE2 600 U.K. Yele/Fem +44 (V) 1733 239923

DIPLOMA COURSES L COMPLEMENTARY HEALTH THERAPIES Home Study Programmes in-Stress Therapy, Aromatherapy Nutrition, Yoga Teaching, etc. INTERNATIONAL YOGA SCHOOL TO TOURSE 1800 Dept. G. P. O. Ben 23 Torquer
Devon TQ2 BYE England

Advertisements

Tel. or Fax: +44-1803-32451

t is a condition of ecceptance of advertisement orders that the proprietors of The Guerdian ingertion of any particula advertisement on a specified date or at all although every effort will be made to meet the wishes o advertisers; further they do not accept liability for any loss of damage caused by an error of inaccuracy in the printing or not appearance of any advert They also reserve the right b classify correctly am advertisement, adul or delete an abjectionable wording or reject or

Although every advertisement carefully checked, occasional mistalies do occur. We therefor ask advertisers to assist us b hecking their advertisents carefully and advise us immediate should an error occur. We regret responsibility for more than CNE INCORRECT insertion and that n republication will be granted in the case of typographical or minor changes which do not affect th value of the advertisemen

The Guardian

CLASSIFIED

CAR HIRE

	RE SPECIALISTS M OVER 100 COUNTRIES	MAR'	TINS FRI		UR PERSONAL ELIVERY*			
Group	Model	7 days	14 days	21 days	28 days +			
Α -	Polo L. t	105	193	290	349			
В	Golf 1.4	140	252	370	347			
č	Golf Estate 1.8	165	304	455	528			
Ě	Passat Seloon 1.8	180	331	497	576			
Ē1	Audi A4 1.8	215	396	593	688			
F	Passat Estate 1.8	185	340	511	592			
w	Golf Gtl	223	410	614	712			
	Cars under 6 months old - rates inclusive VAT, CDW, insurance and Unlimited meleage, Full RAC and Windscreen cover Quote RefGW95/M90							

Tel: +44 1256 24448 Fax +44 1256 843035

*applicable to London Heathrow and Gatwick only

POPESWOOD

- Garwick

 24 Month Old Vehicles, Full instrunce,
- OR

 New Vehicles at Heathrow, Gawick,
- ONTHON NOAD, MIACROSED, RO12 5AA
- Box 444 1344 47407.1

CAR HIRE MANCHESTER AIRPOR

Full range of new cars available Group A Cars 2109 per week 7 Day - 24 hour septce Collection from Airport Terminal Friendly, Flexible Service Tel +44 161 498 8188 Fax +44 161 437 1334 Airport Self Drive (Mor) Ltd., Station Approach, Hand Green Cheedle SKS 3QH, England

HIRE QUALITY, LOWER PRICES

IN OFFICES AT ALL MAJOR AIRPORTS AND 85 MORE THROUGHOUT THE UK. ■ PULLY INCLUSIVE RATES-NO KIDDEN EXTRAS ■ BRAND NEW VEHICLES

PLEASE TELEPHONE OR FAX THE MUMBERS BELOW

+44 (0) 1494 442110 +44 (0) 1494 474732

HRIFTY CAR RENTAL, THE OLD COUNTHOUSE, HUBHENDEN ROLD, HOLD WYCOME.

To place your advertisement

TEL: +44 (0) 161 834 8686 or FAX: +44 (0) 161 839 4436 The Quardian Weekly, 164 Deansgate, Manchester MSC 2RR

PAMBER CAR HIRE U.K. Madamaria (0) 1734 (1):112 EY, HEADING, RG5 3DB. FAX:+44 (0) 1734 89829 DAY FOR FULL DETAILS E 90 F FORD HERRA 1.8 ESTATE

£105 G FORD MONDEO 1.8/2.0 LX PHUGHOT 405 1.8 GR FORD BACORT 1.3L EG (OR SIMILAR) £120 D ROVER 416 & 216

H noves 620 MJ 2130 J VOLVO ESTATE FORD GRANADA BETATE £130 K ROVER 820 SLI £180 ROVER 220 COUPE

CAR RENTAL ir rates are inclusive of VAT, CDW. Unlimited Mileage and full AA membership and meet and greet

MEERTA DVITA.

CINQUENCENTO 84.00 12.00 FIESTA/CORSA 98,00 ESCORT/ASTRA 140.00 20.00 MONUEO/FRIMERA 154.00 22.00 SEATERS \$15.00 45.00 7 SEATERS RANGE ROVERS \$25.00 75.00

HEATHROW-AUTOHIRE-GATWICT THE VILLAGE GARAGE, HIGH STREET, DORMANSLAND, SURREY, RH7 6PY TELEPHONE:-11 44 1342 833558 PAX:- 00 11 1342 832211

Price inclusive of all fees and taxes £8,000

E170

€285

£210

TEL/FAX FRANCE (00 33) 96304035

NEW CARS: OLD PRICES HEATHROW/GATWICK

* Personnal meet & secret service Discounts for expert & diplomate Unlimited milesge Full 24 hr AA & RAC cover

Contact us for fully includes rate 68 Mendow, Godolosing, Surre GU7 3111 UK Tel +44 1483 860046 Fax +44 1483 860187

LONDON HOTELS & APARTMENTS

LONDON TOURIST FLATS (Wimbladon) mine, stallon, self-contained equipped, £130-£320/wask.

depending on size and season.
2 weeks minimum.
17 St. Hery's Road, Landon SW19 752 Tel: +44 181 247 0873 Feb +44 181 248 8 MERSEYSIDE HOLDAY HOMES (WING)

PROPERTY

NEVER HIRE & CAS UNTIL

KENDALL'S PRICES

200 Fine Core, Vene, Estates

7, 12 & 15-Seaters for Hire.

Airport Collection. KENDALL CARS

34 Aldershot Rd., Guildford GU2 84

Fex: +44 1483 34781

Financial Repossession in France Large detached house in south Brittany 9 miles from the port of Lede In centre of an outstanding village, garden, outbuildings, lots of markly spent on property, tyable immediately.

Price inclusive of all tees and taxes £18,700. arge detached farmhouse situated in southern Brittany, 30 miles south Rennea, in beautiful countryside, requires total renovation could ^{sept}i make 4 bedrooms etc., but has much potential, large garden.

OTHER PROPERTIES AVAILABLE

Armed with a Leica

THE Guardian photographer Denia Thorpe (pictured right) has been awarded an porary MA from Manchester niversity, writes Alan

It is a fitting acknowledgment of a career that began on the Mansfield Reporter in 1948 and has led to Thorpe's widespread recognition as one of the great post-war photojournalists.

Denis became a staff photog-

rapher on the Guardian in 1974 after 17 years in the Daily Mail's Manchester office. Since then he has travelled round the world. photographing wars, strikes, famines and riots as well as pubs, fishermon, miners and the contours and patterns of countryside around the North of

He shares with that other great photographer Jane Bown the advantage of camouflage. The innocent bystander, relying on flak-jacket stereotypes drawn from television or cinema, would not naturally suspect either Denis or Jane of being a press ohotographer.

Jane tends to tuck her camera into her shopping bag as she sets out on a job. Denis, dressed as often as not in an anorak and flat cap, seems to blend into any background, sometimes armed



only with his trusty Leica. There were times when I worked with him when even I did not spot that he was snatching a shot from waist level while oking in another direction.

Once on a job he is quietly and politely tenucious. He said of one photograph he attempted — a five-second exposure at night of a police helicopter hovering over the riot-torn Strangeways prison: "If a picture looks impossible, it's still worth attempting." It is that attitude — coupled

with a faultless technique which has won him this degree. No award was more literally deserved, for Denis is, indeed, a Master of his Art.

A Country **Diary**

William Condry

MACHYNLLETH: I don't remember when we had such a wonderful fall of acorns as we have here at present. It is not only their huge numbers but also their great size that is remarkable. I am reminded how in Tudor times some landowners began to think seriously about planting oakwoods to replace the many which had been cleared for agriculture. They appreciated a good acorn year, selecting the biggest they could find in the belief that these would grow into the finest oaks. They knew that acorns never carpet the ground for very long, being a favourite food of pigs and other domestic animals, along with squirrels and other rodents; and also of jays, rooks, crows, ravens, pheasants and wood-pigeons. Acorus which do not get eaten may die and rot into the soil or germinate. So, by mid-November, acorus need to be searched for, even where they covered the ground in October, One thing is sure mother nature never gives up in her hope of covering our world with oak forest, as t was a few thousand years ago, Yei the reality is that an acorn these day . has about as much chance of growme into a mighty oak as any or o have of winning the top prize in the National Lottery.

Notes & Queries Joseph Harker Letter from Uzbekistan Jennifer Balfour

SIT TRUE that even a blind chameleon can change its colour to that of its surroundings?

Denis Thorne's own favourite picture

GLIARDIAN WEEKLY

THE CHAMELEON'S colour has nothing to do with vision, but a lot to do with the texture of the surface it is on. You can test this easily y putting a chameleon on a soft red planket and watch it turn the colour of lush green vegetation, then on a hard green surface like bathroom tiles, and watch it turn the colour of the rock it usually adapts to. - Brian MacGarry, Magunje, Zimbabwe

WHY DO we "pull someone's leg"? Why not an arm?

"HOMAS HOOD wrote in his poem The Last Man (1827): I must turn mly cup of sorrow And drink it to the dregs,

For there is not another man alive, In the world to pull my legs! He was referring to the fact that, before the invention of the long drop n executions by hanging, the friends f the criminal were permitted to pull his legs in order to shorten his suffer ing. This developed into a sick joke that one's friends would always be around to pull one's legs if needed. -Brian Palmer, Noke Side, Heris

OW CAN I prove that you exist?

WRITE, therefore I am, Lawrence Fotheringkam, Chatham, Ontario, Canada

AS anybody tried to deci-malise time?

ECIMAL time was the one interesting feature of a factory job that I had briefly in Devon in the

had to write up a time sheet using codes for my very limited range of activities, giving the duration of each in hours and tenths of an hour. There was even a code for sitting waiting to be told what to do next. ! adapted to the six-minute blocks of time far better than the rest of the job. - Robert L. Brock, Tokyo, Japan

A three-year-old pupil of the Sazuki method of violin instruction —

A RE THERE any animals that have fingerprints?

ERTAIN skin cells of fish (including those of fins, the equivalent of our limbs) bear patterns of ridges similar to fingerprints. While it is known that fish commit "crimes" within the high seas (extending from common assault to territorial occupancy by force), they regrettably leave no "fin prints". Although the unique pattern of epidermal whorls on the digits of primates such as -ourselves can serve as a means of recognising individuals, DNA fingerprinting, which has the potential to identify every single non-clonal liv-ing organism, is much more effec-tive. — Clive W Evans, Auckland,

N 1947 at the Yellow Fever Re search Institute in Yaba, Nigeria, we kept over 100 rhesus monkeys for research. Since all rhesus monkeys look alike we came up with the idea of identifying individuals by palmludd, Deep River, Ontario, Canada

LEOW DOES a seedless grape reproduce itself?

GRAPES do not reproduce if left to their own devices. However, sections of cane can be taken in autumn, stored in cool temperatures over winter and placed outside in an job that I had briefly in Devon in the appropriate soil in the spring to available, published seventies. At the end of each shift I allow root and shoot development. Estate, price 26.99

Commercial growers usually encourage root production by treating the canes with a variety of chemi cals. A second technique is termed "embryo rescue". Seedless fruit plants are varieties selected by growers in which a genetic mutation has resulted in seeds failing to reach maturity. The embryo is a pre-seed stage of development still present in the seedless grape at the site where the seed would have been. Embryos can be removed from the grape and placed in tissue culture medium. Under certain conditions the embryo, which would not normally have grown, will develop into a new plant. - Dr Jamie Day, Dunedin, New Zealand

Any answers?

/HY IS it that, no matter how dark the room, or whether my eyes are open or closed, I can see millions of tiny spots of light? — Joy Connacher, North Shields, Tyne and Wear

IN ITALY a fiasco is what you buy Chianti in, so how did it ac quire the English meaning which gets so much use nowadays? ---Richard Williams, London

OCCASIONALLY one sees paper weights made from embedded within. Do kits exist or are there books available on how to make them? — Ian Tran, Switzerland

Answers should be e-malled to weekly@guardian.co.uk, faxed to 0171/44171-242-0985, or posted to The Guardian Weekly, 75 Farringdon Road, London EC1M 3HQ. Notes & Querles Volume 6 is now available, published by Fourth ;

A family affair SAT HOLDING the edge of a | marry the first boy, and peace was sheet shielding the new bride from her wedding-frenzied relatives. She sat behind it waiting the arrival of her husband-to-be. In front of

her was a plate piled high with flour. pierced by two tottering candles and a couple of hard-boiled eggs. Only her grandmother, holding the other edge of the sheet, seemed to remember what it had been like for her almost 60 years ago, when

she also had never met the man in whose bed she was to sleep at night. The tiny, hunched-backed figure whispered reassuringly to her granddaughter, now curled around her knees, sobbing inconsolably.

Eighteen-year-old Firuza was to marry her uncle. She had seen him at family functions, but her father was strict about such matters. "I will only speak to my husband on my wedding night," she told me. There was a commotion at the

door and the room, which until then had been the province of women, was suddenly invaded by a man, resplendent in a gold turban and a limmering, gold-encrusted velvet coat. He was surrounded by chanting women throwing money in

As children dived for the bounty, Firuza erupted again. An ageing aunt beside me couldn't understand her distress. "She's marrying her uncle. It's not as if we are giving her away. She is not leaving us really. We won't lose our gold, our clothes, our shoes or our fine cloth," she said. The whole event had been a bit o

rush job. Firuza had, at birth, been promised to her father's best , friend's son. If that liaison had gone ahead, however, Firuza's uncle, now imminently marriageable at 25, would have been left out in the cold. A family feud was brewing. An elder sister saved the day by promising to indeed, she was getting used to it.

restored. Suddenly, though, the uncle's father fell gravely ill and to avoid a year's delay if he were to die. the ceremony was brought forward. She was told last week she would be married today.

After a series of blessings and incantations behind the sheet, the grand finale of which involved thrusting a male child in Firuza's face for fertility purposes, the be-mused groom left his teary bride. She was to stay one more night before leaving the family home for good. Dressed in traditional black, knee-length boots, a long dress and the paranji, a dark veil covering everything from her face to her ankles to "protect" her from unwelcome gazes, Firuza sprawled exhausted on a multi-coloured silk

mattress and waited for the dawn. We all filed in again at 8am and breakfasted with a red-faced and puffy-eyed Firuza still huddled behind the screen. Her father came to say goodbye.

She knelt, as was the custom, and kissed his feet three times. Crying, they embraced each other.

"Goodbye, my daughter," he whispered. Lifting her gently over his shoulders, he bundled her into a waiting car.

driven, unseeing, into a new life. They turned and went inside with heads bowed, tears trickling down her younger brothers' faces, and the words, "she'll get used to it", still heavy on her aunt's lips,

"I did not see her again for six months. She was very pregnant and very blooming. "He is a good man," she beamed. "He doesn't beat me and he allows me to visit my family when I like."

She seemed happy Perhaps

DANCE Judith Mackrell

► HOREOGRAPHY, it's often claimed, is a young man's art - but whoever said it first couldn't have imagined the magnificence of Merce Cunningham's latest work. All of the choreography danced by his company in their London season at Sadler's Wells last week was made during the past four years (ie, by Cunningham in his mid-70s) and all of it shows a freshness and boldness that young men might go whistle for. Fatigue and repetition are not words in his creative vocabulary.

In the spare, haunting beauty of Beach Birds (1991), for instance, abstraction and expression meet at some distant vanishing point. To John Cage's score of gently tinkled piano and rustling percussion, Cunningham sets up a seascape of watery horizons and flocking birds. As the dancers stalk the stage on long, taut legs, their delicately shaken feet splash drops of water and their bodies are weighted heavily and humourously forward.

The paradox of Cunningham's choreography is that it sends your imagination into overdrive even while it's scrupulously concerned with the mechanics of dance making.

Ground Level Overlay (1995) is even more packed with flickering gesture, richly torqued jumps and startlingly interlocked bodies. The dancers look like intricately carved figures who've been launched into acrobatic flight. The intensity of the

Derek Malcolm

Wired up to shock



score and by the dark forms of Leonardo Drew's hanging set. As with all Cunningham's work, music and design were added after the choreography. Yet the coincidences between them are uncanny.

CRWDSPCR (1993) definitely makes us think computer — simply by the complexity with which Cunningham sets 13 figures jigging and whipping round the stage — their bodies interconnecting like a huge jigsaw puzzle, their energy coming and going in darts and squibs.

But a retrospective glance over that an even greater tribute to Cunningham is how unrecognisable it would all have been without him. It's true that during the eightles his influence declined. To a generation

commitment to pure movement seemed thin-blooded, But even so, the thread didn't break. For in Umbrella's opening week we not only saw work by fiftysomething Steve Paxton (one-time dancer with Cunningham) but also by twentysomething Wayne McGregor whose mix of classical stretch and gestural quirk is a recognisable offspring of

Cunningham's style. Last week fea-

tured Richard Alston, who studied

with Cunningham in New York, and

also Mark Baldwin, who not only

danced with Alston but whose own this year's Dance Umbrella reveals | choreography descends directly from the Cunningham line. What Baldwin has inherited is partly just the knowledge that dance is interesting as pure composition - it doesn't need stories to tell. But movement is fabulously heightened by Stuart Dempster's echoing brass wrenching dance, Cunningham's ability to find dance in any move—the job for half a century.

ment - from a comically flapping hand to an arabesque, and he's built on Cunningham's axiom that choreography makes its own rhythms independently of music.

His own solo, Factual Nonsense, is a hilarious example. Danced in si-lence, it's a delightful send-up of himself that is part precocious camp, part pretentious seriousness and part nervous performer - his rubbery, gesticulating movements creating a breathlessly mostable monologue. But, disappointingly, Baldwin doesn't always make clear what his music and his dance mean to him. Works like Julia and Vespri are shapely and interesting. but they are frustratingly opaque. Baldwin, however, has only been a full-time choreographer for a couple he's also inherited Cunningham's of years. Cunningham has been on

Oasis are loved for precisely

bond between the five members,

all of whom except Linm hovered

that sort of coarseness. The

near each other, was obvious

from their approving smiles.

Their diamond-geezer aura

matched that of the men in the

crowd, any of whom, given the

right baggy jeans, could have

Thankfully, the Oases have

Gallagher snapped during a solo

acoustic rendition of Wonderwall,

Would you put your lighters

been part of the band.

Earth, strings and fire

NO LONDON Film Festival within recent memory has opened with as controversial a choice as Kathryn Bigelow's Strange Days --a violent \$40 million futuristic forced to relive it.

thriller that mixes an innate pessimism with a pyrotechnical display of flash cinematic technique. That it was made by a woman

would be extraordinary if it wasn't for the fact that Bigelow had already proved with Blue Steel, a tough policier, and Point Break, a successful action thriller, that genres generally considered a male preserve can be confidently handled by a female Scripted and produced by James

Cameron, Bigelow's ex-husband, who directed True Lies and the Terminator films, Strange Days is set in a chaotic Los Angeles, full of good a technician — the violence | club gigs last year. Admittedly, poverty-stricken human detritus and degradation is made to seem and criminal power-brokers, on the almost glaunorous. eve of the next millennium.

Moving through this neon-lit nightmare is Lenny (Ralph Fiennes). an ex-cop who makes an illicit living selling clips of other people's lives on a digital recording.

They call this version of virtual reality "the wire" and it captures the physical and emotional purity of human experience — sight, sound, taste, smell and touch.

It has become the drug of choice and Lenny is dubbed the "Santa at any rate.

The problem for the film, which has so far failed to ignite American audiences, is the old one of painting a dark vision of a violent future which is exciting enough to thrill without glorifying the sex 'n' vio-lence. And it is not one which Bigelow comfortably solves.

The vaguely upbeat ending Saturday. They took to London's seems tacked on, the film is too Earl's Court's big stage with the

moral, the film gives off an odour of smart, savvy commercialism.

This is perhaps summed up best by Max's shallow cynicism - "You know how I know it's the end of the world, Lenny? Everything's already been done. Every kinda music, every government, every hairstyle. How we gonna make it for another thousand years, for Chris'sake?" Not by inventing a new hair style,

Claus of the sub-conscious", who knows what people want and gives it to them. What they want is gener ally sex. The only clips that he re-fuses to sell are "blackjacks" or death clips. But when a former ac complice is raped and murdered, Lenny gets a clip of the crime and i

He's worried that his former girlfriend (Juliette Lewis) will be next and turns to a security agent, Mace (Angela Bassett), and another ex-

cop, Max (Tom Sizemore), for help.

long, and — because Bigelow is so | same aplomb displayed at small

In the end, no matter what the

Caroline Sullivan THERE is relief in sight for the

/ Oasiscd-out. With no records or gigs planned for the rest of the year, the press should be Oasisfree for a while. Last summer's Blur va Oasis

hype undoubtedly played a part in elevating the Manchester band to the parapets of fame (the current album, Morning Glory, sold more copies in its first week than any for eight years, but they have more right than many to be there. Individually, Oasis may

they've learned something of

staging and working a crowd

lagher even hopped offstage to

ever. The only starlike accoutre-

video screens that revealed that

Liam has unexpectedly nice teeth. He and guitarist sibling Noel

played on their famous rivalry,

Noel: "Oh, fook off,"

rading insults along the lines of:

Liam: "We had sex last night."

ments on display were jumbo

away? You're not at Elton John.' Their one exercise in big-star not be very extraordinary but wish fulfilment was the appearthe whole greatly exceeds the ance of a string section for Don't sum of its parts. Look Back In Anger — somehov They were decidedly superb on this precipitated a frenzy of Saturday. They took to London's slam-dancing - and strings and brass for the psychedelic-wig-out finale, I Am The Walrus.

Otherwise, the set was straightforward. Its success resulted from a pact between fans and since — formerly sulky Liam Galband, whereupon both parties believed the latter were great, ouch some outstretched palms hence th*e*y were. — but they remain as earthy as

In theory, there's only a fine line between Oasis and the equally guitar-grunting Status Quo, but Our Noel and co magi cally stay on the right side. Call i luck, good timing, whatever. All one can say is that when Liam mumbled, "This one will blow your fookin' head off", people's view of a little lad to fookin' heads obligingly blew off. his grandma's table.

Dogged ambition

TELEVISION Nancy Banks-Smith

THERE used to be a simple but effective rule in westerns. If a stranger got off the stagecoach and kicked a dog, he was the bad gug. We all knew where we were then particularly the dog.

The Final Cut (BBC1) started

with Prime Minister Francis Urquhart shooting his dog. In The House Of Cards, FU flung his misress from dizzy parapet to bottom ess perdition — it must have been something she said - but, damnit, his dog! He has now gone too far. The poor old bitch is decents

ouried. At which point we cut to Lady Thatcher's state funeral. Michael Dobbs, the author, who

felt this was also going too far, re moved his name from the credits They now read baidly: "Based or the novel The Final Cut", as if the book had been found fatherless in: handbag at Victoria station.

If you hadn't read about this little dust-up, you wouldn't know immet ately whose state funeral it was Camera and commentary lingered on "the young king". A surprise this us the sovereign does not attend as funeral but his own.

Andrew Davies, the screenwile. also amuses himself by improving on Dobbs's names for the cabine He gives them predatory name Sparrowbawk and Crow, Polecub (pronounced Polecat), Rayner (pronounced Reynard) and Wolfin. Por little Crumb, not surprisingly i quickly brushed aside.

There is something bestial about the whole bunch of them. Urquhat glares feily at the luckless Crumb like a haddock asked by a spratfor the loan of a fiver till Friday, Besss, offended at this association wib ministers, should ask to have the names taken off the credits.

Tony Warren's head was blocking part of the window of The Rovers Return. We could read Best Bit Warren, who created Coronalist Street, was definitely the best bit

The South Bank Show (LWI) was celebrating Coronation Street (Granada), which was just as well a LWT is owned by Granada.

Warren said: "When I was ve young we were going home and the lights were just coming up on the stalls, fat was coming on to fry Parker's chip shop and on the lely their feet on the ground. As Noel was wrestling and outside Salford Hippodrome it said Strip, strip hooray! We've nothing on tonight! loved it. I love it and it's not going to last like this. I want to preserve k like flies in amber."

The script editor used to say you could smell the burning sausages and the cheap hair spray and the tang of bitter beer in those [5]

Warren went on: "I was rather sissy-ish little boy and I used to What brings home the bacon is friends' houses and then I used to his dot paintings, two of which sissy-ish little boy and I used to [9] friends' houses and then I used to watch. I used to watch very care watch. I used to watch very care with grids of coloured circles.

Hirst deserves to win. He has picked up the gore-spattered women say."

That's what men say and that's will women say."

In so dot paintings, two of which are on view. They consist of white canvases with grids of coloured circles.

Hirst deserves to win. He has picked up the gore-spattered sauntlet from Francis Bacon.

But I have a hunch it'll be Mona distour's year. This Painty have

women say."

The company of strong wond prepared him for bruising collision with Violet Carson who played fish and Pat Phoenix who played fish and Pat Phoenix

The mutilated corpse of modern art

James Hall

HE CRITICAL consensus of the last 30 years says that Europe's cultural supremacy, which started in the Renaissance. came to a close with the second world war. Serge Guilbaut, in an influential polemic, How New York Stole The Idea Of Modern Art (1983), suggested 1948 as the actual date for the transfer of cultural leadership from Paris to New York, But after seeing the Loudon Hayward's mixed-media extravaganza, Art And Power: Art And Architecture In Europe 1930-1945, this end-point will have to have to be revised backwards, by at least 20 years.

The British organisers of the show claim their purpose is to explore the "complex range of responses" of artists, both totalitarian and avant-garde, to "political pres-sure". Art And Power is not, however, the Nazis' Degenerate Art show revisited, with state-sponsored artists as the whipping boys. The organisers are wary of making value judgments, but their main conention is that surprising amounts of totalitarian art have redeeming, even avant-garde, features.

Yet the real lesson of this deressing spectacle is that by the thirties, the European avant-gardes had reached their sell-by dates. Hitler, Stalin and Mussolini mutilated modern art, then buried the

Art And Power opens with a recreation of the 1937 World Fair In Paris where Picasso presented Guernica while the Soviets and Nazis sized each other up and flexed their cultural muscles.

The Spanish Pavilion was as oasis of enlightenment, but it was a rapidly drying oasis. The careers of icasso and Miró were on a downward curve. Picasso had hardly produced anything of significance since the broodily pneumatic sculptures nd paintings of 1931-32.

Guernica got the acclaim, but the culptures are the finer works. uernica can be represented at the dayward by contemporary phototraphs only, yet we can still see how vishy-washy, melodramatic and unfocused the mural looked in situ.



t does, this huge painting reminds one of a battle scene from a [Greek] pediment that has been flattened under a defective steam-roller." The Russian pavilion aspired to

the condition of a skyscraping steam-roller. A blank, stone-faced mausoleum was kicked in the rear by panels piled up like futurist forcelines. The mausoleum's main function was to serve as a pedestal for a 100-foot-high steel sculpture. Vera Mukhina's The Worker And The Collective Farm Girl, shown here in a small version.

The proletarian couple rear up like the human and animal protagonists of a traditional equestrian monument. Pointedly, the whole farrago, down to the worker's outstretched right arm, is a hysterical regurgitation of Falconet's celebrated monument to Peter the Great,

Directly opposite, Albert Speer tried to outstare the pushy proles with a taciturn neo-classical sky-Clement Greenberg characterised it | scraper capped by an Inscrutable

brilliantly: "Bulging and buckling as | German Eagle. At ground level, the approach was flanked by a trio of bronze beef-cakes by Josef Thorak. This is the first time that Nazi and Soviet sculpture has been seen in Britain, Nazi art tends to be more muscle-bound and less dynamic than Soviet art. The Nazis revelled in absolute nudity — Hitler's favourite painter was known as the Master of the German Pubic Hair.

The Nazis were partly inspired by their identification with the Ancient Greeks. But their figures are horribly distinct. Their boorials nudity is a result of the Nazi cult of the healthy, unashamed body. As viewers, we are expected to examine them like prospective purchasers of rize bloodstock. The static, brain-dead quality of

so much Nazi art is due to their cult of heroic death. Not only did Hitler want to honour those who had already died for Germany, he also wanted places of worship for those who were prepared to sacrifice themselves in the future. Nazi

ecause they are already imagining what it is like to be a corpse

As we trudge through this numb-ing and mostly soulless exhibition, past other sections devoted to Berlin, Moscow and Rome, we can't fail to mourn the repression that the avant-garde endured. But the loss is primarily a human rather than an artistic one. The banquet years of German Dada, New Objectivity and the Bauhaus were over by the time Hitler came to power.

Russian Constructivism was in decline from the early twenties. Even Mondrian, in Paris, had established his signature style by 1921 and had started to merely tinker. Some of the architecture isn't that bad, but only because functional arts are less prone to perversion: a door-handle s basically a door-handle.

UCH is made of Mus-solini's relative tolerance of the avant-garde. It is true that although neanderthal neoclassicism dominated, other more nodernist styles were allowed to ive in its shadow. But this can't hide the fact that the Futurists and the Scuola Metafisica were spent forces by the end of the first world war.

A new book by Romy Golan, Modernity And Nostalgia: Art And Politics in Trance Between The Wars (Yale, £35), goes so far as to suggest that the "momentous shift" f the avant-garde from Paris to New York began as early as 1918. She claims that after the humiliations of the war. France became a reactionary culture, obsessed with tradition and order.

By 1927, even Leger and Le Corbusier were distancing themselves from "the machine-man world" and introducing "natural and vernacular forms" into their art. The consequence of all this, Golan argues, is that the ground was prepared for the "archaicising, infantilist and racist" aspects of the Vichy regime.

Golan doesn't adequately explain the Surrealists, and she doesn't account for the prevalence of ar-chaicising, infantilist, and racist" art in the pre-war period. But along with Art And Power, she drives another nail into the coffin of European art between the wars.

Art and Power runs at the Hayward figures are immobile and vacant | in London until January 21

To have and have not

THEATRE Robin Thorber

THE NOBEL laureate and exile I from the Nigerian military regime. Wole Soyinka, returned last week to Leeds, where he studied English in the fifties, for the world premiere of his latest play.

The Beatification Of Area Boy is a beautifully crafted piece of theatre that takes what it needs from western dramatic conventions and then does what it wants to do - commemorate and commiserate with the daily life of Nigerians.

On the surface it's a straight slice of life, eavesdropped and reported — one day in the vibrant and violent, cruel and colourful life of a street corner in post-oil-boom Lagos. This particular street corner sees the conjunction of a new, smart shopping plaza's electric doors with the stalls of the street traders.

Tyrone Huggins gives a finely judged, captivating performance as Sanda, the security guard who sits reading his newspaper at the doors of the mall, protecting the newly rich from the scavenging street urchins and overcrowded buses.

He is a university dropsout who has returned to his home patch to co-ordinate from his peaked-cap cover a Fagin-like operation, in which boys extort protection money from the wealthy shoppers and white tourists leaving their Mercedes on the parking lots.

But the area is cleared of stalls traders, racketeers and refugees when an old flame from his student days, Miseyi (Bola Aiyeola) chooses the plaza for her wedding to the son of the military governor.

So under the jovial, mundane surface Soyinka is stirring a tectonic collision of haves and have-nots that is symptomatic of more than developing countries. In Lagos the extremes are juxtaposed.

He does it with consummate skill. sowing seeds that bear fruit much later, drawing threads of social observation, political passion, emotional tension and tough intellectual debate into the complex rhythms of a jazz symphony. There were some lulls on the first night, but I think it's

Art of the meat market

THIS year's Turner Prize will receive more acrutiny than ever and tabloid headlines along the lines of "money for old eat", writes James Hall.

The centrepiece of Damien lirst's display is Mother And Child, Divided, a cow and calf bisected lengthways and presented in two tanks of formaldehyde. These big meat pieces been loss leaders for Hirst.

an intimate self-portrait of the artist is projected. It is made with a miniature camera that was inserted into every orifice. It is an extraordinary journey to the centre of the female body.

Even the artists I don't rate so highly, Callum Innes and Mark Wallinger, look quite good here. Innes is a Scottish abstract

painter who creates, then undermines, a succession of geometrical forms. Exposed Painting, Paynes Gray was initially painted entirely blue. Innes then washed away a vertical strip of paint on the square canvas using turpentine. Pristine order now vies with streaky chaos. '

Wallinger is a social commentator who can't make up his 🗥 mind whether he wants to be Will Hogarth or Benny Hill. A painted self-portrait with an implanted glass eye is surrounded by works that try to anatomise



leading British actors, to popular television dramatisationsand live comedy In addition, our first class service

includes advice and information on titles, prompt efficient processing of your order



and guaranteed deliveries direct to your door. For a browse through our extensive selection of spoken word titles, and to D sample our first class service, send for your Preparation Tapes Direct catalogue - name

NOBODY SPECIALISES IN SPOKEN WORD LIKE TALKING TAPES DIRECT

CALL+44 1733 230645 FOR YOUR FREE TALKING TAPES DIRECT CATALOGUE Or complete this coupon and send it to Talking Tapes Direct, Prespost (PE 564) Pelerborough PE2 6BR.

Picase rush me my FREE Talking Tapes Direct Catalogue

Paperbacks

Nicholas Lezard

Howe (Pan, £8.99)

prose. That said, Howe's my

ere exciting, and only prote

mild, sufferable feeling of me

The best bit is his resign

speech. We all owe him a dish

getting rid of That Woman.

The Real Life of Sebastim

(Penguin, £6.99)

Knight, by Vladimir Nabola

A GREAT excuse to read to the most subtle, delicately

found novels in the langua-

Nabokov's first in English-&

a novelist who abandons his

Russian to write in English.

beauty of it is that this is far.

than just a game with mirm:

Bottle, Draught and Keg:

Laurence Flanagan, £10.8

excellent afterword.

Gladstone by Roy Jenkins Macmillan 698pp £20

OUR TIMES Prime Minister, the most commanding of all Chancellors of the Exchequer, the "quintessential Victorian statesman," as Roy Jenkins calls him in this beautifully crafted biography. Gladstone towered over the public life of his age. He resigned as Prime Minister for the last time scarcely a century ago. Yet in some ways he seems a much more distant figure, an Old Testament prophet rather than an adroit party politician of more familiar vintage,

True, he was committed to accounting for his time with an obsession that might gladden the heart of a later time-and-motion man. But this was because time, for him, was a trust from God, who did indeed consume a great deal of his own time. So did the Queen, who, he said, "alone is enough to kill any man". Reading was central to his life, with Homer leading the parade of the 20,000 books he read - he must have averaged five a week as he prowled through the classics, theology, history and fiction.

Jenkins frequently draws arresting analogies between Cladetone and later personalities, tempting one to wonder how Gladstone would have fared today. Would not his earnestness, his ponderous

moralising, his scrupulosity, have condemned him to ridicule and ineffectuality? Perhaps.

But the central concern of Gladstone's rhetoric, the relationship of power and morality, remains a time-less theme in public life. It is striking how many topics of his day - Ireland, the Concert of Europe, Balkan atrocities - remain high on our agenda. His approach, rooted in the search for justice - not necessarily incompatible with party or personal advantage — has not lost its validity. To those of us who dream of enduring friendship between Ireland and England, for instance, the defeat of his Home Rule bills, however simplistic his views on the Ulster question, helped set back conciliation for more than a century.

And if Gladstone's principles remained remarkably consistent throughout his long public life, his application of those principles could e highly flexible. It would be foolish to surmise that such compulsive ambition, such power of personality, such prodigious energy, such resilience in adversity, and such resourcefulness in all things, could not have responded to the challenges of contemporary public life.

His nocturnal expeditions to redeem prostitutes, which Jenkins handles sensibly, would have been grist edia of today. But nowever innocent Gladstone may have been in some respects, he was no innocent in massaging the media. His political antennae would presumably have

suicidal sources of emotional solace in changed circumstances. And this celebrated conversationalist would doubtless have found alternative topics to Innocent the Third, the true theory of the Church, Dante, and to adapt to the conversational repertoire of more limited colleagues.

Politicians across the ages share a common addiction to power, what-ever the modalities of acquisition and retention. Gladstone was as highly charged in this as in other respects. What he had above all, which would make him potentially formidable in any age, was, as Jenkins rightly points out, "inherent star quality". Jenkins's own Gladstone has star

quality, too. This is not because it is definitive. There can be no definitive biography of so complex and gargantuan a personality, despite the voluminous source material available. A hostile biographer would have ample material to paint Gladstone's personality in darker hues. In this account, on the contrary, nearly everybody's stature tends to suffer in Gladstone's shadow. Not only does Jenkins draw his enemies, Disraeli and Salisbury, too severely, but even a friend like Acton does not escape reproof for falling to observe his famous aphorisin about the corruption of power.

Despite these quibbles this is a stringuished study. "Half eagle, half lion," GM Young called Gladstone in a notable lecture. If the talons and the claws are not often bared here, the very qualities which may have lenergy and compulsive ambition

helped deprive Jenkins himself of the premiership — a sense of proportion, a sanity of judgment, a mildly sardonic detachment at times not only from his subject, but even from himself - instil confidence in him as a biographer. Deliciously spiced with a mordant wit, his Gladstone can be read for sheer pleasure. But it is the wisdom as well as the wit that makes this biography live, as Jenkins distils his compelling insights into human, and Westminster, nature in this absorbing portrait of one of the two most remarkable personalities ever to have occupied No 10.



THE IRISH aren't and t logy is only 250 pages longt, bespeaks a reticence, or a & tion, if you like. Chapters on? and Fighting. Deaths and W Inept or Excessive Drinking Poiltn, or poteen to you talke; pint of plain is your only man, the usual suspects, naturals to more contemporary writes

The Russian Question at the End of the 20th Century by Alexander Solzhenita (Harvill, £7.99)

■F FOR little else, we should nary?") is authentically angust

On Filrtation, by Adam Phil (Fabor, £7.99)

EVEN partial summary less in the case of a book trade, but one who brings it of close reading to bear upon ing of our lives, as of our work could usefully ditch every low Don't Cell it Night help book ever written and my by Arnos Oz trans with this compendium of questions, cautious answers

To order any of the books in the bidemail.bogo.com

Payment by credit cartificage at to: The Guardian Weekly 1944 Postal address: 29 Pal Mai UNI Bariby Road, London W10 85 Airmali postage costsi

Hardback — \$3.95 Peperback — 21.95

Mystic puritan, spectacular adulterer Conflict of Loyalty, by Geof

Muggeridge: The Biography T IS ALMOST impossible by Richard Ingrams successful politician to mi HarperCollins 266pp €18 good memoir: the skills involve the one area are antithetical at

BEATRICE WEBB, not long after Malcolm Muggeridge's marriage to her niece Kitty, recorded in her diary her impressions of her new nephew: "He is the most intellectually stimulating and pleasant-mannered of all my inlaws'. An ugly but attractive and expressive face, a clever and sympa-thetic talker . . . yet I think Malcolm is a mystic and even a puritan in his awareness of loyalties and human relationships. What is attractive about him is the total absence of intellectual arrogance; partly because he has a keen sense of humour and an understanding of his own ignorance, also a knowledge of the world, a sense of proportion." As an assessment, this could

you'll learn from John Lander, have well appeared, little changed, in Muggeridge's obituary nearly 60 years later. By then, of course, the mystic and the puritan had come to irish Drinking Anthology, it the fore, to leave in the popular memory a faintly ludicrous figure: St Mugg, on his knees, with attendant cameramen, being received into the Roman Catholic Church, To boozy than the Fnotice into the Roman Catholic Church. To they write better on it. Thise his worldly friends, this seemed a sad falling-off for one of the sharpest and most irreverent minds of his generation.

Richard Ingrams came to know Muggeridge well in his later years, at a time when he was a hero to the young sixties satirists. His biography is the tribute of a friend, but especially well-chosen with to he also sees Muggeridge as someone who, in many ways, personified his era. Brought up in a south London suburb and educated at the local secondary school, Muggeridge accompanied his father, a local councillor and later, briefly, a Labour MP, to street-corner meetings.

geridge hopped from job to job -FFOR little else, we snow Later, after he lest Cambridge, time to time, thank Bog tall where he acquired a pass degree in as assistant editor on the Calcutta Statesman, then on the Londoner's are not living in Russia. After science, and a spell of teaching in Diary feature of the Evening ing this - a potted history at India, the rather earnest Fabianism Standard before retreating to Sus from the [7th century on -ex;] gave way to something more excitsex to write. An unsympathetic biography of Samuel Butler upset reives Russian history as soci ing: "Malcolm", announced his successive blows to the soil mother-in-law, the eccentric Rosie EM Forster and an autobiographi Solzhenitsyn's despair ("if ## Dobbs, "... calls himself a communist cal novel, In A Valley Of The Restin this way, who knows if has and recognises no class distinction." less Mind, which included century the time may come be. An anti-imperialist article submitted caricatures of the Webbs, had Beatthe word 'Russian' from the both to the Manchester Guardian when rice wondering whether Malcolm. Muggeridge was on a teaching asignment in Egypt, led to the offer of a job as a leader-writer on the paper uelled by leftwing idealism, Mug-

when he was young, might not have benefited from psychoanalysis. War service in Intelligence (for a Fuelled by leftwing idealism, Mug-geridge, at the age of 27, was at last lowed by a seven-year atint on the

Yet, as Ingrams amply demon-strates, throughout his life Mug-

geridge was easily bored, always

"making off", as he called it, when

jobs or relationships failed to live up

to expectation. The Guardian and its

new editor, W F Crozier, soon quali-

fied, and Muggeridge and Kitty

made off to Moscow with the inten-

The brutalities of Stalinism soon

onened Muggeridge's eyes, and

within less than a year he was back.

but not before he had filed highly

critical reports of the regime which,

would do well in the Roman Catholic

There was still more to forgive

Church," noted Beatrice, gloomily.

although cut by Crozier, raised

lion of settling there.

aunched on his career as a journalist. | Daily Telegraph, latterly as deputy | editor. This brought Muggeridge, now nearing 50, to the peak of his Punch. With his friend Anthony Powell as literary editor, he transformed a sleepy national institution, much used by dentists as a tranquilliser, into a modern, satirical magazine, New contributors such as

Malcolm Muggeridge, Auberon Waugh and Richard Ingrams at Private Eye's 21st birthday lunch

Stephen Spender, Kenneth Tynan, John Betjeman, Julian Maclaren Ross and Claud Cockburn, brought flair and good writing, and Punch was read and talked about as it had not been for years.

UGGERIDGE'S tenure at Punch remains one of the brightest episodes of postfurore in leftwing circles. "Malcolm war journalism and a better memor ial to his talents than the years of during the 1930s, a time when Mugtelevision celebrity that became hi life after Punch was closed.

Richard Ingrams is good on these later years, showing how Muggeridge was slowly devoured by television until, by the end, he could no longer turn his hand to sustained writing. He gives, too, a sympathetic account of the drift into the arms of the Church, accelerated by Muggeridge's friendship with Mother Teresa. Despair at the collapse of civilisation never kept Muggeridge from making the most time's material for the confessional. wife of a collengue (and culture of casion in a London restaurant, on wife and daughter at the same time); at the height of his BBC fame he was known among the staff as "the Pouncer". A long-running affair with Lady Pamela Berry, during which they both once put in an appearance at the Labour party conference with straw and leaves still clinging to their clothes, ended only when the long-suffering Kitty told him to choose between them. As always, he chose her — she was the only person who kept him from becoming cheap, he said — and the two youthful apostles of free love

(she, too, had her flings) settled

never hesitated to lay hands on the

down into abstemious old age. Muggeridge was a man of his time, part of the Zeitgeist — an upwardly mobile, leftwing intellectual at bottom, racked by doubt, for whom the God of communism failed early and who fell back on his wits and charm to see him through. A friend of writers whose own writing ran into the sand, an intimate of politicians who despised politics. London socialite always making off for the country, Muggeridge was the creature of his own boredon and restlessness, to whom television and the Church offered a sort of refuge. Richard Ingrams's acute and entertaining biography shows us a life which, at the very least, never lacked these qualities.

| Playing the upper hand

ian Sansom

Old Scores by Frederic Raphael Orion £15,99 214pp

read novels and a remarkable range of screenplays, biographies, translations, essays and short sto-ries, Frederic Raphael's achievements are many, yet their intellectua status and artistic worth remains un certain. Ferociously intelligent, his writing is yet as tame and as smooth as a tiger-skin rug. Fascinated by the petty torments of ex-pat English upper class life, he is none the less, as he admits, "obsessed with what is now called 'the Holocaust'". He is a consummate middle-brow storyteller with a determinedly high minded purpose and tone.

Old Scores is set in London and the Dordogne in the 1980s. It follows the fortunes of Rachel Stannard, a young woman who drifts finds adventure and excitement with Lionel Cator, an elderly English former special agent and here of the French Resistance.

The plot is complex and episodic, starting off slack, until about halfway when it becomes breathtakingly fast-paced. There is a continuous parade of grotesques with deliciously Dickensian names (including the distinctly unsavoury Roland Savory and Rachel's husband, the appropri ately dodgy-dealing Roger Raikes) all of whom are engaged, in re-inventling their sad lives. The settling of the old scores of the title involves not just punishing the crimes of Nazi collaborators, but also resolving relationships between families. friends and colleagues.

Yet what is most interesting about the novel is the dialogue. Raphael has always had a feel for that peculiarty foarny upper-class argot which

combines irony with innocence. The loguscious Cator is one of his most magnificent creations, his tormented stream-of-consciousness channelled by a strict, military logic: "Any questions? Um. upper hand, sir; how best to establish? Simple, Simon: tell 'em, do as you say ... Heel, boyl Clear? As mud, sir, Excelleat." Parts of the book read like Jeffrey Archer rewritten by Beckett; a reminder that Raphael is really most serious writer.

Cartwheels of prose

Alex Clark

The Age of Miracles by Ellen Gilchrist Bloomsbury 260pp £13.99

IT WOULD be hard to praise too highly this wonderful collection of short stories by the American writer Ellen Gilchrist. In 16 linked pieces, she charts the emotional and artistic development of a woman writer, Rhoda Manning, whom we first met as a child character in a previous book, Light Can Be Both, Wave And Particle. But alongside Rhoda's struggle to find her own voice and forge a literary identity, are dozens of other characters, situations and stories, all of them perfect encapsulations of a particular psychological moment. Throughout Gilchrist's prose turns cartwheels promising to turn into poetry, with each phrase balanced against another, the dramatic intensity and emotional excess qualified and controlled

Most of the book is set in the southern states of America, with excursions to Paris and New York. In the south it revolves round the small town of Fayetteville, Arkansas, where the author lives, and New Orleans, represented as a wellspring of culture and creativity, but also as a dangerous, decadent place, where sexual liberation can be mistaken for freedom. In a story that Gilchrist calle "a fable", a group of poets gather in a bar downtown in "the year the poets got all the pussy and the preachers got none," whilst their hero shoots himself

When we meet her she is in her fifties, an established writer living in semi-seclusion in the mountains. Her fans fall in love with her, her parents, children and graudchildren adore her. She speaks to us in a throaty voice, warm, sexy, funny and

self-knowing and tells us about the joys of getting older and leaving love affairs behind. When she tells us that she has been "selfish, spoiled, hot-tempered", it seems a ritual selfdeprecation. But at this point, Gilchrist takes the brakes off and launches into Rhoda's past, where her seven-year-old son finds her unconscious after a party wearing only a pantyhose; where she grows pin-thin on Dexedrine and screws men without mercy", and one day she walks out on her husband and sons to enrol on a creative

writing course. The narrative runs back and forth in time, and constantly switches from first to third person. At times Rhoda is the focus, at other times she has a walk-on part. But she remains present throughout. It is her experience that is constantly refracted through the humorous fressions and literary allusions, that is echoed in the characters who face up to fate and their complicated emotions. As the book progresses, two dis-tinct voices blur into one, as if Rhoda is re-making her life through language: "Tenderness pity, love, these are words we

invented to forgive ourselves."

In an impeccably written, mov-ing book, Gilchrist creates a

which preserves the energy and

paean to the joys of maturity

recklesaness of youth.

Julian Evans

by Lorenzo Carcaterra

SLEEPERS, the purportedly true story of four New York children sent to a boys' reformatory, a testimony of awful torture and buggery and eventual revenge, made me think over and over again of one of those cocky early stories by Scott Fitzgerald: "Now if this were a moving picture (as, of course, I hope it will some day be) . . . "The thought intruded against the grain of Lorenzo Carcaterra's material against the seriousness of his subject, against the beatings and rapes inflicted on children, against the theft of spirit, theft of childhood, innocence, self. How could a story of such scars be stripped down to such

"Michael, Tommy, John and Lorenzo himself, youngest of the gang, grew up in Hell's Kitchen in the pre-summer-of-love sixties. Products of ethnic mixage, poverty and broken parents, their misdeeds went no worse than a little light fingering of the comic store. Real fear was the day when John and Lorenzo accidentally burst in on a young nun t an unlocked toilet.

"Did you see her snatch?" Michael asked.

gonna burn like twiga for this!"

Home for Boys. All four found themselves at the sexual mercy of their guards, raped, sodomised with batons, humiliated while the authorities turned a blind eye.

If the first two sections of Sleepers are written to formula, syrupy prose doesn't quite amount to dishonesty. But perhaps irritation sharpens one's suspicions against the book's third section. Fast-forward 11 years, to 1979. Tommy and John, scarred beyond recovery, were mobsters; Michael, the oldest and most selfcontained, was working in the District Attorney's office. The two mer tormentors in a Hell's Kitchen bar, and shot him dead in front of witnesses. The last third is the courtroom drama of how Mr Carcaterra (now a journalist) and Michael (who had asked to handle the case) succeeded in having their friends acquitted and revealing the truth about the Wilkinson Home for Boys.

the memoir fit (what it had to fit wa

Time and crime again

Century 325pp £15.99

"A nun's snatch!" John said. "We're

steep subway steps, and an old man Not that it matters. As Fitzgerald, at the bottom crushed: childhood | Hollywood's judge and concubine, had run out of control. Each boy was knew from both sides money is big sentenced to a year in the Wilkinson in pictures.

That part at least is plausible in recent America. As for the rest, it isn't, as Jimmy Breslin put it when Sleepers was published in New York, that the facts just don't add up (why are names and locations changed?). What the author had at his disposal was the perfect cloth for a memoir of unimaginable injustice. But to make a \$2 million deal with Sony) the author had to switch from jerky homespun to the most richly embroidered tat. Suddenly the author has a wise. (Is this likely talk?) Nemesia was | cracking girl to sit through the trial. more earthbound. Lorenzo stole a with, the convenient frame-ups of hamburger one day. While the owner | two former guards, the docile judge, of the stand chased him, Michael,
Tommy and John decided to hide his
cart. Unhappy outcome: the cart,
fits. And I don't believe a word of it.

bounteous intelligence is many Shimmering lives in a desert town every sentence. A psychosomy Shimmering lives in a desert town

by Amos Oz trans Nicholas de Lange halto 200pp £14.99

MOS OZ is a writer of such revthe complexity of Israel's story in the humblest of household effects, Ravid, the ex-Mossad agent Phone: (+44) 181 984 1881 the 1989 novel To Know A (+44) 181 864 1254 Woman, obsessively decodes every ome but never acquires more popu-at intelligence because his paperboy alls to deliver. Fima, Oz's epopywith the ancient newspapers consesting his flat lest they might yet mel political debate. He can't even

new novel. Theo seems to embody the very character of the nation: he is planner, working in a theoretical state. But this is the nineties and the blueprint must change. Theo now plays his chess games with the fridge, regimenting the yoghurts, realigning the eggs. Semi-rettrement as finally brought him home.

Not that anyone is ever quite at home in Oz's books. This is partly metaphorical - Theo lives among immigrants from 30 different countries in a new desert town that stopped like a ship whose bows were stuck in the sand on the shore". But it's also because living with other people is so surprisingly unsettling. Theo's lover, the ebullient Noa, comes home at night "setting up a row of electric lights in her Tush an outcast cockroach for the path as though to illuminate the run-parallels with anti-Semitism. In this way of her landing. The whole apart-

ment screwed up its eyes, dazzled," Should he intervene in Noa's pro-ject for a drug rehabilitation clinic, should he give the opinions de manded as she tries on each dress in the shop? Noa thinks he's as arrogant as Tolstoy, "deigning to light the stove in the hovel of one of his serfs". But she also needs to be child, parent and lover to him. As he to her.

The repertory of exchanging roles is brilliantly mirrored in the narrative voices. Trying to define Theo to herself, Noa's interior monologues assume both his meticulous precision and his solemn maturity. Theo in turn acquires her vivacity and humour. Oz's calm, elegant prose floats like a breeze around the town of Tel Kedar, catching the Council of Torah Sages in beery gossip, drifting along the cinema

ndelible is the image of this man, hovering prayerfully in the evening come, you too will sigh with relief.

Even the town has a character. Its architecture is forgetful, the war monument shedding letters daily, the memorial fountain now a feeble drizzie. Modern solar panels gleam across the roof-tops, trying to apevery street, where the desert whis-

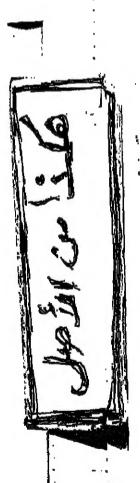
In the end, the clinic is incidental: Theo and Noa do not founder because their plans collapse: they thrive because their human understanding increases. This is Oz's great, wide achievement in Don't Call it Night. He has a gift for conveying our lives as intimate strangers. Even when he lights on queue at the Paris, pausing at the I transient characters, he illuminates

Entebbe bar to share Avram's hopes the whole being. Blind Lupo, who for his new shawarma machine. So accidentally kicks his dog and nastily apologises; Nehomia Dubnow, ejected from the water board, with his postcard collection of seas "like beaten gold"; even the corpse of Elijah, nicknamed because he always asked when Elliah would come, leaves his question in the air.

The novel finishes with a cast-list by order of appearance that inpease the sun's blaze in its own lan- | This is perfect. For even the anonyguage. But history is at the end of | mous have become unforgettable by the end of Oz's masterpiece.

NEW AUTHORS

PUBLISH YOUR WORK Fiction, Non-Fiction, Blography, Religious, Postry, Childrens'. AUTHORS WORLD-WIDE INVITED MINERVA PRESS



...

A moralist with star quality

J J Lee

Gladstone Macmillan 698pp £20

OUR TIMES Prime Minister. the most commanding of all Chancellors of the Exchequer, the "quintessential Victorian statesman," as Roy Jenkins calls him in this beautifully crafted biography, Gladstone towered over the public life of his age. He resigned as Prime Minister for the last time scarcely a century ago. Yet in some ways he seems a much more distant figure, an Old Testament prophet rather than an adroit party politician of more familiar vintage.

True, he was committed to accounting for his time with an obsession that might gladden the heart of this was because time, for him, was a trust from God, who did indeed consume a great deal of his own time. So did the Queen, who, he said, "alone is enough to kill any man". Reading was central to his life, with Homer leading the parade of the 20,000 books he read - he must have averaged five a week as he prowled through the classics. theology, history and fiction.

Jenkins frequently draws arresting analogies hetween Cladstone and later personalities, tempting one to wonder how Gladstone would have fared today. Would not his earnestness, his ponderous

fectuality? Perhaps. But the central concern of Glad-

stone's rhetoric, the relationship of power and morality, remains a timeless theme in public life. It is striking how many topics of his day - Ireland, the Concert of Europe, Balkan atrocities - remain high on our agenda. His approach, rooted in the search for justice -- not necessarily incompatible with party or personal advantage --- has not lost its validity. To those of us who dream of enduring friendship between Ireland and England, for instance, the defeat of his Home Rule bills, however sinplistic his views on the Ulster question, helped set back conciliation for

more than a century.

And if Gladstone's principles remained remarkably consistent throughout his long public life, his application of those principles could be highly flexible. It would be foolish to surmise that such compulsive ambition, such power of personality, such prodigious energy, such resilience in adversity, and such resourcefulness in all things, could not have responded to the challenges of contemporary public life.

His nocturnal expeditions to redeem prostitutes, which Jenkins handles sensibly, would have been grist o the media of today. But noweve innocent Gladstone may have been in some respects, he was no innocent in massaging the media. His political antennae would presumably have

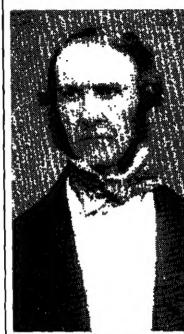
moralising, his scrupulosity, have condemned him to ridicule and inefchanged circumstances. And this elebrated conversationalist would oubtless have found alternative topics to Innocent the Third, the true heory of the Church, Dante, and to adapt to the conversational repertoire of more limited colleagues.

Politicians across the ages share a common addiction to power, what-ever the modalities of acquisition and retention. Gladatone was as highly charged in this as in other respects. What he had above all, which would make him potentially formidable in any age, was, as Jenkins rightly nta out, "Inherent star quality". Jenkins's own Gladstone has star

quality, too. This is not because it is definitive. There can be no definitive biography of so complex and gargantuan a personality, despite the volu-minous source material available. A hostile biographer would have ample material to paint Gladstone's personality in darker hues. In this account, on the contrary, nearly everybody's stature tends to suffer in Gladstone's shadow. Not only does Jenkins draw his enemies, Disraeli and Salisbury, too severely, but even a friend like Acton does not escape reproof for ailing to observe his famous aphorism about the corruption of power.

Despite these quibbles this is a distinguished study. "Half eagle, half lion," GM Young called Gladstone in a notable lecture. If the falons and the

helped deprive Jenkins himself of the premiership — a sense of proportion sanity of judgment, a mildly sardonic detachment at times not only from his subject, but even from himself - instil confidence in him as a biographer. Deliciously spiced with a mordant wit, his Gladstone can be read for sheer pleasure. But it is the wisdom as well as the wit that makes this biography live, as Jenkins distils his compelling insights into human, and Westminster, nature in this absorbing portrait of one of the two most remarkable personalities ever to have occupied No 10.



claws are not often bared here, the Gladstone: a man of prodigious very qualities which may have energy and compulsive ambition

Paperbacks

Nicholas Lezard

Conflict of Loyalty, by Geoffe Howe (Pan, £8,99)

T IS ALMOST impossible in successful politician to wie good memoir: the skills invoked the one area are antithetical to ge prose. That said, Howe's ment are exciting, and only produce mild, sufferable feeling of the The best bit is his resignation speech. We all owe him a dist getting rid of That Woman.

The Real Life of Sebastian Knight, by Vladimir Naboke (Penguin, £6.99)

A GREAT excuse to read out the most subtle, delicately ound novels in the language. Nabokov's first in English - 4 a novelist who abandons his w: Russian to write in English 1 beauty of it is that this is far ar than just a game with mirrou you'll learn from John Lauchery. excellent afterword.

Bottle, Draught and Kegian Irish Drinking Anthology, et Laurence Flanagan, £10.99

THE IRISH aren't any n boozy than the English ! they write better on it. This m. logy is only 250 pages long 🕏 besneaks a reticence, or a def tion, it you like. Chapters on Di and Fighting, Deaths and We-Inept or Excessive Drinking: Poitin, or poteen to you talthou pint of plain is your only man). the usual suspects, naturally. especially well-chosen with rg. to more contemporary writers

The Russian Question at the End of the 20th Century by Alexander Solzhenitsyn (Harvill, £7.99)

#F FOR little else, we should to time to time, thank Bog the are not living in Russia. After a ing this - a potted history of Rosuccessive blows to the soul? the word 'Russian' from the de nary?") is authentically anguish

(Faber, £7.99)

EVEN partial summary by less in the case of a book with every sentence. A psychosis questions, cautious answers.

To order any of the books review Phone: (+44) 181 964 1251: ((+44) 181 964 1254

Payment by credit card/chade part to: The Guardian Weekly Book Postal address: 29 Pall Mell (1804) Barlby Road, London W10 88L, LK

Airmail postage coster

Europe Rest of F

97.60

Hardback 23.95 Paperback — £1.95

Mystic puritan, spectacular adulterer

/luggeridge: The Biography lemerCollins 266pp £18

BEATRICE WEBB, not long after Malcolm Muggeridge's marriage to her niece Kitty, recorded in her diary her impressions of her new nephew: "He is the most intellectually stimulating and pleasant-mannered of all my 'inlaws'. An ugly but attractive and expressive face, a clever and sympathetic talker . . . yet I think Malcolm is a mystic and even a puritan in his wareness of loyalties and human relationships. What is attractive about him is the total absence of inellectual arrogance; partly because he has a keen sense of humour and an understanding of his own ignorance, also a knowledge of the world, a sense of proportion. As an assessment, this could

have well appeared, little changed, n Muggeridge's obituary nearly 60 years later. By then, of course, the nystic and the puritan had come to the fore, to leave in the popular emory a faintly ludicrous figure: Mugg, on his knees, with attendant cameramen, being received into the Roman Catholic Church. To his worldly friends, this seemed a sad falling-off for one of the sharpest and most irreverent minds

Richard Ingrants came to know Muggeridge well in his later years, at a time when he was a hero to the young sixties satirists. His blography is the tribute of a friend, but he also sees Muggeridge as someone who, in many ways, personified his era. Brought up in a south London suburb and educated at the local secondary school, Muggeridge acompanied his father, a local courcillor and later, briefly, a Labour MP, o street-corner meetings.

Later, after he left Cambridge, where he acquired a pass degree in science, and a spell of teaching in India, the rather earnest Fabianism gave way to something more exciting: "Malcolm", announced his mother-in-law, the eccentric Rosie Dobbs, "... calls himself a communist and recognises no class distinction." An anti-imperialist article submitted the Manchester Guardian when luggeridge was on a teaching asagnment in Egypt, led to the offer of job as a leader-writer on the paper. fuelled by leftwing idealism, Muggeridge, at the age of 27, was at last

ournalistic career, the editorship of Punch. With his friend Anthony Powell as literary editor, he transformed a sleepy national institution, much used by dentists as a tranquilliser. into a modern, satirical magazine.

Malcolm Muggeridge, Auberon Waugh and Richard Ingrams at Private Eye's 21st birthday lunch

New contributors such as Stephen Spender, Kenneth Tynan, John Betjeman, Julian Maclaren Ross and Claud Cockburn, brought flair and good writing, and Punch was read and talked about as it had not been for years.

UGGERIDGE'S tenure a Punch remains one of the brightest episodes of postwar journalism and a better memorial to his talents than the years of television celebrity that became his life after Punch was closed. Richard Ingrams is good on these later years, showing how

Muggeridge was slowly devoured by television until, by the end, he could no longer turn his hand to sustained writing. He gives, too, a sympathetic account of the drift into the arms of the Church, accelerated by Muggeridge's friendship with Mother Teresa. Despair at the collapse of civilisation never kept Muggeridge from making the most time's material for the confessional. lowed by a seven-year stint on the | He was a spectacular adulterer who | never lacked these qualities,

sunched on his career as a journalist.

Yet, as Ingrams amply demonstrates, throughout his life Mug.

Daily Telegraph, latterly as deputy never hesitated to lay hands on the editor. This brought Muggeridge wife of a collection on the peak of his casion in a London restaurant, on wife of a colleague tond, on one ou-casion in a London restaurant, on wife and daughter at the same time); at the height of his BBC fame he was known among the staff as "the Pouncer". A long-running affair with Lady Pamela Berry, during which they both once put in an appearance at the Labour party conference with straw and leaves still clinging to their clothes, ended only when the long-suffering Kitty told him to choose between them. As always, he chose her - she was the only person who kept him from becoming cheap, he said - and the two youthful apostles of free love

(she, too, had her flings) settled

down into abstemious old age. Muggeridge was a man of his time, part of the Zeitgeist - an upwardly mobile, leftwing intellectual at bottom, racked by doubt, for whom the God of communism failed early and who fell back on his wits and charm to see him through. A friend of writers whose own writing ran into the sand, an intimate of politicians who despised politics, a London socialite always making off for the country, Muggeridge was the creature of his own boredom and restlessness, to whom television and the Church offered a sort of refuge. Richard Ingrams's acute of it, and he accumulated a life- and entertaining biography shows us a life which, at the very least,

Playing the upper hand

ian Sansom

Old Scores by Frederic Raphael Orion £15.99 214pp

A FTER 18 elegant and easy-toread novels and a remarkable range of screenplays, biographies, translations, essays and short sto-ries, Frederic Raphael's achievements are many, yet their intellectual status and artistic worth remains uncertain. Ferociously intelligent, his writing is yet as tame and as smooth as a tiger-skin rug. Fascinated by the petty torments of ex-pat English upper class life, he is none the less. as he admits, "obsessed with what is now called 'the Holocaust'". He is a consummate middle-brow story teller with a determinedly high minded purpose and tone.

Old Scores is set in London and the Dordogne in the 1980s. It follows the fortunes of Rachel Stannard, a young woman who drifts from university to journalism and finds adventure and excitement with Lionel Cator, an elderly English former special agent and hero of the French Resistance.

The plot is complex and episodic starting off slack, until about halfvay when it becomes breathtakingly last-naced. There is a continuous on ande of grotesones with deliciously Dickensian names (including the distinctly unsavoury Roland Savory and Rachel's husband, the appropriately dodgy-dealing Roger Raikes). all of whom are engaged, in re-inventing their sad lives. The settling of the old scores of the title involves not just punishing the crimes of Nazi collaborators, but also resolvng relationships between familles. riends and colleagues.

Yet what is most interesting about the novel is the dialogue. Raphael has always had a feel for that peculiarly foamy upper-class argot which combines irony with innocence.

The loquacious Cator is one of his nost magnificent creations, his tormented stream-of-consciousness hannelled by a strict, military logic: Any questions? Um, upper hand, sir: now best to establish? Simple. Simon: tell 'em, do as you say ... Heel, boy! Clear? As mud. sir. Excellent." Parts of the book read like Jeffrey Archer rewritten by Beckett; a reminder that Raphael is really

Cartwheels of prose

Alex Clark

The Age of Miracles by Ellen Gilchrist Bloomsbury 260pp £13.99

[TWOULD be hard to praise too highly this wonderful collection of short stories by the American writer Ellen Gilchrist. In 16 linked pieces, she charts the emotional and artistic development of a woman writer, Rhoda Manning, whom we first met as a child character in a previous book, Light Can Be Both Wave And Particle. But alongside Rhoda's atruggle to find her own voice and forge a literary identity, are dozens of other characters, situations and stories, all of them perfect encapsulations of a particular paychological moment. Throughout, Glichrist's prose turns cartwheels promising to turn into poetry, with each phrase balauced against another, the dramatic intensity and emotional excess qualified and controlled

by a fine, tight irony. Most of the book is set in the southern states of America, with excursions to Paris and New York. In the south it revolves around the small town of Fayetteville, Arkansas, where the author lives, and New Orleans, represented as a wellspring of culture and creativity, hut also as a dangerous, decadent place, where sexual liberation can be mistaken for freedom. In a story that Gilchrist calls "a fable", a group of poets gather in a bar downtown in "the year the poets got all the pussy and the preachers got none," whilst their hero shoots himself

When we meet her she is in her fifties, an established writer living in semi-seclusion in the mountains. Her fans fall in love with her, her parents, children and grandchildren ndore her.

She speaks to us in a throaty voice, warm, sexy, funny and self-knowing and tells us about the joys of getting older and leav-ing love affairs behind. When she tells us that she has oeen "selfish, spoiled, hot-tempered", it seems a ritual selfdeprecation. But at this point, Gilchrist takes the brakes off

and launches into Rhoda's past where her seven-year-old son finds her unconscious after a party wearing only a pantyhose; where she grows pin-thin on Dexedrine and acrews men 'without mercy", and one day she walks out on her husband and sons to enrol on a creative writing course.

The parrative runs back and forth in time, and constantly switches from first to third person. At times Rhoda is the locus, at other times she has a walk-on part. But she remains present throughout. It is her experience that is constantly refracted through the humorous digressions and literary allusions, that is echoed in the char acters who face up to fate and their complicated emotions. As the book progresses, two distinct voices blur into one, as if Rhoda is re-making her life through language: "Tenderness, pity, love, these are words we nvented to forgive ourselves." in an impeccably written, mov-ing book, Gilchrist creates a paean to the joys of maturity

which preserves the energy and

recklessness of youth.

Time and crime again

Julian Evans

Sleepers by Lorenzo Carcaterra Century 325pp £15.99

SLEEPERS, the purportedly true story of four New York children sent to a boys' reformatory, a testimony of awful torture and buggery and eventual revenge, made me think over and over again of one of those cocky early stories by Scott Fitzgerald: "Now if this were a moving picture (as. of course, I hope i will some day be) . . . " The thought intruded against the grain of Lorenzo Carcaterra's material against the seriousness of his subect, against the beatings and rapes inflicted on children, against the theft of spirit, theft of childhood, innocence, self. How could a story of such scars be stripped down to suci

"Michael, Tomniy, John and Lorenzo himself, youngest of the gang, grew up in Hell's Kitchen in the pre-summer-of-love sixties. Products of ethnic mixage, poverty and broken parents, their misdeeds went no worse than a little light fingering of the comic store. Real fear was the day when John and Lorenzo in an unlocked tollet.

"Did you see her snatch?" Michael asked. "A nun's snatch!" John said. "We're

gonna burn like twigs for this!" (Is this likely talk?) Nemesia was more earthbound. Lorenzo stole a hamburger one day. While the owner of the stand chased him, Michael, Tommy and John decided to hide his cart. Unhappy outcome: the cart. steep subway steps, and an old man at the bottom crushed: childhood had run out of control. Each boy was sentenced to a year in the Wilkinson | in pictures.

Lame for Boys. All four found them selves at the sexual mercy of their guards, raped, sodomised with batons, humiliated while the authorities turned a blind eye.

If the first two sections of Sleepers are written to formula, syrupy prose loesn't quite amount to dishonesty. But perhaps irritation sharpens one's suspicions against the book's third section. Fast-forward 11 years, to 1979. Tommy and John, scarred beyond recovery, were mobsters; Michael, the oldest and most selfcontained, was working in the District Attorney's office. The two gunmen stumbled on one of their former tormentors in a Hell's Kitchen bar, and shot him dead in front of witnesses. The last third is the courtroom drama of how Mr Carcaterra (now a journalist) and Michael (who had asked to handle the case) succeeded in having their friends acquitted and revealing the truth about the

Vilkinson Home for Boys. That part at least is plausible in recent America. As for the rest, it isn't, as Jimmy Breslin put it when Sleepers was published in New York, that the facts just don't add up (why are names and locations changed?). What the author had at his disposal was the perfect cloth for a memoir of accidentally burst in on a young nun | unimaginable injustice. But to make the memoir fit (what it had to fit was a \$2 million deal with Sony) the author had to switch from jerky homespun to the most richly embroidered tat. Suddenly the author has a wisecracking girl to sit through the trial with, the convenient frame-ups of two former guards, the docile judge, the over-obliging witnesses, the TV courtroom dialogue. Suddenly it all

fits. And I don't believe a word of it.

Not that it matters. As Fitzgerald,

Hollywood's judge and concubine

knew from both sides money is hig

from the 17th century on - 0227 ccives Russian history as 🗪 🚾 iolzbenitsyn's despair ("if wepe in this way, who knows if in me century the time may come tom

On Flirtation, by Adam Philip

bounteous intelligence is manifel trade, but one who brings the of close reading to bear upon ing of our lives, as of our work could usefully ditch every hogus help book ever written and reper with this compendium of pro-

Emai: bid@mall.bogo.dout

Shimmering lives in a desert town

Yet, as Ingrams amply demon-strates, throughout his life Mug-

geridge was easily bored, always

making off, as he called it, when

jobs or relationships failed to live up

to expectation. The Guardian and its

new editor, W F Crozier, soon quali-

fied, and Muggeridge and Kitty

made off to Moscow with the inten-

The brutalities of Stalinism soon

opened Muggeridge's eyes, and

within less than a year he was back,

but not before he had filed highly

critical reports of the regime which,

although cut by Crozier, raised a

furore in leftwing circles. "Malcolin

would do well in the Roman Catholic

There was still more to forgive

during the 1930s, a time when Mug-

geridge hopped from job to job —

as assistant editor on the Calcutta

Statesman, then on the Londoner's

Diary feature of the Evening

Standard before retreating to Sus-

sex to write. An unsympathetic biography of Samuel Butler upset

EM Forster and an autobiographi-

cal novel, in A Valley Of The Rest-

less Mind, which included

caricatures of the Webbs, had Beat-

rice wondering whether Malcolm,

when he was young, might not have

benefited from psychoanalysis. War service in Intelligence (for a

time, under Kim Philby) was fol-

Church," noted Beatrice, gloomily.

tion of settling there.

Laura Cumming

Don't Call It Night ly Amos Oz trans Nicholas de Lange hatto 200pp £14.99

MOS OZ is a writer of such revelatory gentus that he can exess the complexity of Israel's istory in the humblest of household effects. Ravid, the ex-Mossad agent the 1989 novel To Know A Yoman, obsessively decodes every reak and power surge in his empty ome but never acquires more popur intelligence because his paperboy alls to deliver. Fima, Oz's eponymous philosopher-clown, won't part with the ancient newspapers confesting his flat lest they might yet fuel political debate. He can't even trush an outcast cockroach for the

new novel, Theo seems to embody the very character of the nation: he is a planner, working in a theoretical state. But this is the nineties and the blueprint must change. Theo now plays his chess games with the fridge, regimenting the yoghurts, re-

Not that anyone is ever quite at home in Oz's books. This is partly metaphorical — Theo lives among immigrants from 30 different countries in a new desert town that stopped like a ship whose bows were stuck in the sand on the shore". But it's also because living with other people is so surprisingly unsettling. Theo's lover, the ebullient Noa, comes home at night "setting up a row of electric lights in her path as though to illuminate the run-

ment screwed up its eyes, dazzled." Should he intervene in Noa's project for a drug rehabilitation clinic, should he give the opinions de manded as she tries on each dress in the shop? Noa thinks he's as arrogant as Tolstoy, "deigning to light the aligning the eggs. Semi-retirement stove in the hovel of one of his seris".

But she also needs to be child, parent and lover to him. As he to her.

The repertory of exchanging roles is brilliantly mirrored in the narrative voices. Trying to define Theo to herself, Noa's interlor monologues assume both his meticulous precision and his solemn maturity. Theo in turn acquires her vivacity and humour. Oz's calm, elegant prose floats like a breeze around the town of Tel Kedar, catching the Council of Torah Sages in beery gossip, drifting along the cinema strangers. Even when he lights on Parallels with anti-Semitism. In this way of her landing. The whole apart queue at the Paris, pausing at the transient characters, he illuminates

for his new shawarma machine. So indelible is the image of this man, hovering prayerfully in the evening light, that when customers finally come, you too will sigh with relief. Even the town has a character. Its

architecture is forgetful, the war monument shedding letters daily, the memorial fountain now a feeble drizzie. Modern solar panels gleam But she also needs to be child, parent | across the roof-tops, trying to appease the sun's blaze in its own language. But history is at the end of every street, where the desert whisties up its spirals of ancient sand. 'In the end, the clinic is incidental,

Theo and Noa do not founder because their plans collapse; they thrive because their human understanding increases. This is Oz's great, wide achievement in Don't Call It Night. He has a gift for conveying our lives as intimate

Entebbe bar to share Avram's hopes | the whole being. Blind Lupo, who accidentally kicks his dog and hastily apologises; Nehomia Dubnow, ejected from the water board. with his postcard collection of seas "like beaten gold"; even the corpse of Elliah, nicknamed because he always asked when Elijah would

come, leaves his question in the air. The novel finishes with a cast-list cludes the nameless and the dead. This is perfect. For even the anonymous have become unforgettable by the end of Oz's masterojece.

NEW AUTHORS

PUBLISH YOUR WORK Fiction. Non-Fiction, Biography. Religious, Poetry, Childrens'. AUTHORS WORLD-WIDE INVITED Write or send your manuscript to MINERVA PRESS



Les miserables in Europe

Sports Dlary Shiv Sharma

light zone of their groups.

vent out 8-3 on aggregate.

match.

deficit in the Uefa Cup. The realistic

expectation, however, was that they

would go down with all guns blaz-

ng. Instead, they meckly surren-

hort of net practice, having scored

10 goals in two games against Pre-miership basement dwellers Man-

chester City, found Brondby, who

lie second in the Danish league, no

pushovers. Playing on home terri-tory, the Anfield players had the

Danes on the rack for most of the

But while possession is one

thing, what you do with it is quite another. Whatever little control of

the ball the visitors got, they put to

devastating effect. On a rare excur-

sion into the Liverpool half, Eggen headed the only goal in the 78th

ninute, killing off a rampant Liver-

Raith Rovers, also saddled with

deficit from the first leg of the tie,

gave Bayern Munich a fright when

minute. It gave them confidence

and they forced three corners at the

start of the second half. But Jürgen

Klinsmann hit back for the Ger-

mans and Babbel added another

eight minutes later to make it 2-

the next round Forest will play

French first division side Lyons,

Chances were few and far between

for the home side due to the Poles'

chance of joining Juventus in the

Everton were next to join the exo-

dus from Europe after being beaten

dered 3-0 to the Dutch side and



turies. The oasis-cum-orchard gar-

lens are models for more modern,

sustainable, human, food-producing

habitata like permaculture and for-

Anthony Milroy, director of the

environment of inner cities.

Salford's urban oasis

cDONALD'S in Pendleton, Manchester, is an oasis packed with lunchtime students and business people. Inside this controlled environment, tropical plants nestle between the seats. Jutility, the car park is enclosed by tidy shrubs and trees turning a designer autumn bronze: a corporate habitat in the urban desert.

Just across the road are rows and rows of boarded-up flate with notices saying "Anything of value has been removed". And they mean it. People, nature, jobs, community, gardens, wildlife: snything of value has been removed. Beyond this ghost town, the huge tower blocks of Salford reach for the sky.

In the meeting room of the romantically named Apple Tree Court, a block containing 180 flats, there's a picture of Shirley Bassey. a welcome cuppa and real enthusiasm. The tenants association formed its own company so that the high-rise community could get to grips with its environment. There is now a tall fence around the block and an electric gate — a reluctant but necessary state of siege in which to tackle the landscape and build a garden because anything of | of fruits, nuts, vegetables and fod-

The garden, in its second year, is not just a cosmetic exercise to tart up the dismal landscape common to many urban regeneration achemes. Unlike the corporate mirage of McDonald's, this is a real oasis.

A tower block in inner-city, postseem like a strange place to be talk-ing about an oasis. Stranger still when the inspiration for this garden comes from the Arabian deserts.

Shibam, a medieval city of ancient mud-block "skyscrapers", lies in the Wadi Hadraumaut in southern Yemen. This high-rise community is surrounded by a green and fertile oasis, carved out of the arid mountain landscape. Using traditional tech-niques of "stacking" layers of shrubs, vegetables, herbs and root crops grown together under a canopy of date palms, the oasis imitates the ecological structure of a forest.

When Islamic culture swept through North Africa and into southern Europe, the tradition of oasis gardens followed. The same principles were adopted by Christian monastic communities and adapted to temperate northern Europe as an orchard-based system.

These orchards, with their layers

Bridge Zia Mahmood

THE UNIQUE thrill of rubber bridge is the spectrum of emotions that a player can experience on even the most mundane-looking of hands. Follow the mood-swings of the West player on this deal from the hightake game at TGR's. With both sides vulnerable, your hand is:

4J8762 ∀A5 ♦64 ♦K763

North, on your left, opens with one diamond. East passes, and the immediate outlook is depressing since your opponents appear to have the balance of strength. South, on your right, bids one beart. der crops, sustained pre-industrial European communities for cen-

You toy fleetingly with the idea of overcalling one spade, but that would be irresponsible at any stakes, let alone those for which you are playing. You pass, re-signed to watching North-South's uction from the sidelines.

North appears to be giving his next bid a lot of thought. He Arid Lands Initiative, worked for four years in Yemen with farmers finally produces three spades, a and communities struggling against conventional bid which - as you environmental collapse wrought by are well aware, but South tells ou anyway - shows excellent deforestation, soil erosion and misheart support and a void or singuided aid programmes. He is gleton in apades.

transferring the wisdom of casis East passes, and South bids horticulture from Shibam in the our no trumps. You know what Wadi Hadraumaut to Salford in the Wadi Calder. The plan is to estabthat means - your opponents lish the oasis/orchard-based multiare going to end up in a small alam, and you are going to lose layered garden system in the arid another sizeable rubber.

You pass, North bids five Working with the tenants of hearts to show two aces, and Apple Tree Court, Milroy's team are helping develop the garden, which South bids six diamonds after a already has apple trees, veg plots and a pond. They plan an orchardpass from East. You pass once more, wondering if perhaps East based forest garden and rooftop has the queen of clubs and will greenhouses. High-rise tenants, lead one, setting up a trick for your king while you still have the armed with tree-growing kits, are ace of hearts . . . growing seedlings on their balconies. The local probation service

Your reverle is interrupted by the realisation that the auction is It's early days yet for the urban not over. North emerges from oasis, but with 50 per cent of the world's population due to be living another trance with a bid so astounding that you can hardly believe your ears. North bids seven will be coming to a run-down, arid,

— yes, seven — heartsl Well, you know what you are concrete desert somewhere near going to do when that comes

round to you. But the surprise in this auction have only just begun, for it is East, your partner, who doubles seven beart.

Liss Buckingham and John Duncan What would you make of the - upart from concluding that everyone at the table has taken leave of their senses?

East lan't doubling to saveys pace last week, with a London MP the trouble, since he does not daiming the stadium management 'couldn't run a whelk stall", City know you have the ace of trumps. His double asks you'r hareholders attacking "stupendous find an unusual lead, and it management weakness" and a footseems fairly clear that he is will supporters' group expressing macern over the use of public

South knows that as well as money for a private company. do, so he removes seven heart Wembley and Manchester are on doubled to seven no trumps lth the shortlist to be the site of the your lead against this contract, a greof-the-art stadium, with Wembyou have no difficulty in selecting by pic offering to donate the land a double. What would be your choice of lead?

This is the full deal:

♦ J8762 *** 64 ★**K763

it Surely the idea is to go for an imminative solution somewhere the in London, not a revamp of dapped out old Wembley?" he said. **♥19762** Several City Institutions are also ◆ Q 10973 explical about Wembley's credenhis "Given the track record of the

You might perhaps reason lead from either black suit not likely to cost your side the contract, since hearts are oned your opponents' main sultsad it is wildly improbable that the will have 13 tricks outside hearts. But the ace of hearts's certainly an understandable

At the table, West triumph antly cashed his ace against it doubled grand slam, and Sout claimed the rest of the tricks. West's cuphoria was short his CARLING PREMIERSHIP: Avsenal to East, "we would have scored 1,400."

HE backlash against Wemb ley's bld for £108 million of lottery money to build a new national aports stadium gathered

Vembley, under fire as site for new national sports stadium

There have to be guarantees from Wembley that the people who are paying for this stadium, the British public, are going to be protected and that it is not just Wembley plc's shareholders who are going to be ooked after."

Outcry against Wembley bid

Many Wembley investors saw their holdings effectively wiped out last year by a huge share issue. At one stage there were 5.5 billion shares. Earlier this year, investors were forced to put up another £130 million to help the company avoid bankruptcy. At their peak Wembley's debts stood at £150 million the legacy of an ill-judged takeover spree in the late 1980s and early 1990s, which saw the self-styled "venue of legends" become the owner of businesses ranging from film-making and discos to ticket sales and catering.

Individual investors who had bought shares for up to 157p in the

late 1980s found them becoming practically worthless as Wembley moved into the record books for ssuing more shares than any other organisation in the history of the

The price Wembley had to pay for the City's support was the demotion of the chairman, Sir Brian Wolfson, to deputy chairman, and the introducion, over his head, of the Swedish businessman Claes Hultman. But, alarmingly for some, the rest of the nanagement team remained.

Although Louis Freedman and Bob Heaver retired from the board in 1994 and Sir Peter Thompson and Nex McCrindle gave up their direcorships earlier this year, other key igures remained.

Manchester has won the race to stage the Commonwealth Games in 2002. The announcement, made in Bermuda, was greeted with a champagne celebration, music by school bands and fireworks in the city.

and the end of the road for Rovers. Nottingham Forest secured place in the last 16 with a goalless draw against Auxerre of France. It was sheer doggedness and determination on the part of the Forest players which brought them a 1-0 aggregate victory. In a nail-biting game they repeatedly held off Aux-erre whose fluid movement and mooile marauding had laid siege to the Forest area for much of the game. "People will have to take notice of us now," said Forest's jubilant manager Frank Clark after the match. In

who won through 4-1 on aggregate against Italian giante Lazio. In the European Cup Champions League, Blackburn suffered further frustration as Legia Warsaw held out for a point at Ewood Park.

BELL'S SCOTTISH LEAGUE: Premier Division: Aberdeen 1, Hibernian 2; Hearts 3 Partick 0; Kirmamock 5, Raith 1; Motherwell 0 Cettic 2; Rangers 2, Falkirk 0.

SCOTTIAN LEAGUE: First Division: Dumbartan 1, Si Johnstone 3; Dunfamiline 1 St Mirran 1; Graetruck Morton 2, Airdine 1; Hamilton 1, Dundee 2, Leading poetitiones 1, Dunfamiline (played 12, points 25); 2, Dundee Utd (12-25); 3, Gr Morton (12-23).

Second Division: Ayr 1, Stirling 2; Clyds 3, Montrose 0; East Rife 3, Stranner 3; Queen of South 1, Forlar 1, Leading positions; 1, East Rife (12-27); 2, Berwick (12-22); 3,

WHAT a catastrophic week it | Celtic's hopes were destroyed by was for British football in Europe. Of the eight clubs who took main at Parkhead, where the visitors part in three European competieased to a 3-0 victory. Patrice Loko ions, only one ended on the winput the tie beyond the Scottish side with a goal in the 36th minute, and ning side. The rest either crashed then doubled the lead six minutes out or plunged deeper into the twilater. Pascale Nouma, who came on Leeds had gone to PSV Eind-hoven hopeful of overturning a 5-3 as substitute for Loko, added to

> S TENHOUSEMUIR, of the Scot-tish Second Division, kept their ties and take the first trophy in their 111-year history when they triumphed over Dundee United in the Scottish League Challenge Cup. The final had been goalless after extra-time.

> ONATHAN DAVIES, the most gifted Welsh rugby player of his generation, made history by coming the first player to move from league to union for a fee. Nearly seven years after joining Warrington, he returned to Cardiff in a £60,000 deal completed only hours before the Welsh Rugby Union's league registration deadline. "I cannot believe that it has happened," said the 33year-old Davies. "Even three months ago the prospect of a move to Cardiff would have been a ridiculous dream." Davies played for Neath and Llanelli and won 27 Wales caps, leading his country on three occasions. On Sunday he inspired his new club to a 57-9 victory over Aberavon.

R IDDICK BOWE battled his way to victory over old adversary Evander Holyfleki with an eighthround stoppage in Las Vegas. The referee stepped in after Holyfield had been knocked down twice in the third battle between the two former world heavyweight champions. Bowe found himself on the canvas for the first time in his career in the sixth round, but recovered from the

ICHAEL CAMPBELL equalled the course record and broke his duck with a decisive win in the Alfred Dunhill Masters in Jakarta. The 26-year-old New Zealander shot a 65 to finish with a 21-under-par 267, five strokes ahead of Craig Parry of Australia and Mark Mouland of Britain.

won the World Open title a Toulouse by beating Pakistan's Jahangir Khan, who himself had been unbeaten for five years and seven months, is retiring from the game at the age of 37 because of

Quick crossword no. 287

1 Vacationist (12) 9 Indian corn (5)

10 Business affair (7) 11 Whit (4) 12 Appetising

drink (8) 14 Win over (6) 15 Flall (6)

18 Indian mausoleum (3.5) 20 Still ---

smooth (4) 22 View (7) 23 Hearing -

24 Small, sturdy horse breed (8,4)

Down

. . .

. - -

2 Left out (7) 3 Thought (4)

4 Receive (6) 5 Kingdom (8) 6 Genuflected (5) 7 Not unusual

(3.2,3,4)

8 Equally skillful

with both

hands (12)

13 Stately (8)

16 Euphoria (7) Last week's solution 17 Billiards' shot (6) 19 Sap (5) 21 Stay - and SHECHE IGNORE
A N M R R D

BELLIGERENCE

Chess Leonard Barden

in cities by the year 2000, perhaps it

DARADOXICALLY for a nation with one of the world's atrongest chess teams, most of the UK's best nternational opens are now staged offshore. Guernsey has played since the seventies, the Isle of Lewis made a brilliant debut this year, but the event growing most impressively is the Isle of Man.

Its open, sponsored by Monarch Assurance, is now in its fourth year, with excellent playing conditions, en-thuslastic organisers and a prize fund of £8,000 which attracted 11 grandmasters. It's not yet Lloyds

lank or Hastings, but it's on the way. First Lalic, then Hodgson took clear leads before the pack caught them, and a tense final round ended in a five-way tie between Hodgson, Miles, Sadler, a Russian and an Israeli. Half a point behind, on 6/9, were the UK open specialists Howell, Arkell, Hebden and with an IM.

Few if any sports outside chess speed chess play-offs would improve Isle of Man 1996, when word of mouth for this well-run event | looks good, eg 33 Bf6 Qb6 and should ensure a still larger entry. Black's attack is faster. 32 b4 Rb1 | f4-g2-e1-f3 mate.

Julian Hodgson-Igor Stohl, Trompovsky Opening

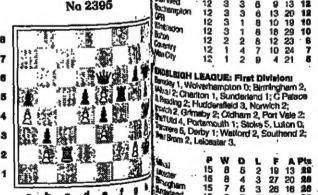
l d4 Nf6 2 Bg5 Ten years ago this move was an opening byway; now it is main-line theory, thanks not least to Hodgson's successes, c5 3 d5 Ne4 4 Bf4 Qb6 5 Bc1?! An experiment to try to create a strong pawn centre, but 5 Qc1 may be better.

e6 6 f3 Nf6 7 c4 exd5 8 cxd5 c41 Stohl, the Slovak No 1, is ready for Hodgson's special battleground of obscure tactics. 9 e3 Qa5+ 10 Nc3 b5 11 Qd4 Bb4 12 Qe5+ Kf8 13 a3 Bb7 14 axb4!? A typical sacrifice, diverting the BQ so as to attack the king. Qxa1 15 Nge2 Qa6 16 Nd4 d6 17 Qf4 Qb6 18 Nf5 a5 19 Nxg7! Kxg7 20 Qg5+ Kf8 21 Qxf6 Rg8 22 Qh6+ Rg7

23 e4 Kg8l Black defends coolly against Be3-d4. 24 Be3 Qd8 25 bxa5 Rxa5 Wells. Edmund Player, 12, had a re- | 26 Bd4 Rg6 27 Qd2 Nd7 28 h4 sult of great promise, scoring 5/9 | Nc5 29 h5 Rg5 30 Qf4? A blunwith a 200-plus grade and a draw der in an unclear position. Best seems 30 Qe3, to meet Nb3 by 31 Bb6. Rxg2! 31 Nd1 After missing allow unbroken multiple ties, so | 31 Bxg2 Nd3+, White is scrambling to guard his back row.

Ra1? Simply NdS+ 32 Bxd3 cxd3

33 Bxc5 c3 34 Rh2! Cool delega Black hoped for 34 Bxg2? c2 Rd Abovin 35 Qg3+1 Turning the table is less to 36 Bxd6+ Ke8 37 Bib Fartam Kh8 and Black lost on time (1) Desease wins anyway by 36 Bd4+ 637 Qd



championship 1961, Queenand Control endings are notoriously trick in the continued 1 Rc6 Qg5 2 Qg6, Research Can you suggest the continued to the continued to the continued to the continued to the control of the continued to the continued to the continued to the control of the continued to the control of the control of

No 2394: Black's king cal and the state of t

football results and league tables

Wallord Shelf Utd

ad brand name "to the nation" in

nium for a 21-year contract to oper-

the the facilities. However, critics

have argued that this is simply a

my for an ailing company to be

Tony Banks, the Labour MP for

Why should we hand over large

amounts of lottery money to an or-

gaisation that couldn't run a whelk

stall and then put them in charge of

pace, I can understand the Sports'

his money will effectively be bene-

ing a private company," said one

The influential Football Support

85 Association also has serious

feervations, "If you want to look at

shose bid is in the interests of foot-

supporters, it's Manchester,"

City shareholder.

Concil's uncertainty that giving

Kesham NE, called for a parliamen

my debate on the whole issue.

baled out by lottery funds.

Portsmoulh Port Vale Second Division: Brentlord 0, Shrewabury 2; Bristot Rivis 1, Peterborough 1; Burnley 3, Notits Co 4; Carliele 1, Brighton 0; Chasterfeit 2, Bradford C 1; Hull 1, Wescham 1; Oxford Utd 2, Bristot C 0; Rotherhem 2, Crewe 2;

Third Division: Barnet 1, Doncasier 1; Bury 0, Defington 0; Cambridge Utd 4, Scarborough 1; Chester 4, Torquay 1; scarporougn 1; Jaseter 4, Torquay 1; Colchester 1, Exeter 1; Gillingham 0, Northampton 0; Hereford 0, Manefield 1; Lincoh 1, Hartlepool 1; Plymouth 0, Cardif 0; Prestoh 4, L Orient 0; Scunitorpe 1, Rochdek 3; Wigers 1, Futham 1.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE CHALLENGE CUP Final: Dundee Uid 0, Stenhousemuir 0 (eet; Stenhousemuir won 5-4 on pens)

solid defence and the goalless draw means that Blackburn will not progress further, even though they have two group B matches to play. In group C, Juventus dealt a sericompetition with an accomplished 4-0 victory at Ibrox. The Scottish champions must beat Steaua in their last two games to have any

next round.

at home in the European Cup Windeciding the match. Joe Royle's men

put the Dutch side under pressure Third Division: Albion Riva 3, Rose County 4; Alica 9; Livingston 2; Brechin C 2, Cowdenbeath 0; Caledonian T 5, Arbroath 1; East Stirling 1, Queen's Pk 2. Leading poel-tions: 1, Ukingston (12-20); 2, Rose County (12-22); 3, Cetedonian T (12-21).

Celtic's woe by firing home the third.

setback to exert his authority.

R OSS NORMAN, the New Zealand squash player who caused a sensation in 1986 when he

OHN RODDA, who has been digging out the inside stories on boxing, athletics and sports politics for the past 36 years for the ners's Cup by Feyenoord, one goal | Guardian, is retiring. Known in the trade as JR, he first wrote for the then Manchester Guardian way for large periods of the game but back in the ntists of the winter of could not enatch the away goal that | 1952. Rodda went full-time in 1959 would have put them through. Regi | and, starting with Rome in 1960, Blinker hit the winner in the 40th | covered no fewer than nine Olympic

